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## MARJORY STONEMAN DOUGLAS HIGH SCHOOL

## PUBLIC SAFETY COMMISSION

## MSD COMMISSION MEETING

VOLUME II

Amended

DATE: Tuesday, September 28, 2021

TIME: 8:31 a.m. - 5:45 p.m.

LOCATION: BB&T Center, Chairman's Club

1 Panther Parkway

Sunrise, FL 33323

## REPORTED BY:

Johnny Caldera, Court Reporter
Notary Public, State of Florida

Laws Reporting, Inc.

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1	Page 2	1	Page 3
2		2	Shevaun Harris, Secretary, Department of Children
3	COMMISSION MEMBERS:	3	and Families
4	Sherriff Bob Gualtieri, Chair	4	John Suess, Pinellas County Sheriff's Office
5	Kevin Lystad, Vice Chair	5	Annie White, FDLE
6	Jim Martin, Esq., General Counsel	6	Heather Pence, FDLE
7	Pat Stewart, Commissioner	7	Tom Foy, FDLE
8	Grady Judd, Commissioner	8	Mike Phillips, FDLE
9	Douglas Dodd, Commissioner	9	Jennifer Miller, FDLE
10	Ryan Petty, Commissioner	10	Devin Lovett, FDLE
11	Marsha Powers, Commissioner	11	PRESENTING SPEAKERS:
12	James Harpring, Commissioner	12	Tim Hay, Director, DOE Office of Safe Schools
13	Chris Nelson, Commissioner	13	Eric Hall, Senior Chacellor, Florida DOE
14	Richard Swearingen, Commissioner	14	Sylvia Ifft, DOE
15	Max Schachter, Commissioner	15	Sally Lawrence, Sarasota County 911 Coordinator
16	Melissa Larkin-Skinner, Commissioner	16	Jeff Kelly - Public Speaker
17	Mike Carroll, Commissioner	17	Keith Touchberry, Chief, Fellsmere Police
18	ALSO PRESENT:	18	Department and Indian River State College
19	Christina Linton, FDLE	19	Chris Cicio, Major, Director of Law Enforcement,
20	Simone Marstiller Secretary, Agency for Health Care	20	St. Lucie County Sheriff's Office Adjunct Faculty,
21	Administration	21	Indian River State College
22	Jacob Oliva, Chancellor, Dept. of Education	22	John Teske, Director of Security for SDIRC,
23	Josefina Tamayo, Acting Secretary, Department of	23	Emergency Operations Center ESF 1 LTC, USAR, MP
24	Juvenille Justice	24	Dr. Kelly Amatucci, Ed. D., Indian River State
25		25	Colege, Dean of the School of Education
1	Page 4 PROCEEDINGS	1	Page 5 experience here in Broward County and that's where
2	(Thereupon, the following was heard at 4:02 p.m.)	2	it's incumbent on each school district to take
3	MS. WHITE: Great question. That's one of the	3	ownership of this, invest in it, make it the best
4	surveys that we plan to do in-house. We recently	4	tool for them. Because we have it. It's it's
5	learned about a school district that wanted to	5	in statute, we got this until something else gets -
6	promote Fortify Florida. So they actually held a	6	- replaces it, make it better for everyone, so
7	pop a poster contest. So they called, they	7	MR. SCHACHTER: You know, all these school
8	wanted to make sure under statue what they had to	8	districts had to give schools, especially during
9	have in the poster and they made it a contest for	9	COVID, you know, a lot of kids, they gave them
10	their kids. So going back to what I said earlier,	10	laptops and computers. Is this installed on every
11	each district is responsible for educating their	11	school computer?
12	students on what the tool is. And when you talk	12	MS. WHITE: That is a requirement of the
13	about advertisement and bookmarking it, I have seen	13	statute.
14	everything from our logo being front and center in	14	MR. SCHACHTER: Okay. Great. Thank you.
15	the poster contest, to some districts that simply	15	SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Thanks, Annie.
16	have writing on a tab that says Fortify Florida.	16	MS. WHITE: Thank you
17	There's no icon, there's no no logo and you	17	MS. MOSCOSO: Good afternoon, everyone.
18	click and it goes to it. You know, I think we're	18	SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Good afternoon. Welcome.
19	all over the board on that. Unfortunately, we	19	Thank you.
20	don't govern that. You know, it's going to be up	20	MS. MOSCOSO: Thank you so much for the
21	to that school district to look at what they need	21	privilege to be here, everybody. My name is Lynn
22	to do to market to their audience. Lynn is going	22	Moscoso, Protective Research Analyst. I also have
23	to talk about some things they've done here,	23	the privilege of managing the BJA Stop the Violence
24	including languages. You know, in North Florida,	24	grant. The district is very fortunate to have
25	we may not have the language barriers that you	25	various of these Department of Justice Bureau of
1		1	

Justice Assistance grants. And ours revolves around threat assessment with the focus being on a couple of things, specifically tip management right now, improving communication internally and externally with our LEO partners, internally with our special investigative unit, and also some future SRO training that we are working on. And this is me I believe. All righty.

