

# CRIMINAL AND JUVENILE JUSTICE INFORMATION SYSTEMS COUNCIL BULLETIN

CJJIS COUNCIL MEETING ON JULY 18, 2016

The Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Systems (CJJIS) Council's mission is to provide statewide oversight of justice information systems and data while developing plans and policies to facilitate the coordination of information sharing and interoperability, and ensuring appropriate access and security. Meeting twice a year, the CJJIS Council receives information and updates and makes decisions on technology projects and initiatives that either affect or will affect Florida criminal justice agencies.

On July 18, 2016, the Council met in Kissimmee, Florida to receive updates on topics, such as FirstNet/FloridaNet, CCIS 3.0, the Florida Information Sharing Environment, the FBI CJIS Security Policy, the Computerized Criminal History (CCH) Modernization Project, the National Crime Statistics Exchange (NCS-X), and the Outsourcing of Criminal Justice Systems Components.

The next meeting is schedule for January 18, 2017 in Tallahassee, Florida.





The FBI is sun setting the Uniform Crime Reports program and has mandated that all states must become incident-based or National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) compliant by January 2021. FDLE received a planning grant and partnered with the Georgia Technical Research Institute to develop a survey seeking information from agencies on what each agency needs to submit incident-based data. FDLE expects to deploy the survey in August 2016 and will notify the CJJIS Council, Florida Sheriffs Association, and the Florida Police Chiefs Association prior to its release. FDLE plans to collect and report both incident-based and summary-based data for several years after the implementation of NIBRS.

CJJIS Council members were invited to the inaugural Uniform Crime Reports (UCR) User Group meeting. Attendees received information on the latest changes to the UCR program, and the meeting offered UCR subject matter experts an opportunity to network and exchange ideas as Florida prepares for the future of UCR.

#### FBI CJIS SECURITY POLICY

On June 9, 2016, the FBI released Version 5.5 of the CJIS Security Policy. The two areas with the most significant changes are security awareness training and mobile devices. Other modifications to the CJIS Security Policy include clarifications and language modifications, appendix changes, sample forms, and criminal justice agency supplemental guidance. For more information on Version 5.5 of the CJIS Security Policy, please visit <a href="http://www.flcjn.net/Information-Security/Information-Security/documents/CJIS-Security-Policy-v5-5.aspx">http://www.flcjn.net/Information-Security/documents/CJIS-Security-Policy-v5-5.aspx</a>

### FIRSTNET/FLORIDANET

During the first quarter of 2016, Florida, along with other states in the Southeast, met to discuss lessons learned which included grant management, tribal engagement, technology and outreach, and training needs. The project is progressing with DHSMV awarding a Request for Quote which is in the final stage of approval. Florida is a key state in this nationwide initiative, it is imperative that public safety entities provide FloridaNet with the appropriate information in order to build an infrastructure that is reliable during emergencies and meets each agency's everyday mission.



## FLORIDA INFORMATION SHARING ENVIRONMENT

During a recent Statewide Data Sharing Committee (SDSC) meeting, the committee discussed options for the future of Florida Law Enforcement Exchange Project (FLEX) and the future of statewide data sharing.

The FLEX system uses software that will no longer be supported in 2016. The SDSC voted to sunset FLEX on September 30, 2017 and repurpose funds to map the remaining agencies into the Law Enforcement Information Exchange (LInx). The SDSC recommended reallocating funds to map any remaining agencies into either LInx or the Florida Integrated Network for Data Exchange and Retrieval (FINDER) and eliminate future grant funding to any redundant systems.

66 of 115 Regional Law Enforcement Exchange agencies have signed the Memorandum of Understanding, allowing them access to the FBI's National Data Exchange through Llnx, with only 58 agencies left to remap. By the end of 2017, all Florida law enforcement agencies will participate in FINDER or Llnx.

#### CCH MODERNIZATION PROJECT

Workflows of the new Computerized Criminal History (CCH) system were demonstrated. The two workflows that are of interest to criminal justice agencies include the name change form and the agency corrections form. The new CCH provides agencies the availability to change missing or incorrect information in the system and submit those changes electronically to FDLE.

### DISASTER RECOVERY SITES CAN MEET THE FBI'S CJIS SECURITY POLICY

In 2012, DHSMV's data center was consolidated to the now-Agency for Statewide Technology (AST). Several DHSMV and the Florida Highway Patrol's (FHP) systems were included in the move. The State Law Enforcement Radio System gave rise to consolidated dispatch services, with FHP providing the primary dispatch for most state agencies. DHSMV serves as the lead CJIS agency for AST and conducts background checks for all AST staff and vendors who may access CJIS systems, as well as the authority to approve or deny access based on the background checks.

The DHSMV has successfully outsourced the storage of criminal justice systems components to the Northwood Shared Resource Center and the Southwood Shared Resource center in Tallahassee as well as a geographically separate disaster recovery function with a private vendor, DSM. DSM provides a physically separate location for enhanced disaster recovery capabilities in the event the primary site is unavailable. Since contracting with DSM, FHP has been through successful CJIS audits, with the FDLE and the FBI.