And I just have to give credit to the Bureau of Justice Assistance because they're going to make all the things that I want to talk about today possible for our children, staff, and families here in Broward County. Again, thank you for this great privilege to be here. A title that's not there and is very important as well is that I'm a mom, and I'm a mom of a sixteen-year-old that's also a student here in the district.

First of all, so that you can have some context of how it is that we manage these Fortify Florida tips and what we're doing to make it better for our community is that I'm part of a team known as the District Security Operation Center. The District Security Operations Center is the only 24/7/365 unit or division in the entire district and it's comprised of specialists, protective research

analysts, and a manager, all reporting to our director, Michael Medina. And the specialists are there year-round during hurricanes, whatever it is, 24 hours a day like I said. And they are handling things like intrusion alarms, fire alarms, providing support if there is an incident, and helping us attend to any kind of tips that come in.

When it comes to tip management, they handle what is the intake process. The protective research analysts, which I'm one of, we accept that tip into a new tip tracking and accountability system and that it's inputted in and a number assigned to it, and we started looking into it. We add additional research, social media research into that, and we make sure that we prepare everything into a package. We call it a PRA report. That report goes out to our investigators, we share it with LEO partners and so that they can make better decisions during an investigation. And again, this is a preventive mechanism, so you have school hardening and all of that but what we're talking about is a preventive tool, it's a tip reporting method.

So in regard to Fortify Florida, and some of the things that we have done with that in collaboration

Page 8

with Ms. Annie who has been so open-minded in leading the team supporting us, is that we had all these meetings and we just started sharing. It was an open, comfortable, safe space and we said, what do we need to do, you know, we have this tool on Facebook. We need to start reaching the little ones and the community at large, the parents as well. So we started working on simplification of the system. We made recommendations and the Statewide Intelligence Office listen -- listened to us and they worked with the -- the company for Fortify Florida, simplifying processes, wording, really reducing the steps that it takes to submit a tip in Fortify Florida.

We improved the Spanish web portal version, understanding that in our community here in Broward County, we have a significant Spanish-speaking population. We have other languages too, and that is hopefully something that we can continue working on in the future. We updated the school site names like Ms. White has discussed and what I truly appreciate is the effort that your team took in working on the narrative requirement. If -- if you -- if we can just take a moment to reflect and understand that now with the old narrative

Page 9 requirement in Fortify Florida. what that means is that LEO's, before closing out a tip in Fortify Florida will now have to enter an explanation of what happened.

So we're talking about post-incident data that we're going to start looking at in the next year or so. This is going to help our leadership make better decisions when it comes to security. And I'm personally really excited about that knowing that that is something that I work on which is data, we know that data is what helps us with our decision-making. Really quickly there is something going on right here. I apologize. Okay. Sorry about that.

This is going to take us into that campaign, but before I go into that because you do need some context. The Fortify Florida as you know, comes in two versions like Ms. White shared, and that is the app version and the web portal version. Like her research is showing, we're finding that that the utilization is really happening with the web portal version when it comes to our community. Same reasons, the children don't want to have necessarily the app on their phone. They feel like we're watching them, is it really anonymous? They

Page 10 don't want to look like snitches. That's -- that's

The staff, unless they're forced to do it, they're really not going to be downloading the app. So the web portal continues to be the primary portal that is reaching us. So I just thought that that was important to mention because I think that we need to continue collaborating on additional research and that's going to go into what I will be discussing, which is the campaigning and the education which is -- which is necessary. And I think it answers some of the concerns that are being shared here when it comes to how are the schools. Doing this and how is up to every district to really communicate this out to the public. And so what we recognize in our tip process, understanding that, again, intake comes into us. Law enforcement, we're not slowing down law enforcement. The tips are coming in, law enforcement are taking action.

the feedback we're getting.

We're doing our thing at the district level at our DISOP, or the District Security Operation Center. We're preparing these reports, we're disseminating reports so that action can be taken and also so that we can disqualify information that Page 11 might be confusing or not accurate against speeding up the process to getting to the person of concern and providing services of whatever -- of whatnot support and support, of course, to LEO.

We are also, by the way now, at these District Security Operation Center, we are helping the BSO real-time crime center through a collaboration of the grant and MOU that we have by helping them clean up their dashboard. We're closing out tips that are administrative in level and category. Means they're not necessarily security high-level threats. But if those complaints that Ms. White shared, it's a concern about an employee that be -that might be intoxicated, that they're allegations of that nature. We're cleaning that up or disseminating those reports, but we're also closing out the dashboard to provide support to our partners of -- in this case the BSO real-time crime center and the various LEO partners that are responding to these tips.

But once we're out of that picture we closed out, we're focusing on campaign. Campaigning is really -- right now, we're -- we're -- right now at the cusp of it and we did not prepare this presentation. I mean I -- we recently learned we

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were going to be presenting so I just wanted to really express to you that we've been working on this for the past year-and-a-half already, and it was our intention to put up a campaign to Education recognizing that we have to show our users how to utilize these tools so that we're not getting 50, 60 percent of non-actionable tips or -- or non-security tips that these tools are meant to be used.

Fortify Florida can be used with various other tools that we do have in phase. They're supposed to be used for security tips, but the education piece is important. So we collaborated with internal resources. There's lots of resources out there. Like I mentioned, BSO Real-Time Crime Centers, Statewide Intelligence Office, Bilingual ESL department at the district department -- at the district, and we collaborated on this very fun, I think I'm very proud of this poster that came out with QR codes so that our students can access them confidentially. They just have to walk by that poster in the school if they wish.

We also posted them in foreign languages in our website. This has all happened, by the way, in the past two weeks or so because that's at the cusp

that we were at. And we're going to go out and promote this poster and the messaging, You are not snitching, you're helping. Be a Broward buddy. Report a tip. Let us know. You can remain anonymous. All of this is going to go out to the town halls. We have to infiltrate the book fairs, the open houses. We have to collaborate with our LEO partners and if they're having a community event, like the BSO is always having community events for their various communities, we need to appear there. We have to have a table there. We act -- we need to speak to our parents in their languages.

And we have to continue and continue developing and improving and never stopping the work with the Fortify tip methods, but also our campaigning and our messaging because things change and security is ever-evolving and we're competing -- I think that we never catch up to social media with its TikTok challenges and other nuances that are just getting ahead of us. And we -- we can do a better job getting ahead of them, I think by engagement with our community. And so I'm personally very excited about that and I can say that beyond the posters -- it's beyond the next slide which is our website --

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we have re-branded our messaging. We have included the additional tip methods that we have available for our community here.

And again, working on language, the language you are not snitching, you're helping. And -- and again, having -- putting it out there in multiple languages this particular assignment is short, but just like I said, I think it was 48 hours ago, we uploaded the various languages that have that translated in Haitian-Creole, Spanish, and Portuguese into our website. So if teachers want to download additional posters while they wait for their large posters that are going to be sent to all the schools they can do that, and -- and they can con -- they can continue to have their own community engagement. The Principals can present these things at the open houses when we're not available and just continue to send the messaging that we are here. We're here to provide them support.

But all of these recommendations that we've been working on with Ms. White, it's important to know it wasn't just my opinion under the grant, it was collaboration that -- and information that we obtained for the secret service presentation, but

Page 15 sometimes with critical comments after this particular commission meeting. And it was okay because we take that criticism, we take that advice, we take those suggestions and we said how we do -- how do we fix it. What can we do to make this better?

So again, looking at the CSTAG report that some of you other speakers have mentioned, the internal combined experience of so many security professionals that are old and new in our division, in speaking to the LEO partners that work in -excuse me -- to our district partners that work in mental health, psychological services, school climate and really getting that feedback so that we can develop a campaign in the messaging networks in support of the Fortify Florida tool being used because at the end of the day that is the -- those are the tips that we're getting. We're getting them to the Fortify Florida web portal. And it's up to us to just make it as easy to use for our community and that for us to be able to set it up in a way that we can manage them, that we can respond to them.

So just a quick show of data and I want to apologize and explain why there's just some high-

Page 17

Page 16

level numbers here on the left side. This is data that even though I cannot tell you a big story about, I thought it was responsible and that I needed to show that we do have a count for previous years in Fortify Florida tips. We have 419 tips that were received between January and June 30th of 2020. I can't tell you a lot -- a big story about it because that is when we were starting up this particular new unit. We were putting all this data in. Some systems automate it, some manually. So it's some work that we're still looking at.

We think it's res -- it's an important thing for us to go back and still evaluate the data of that time and so on. However, ever since implementing our new system under our new director starting in June 23 with the start of summer school, I can take you a quick rundown here that we have 97 Fortify Florida tips that we received, 81 of which were anonymous. We combine them to what would be, sort of -- similar to the categories that Ms. White demonstrated, the weapons, the violence, and lifethreatening tips were 26. Out of those 26, 9 of them were actionable. Three of those actionable tips resulted in arrests. Those are completed investigations. There still might be ongoing

activity taking place.

What's really interesting, also matching the statewide level that, at this time we have 56 administrators for other actionable tips. We are not ignoring tips, if someone is making an allegation of something that could put safety on -on -- on the top of our list, something that's concerning, we're going to take action. Of course, you can imagine that that includes things like bullying allegations. It includes a complaint or a concern about teacher behavior. We're treating everything so seriously, and we take it through that tip process, our brand-new tip management

It comes in through intake, gets to the protective research analysts, we get all the facts together, we clean it, we organize it, and we disseminate it, just like in a re -- regular intelligence cycle. And that report goes out to all of the stakeholders. So now you have the accountability. And we do have increased reporting dashboards that we can share, it's just not specific for an open forum, but that is something that I'm certainly sure my leadership would be happy to provide to this commission as requested.

updates.

Page 19

Page 18
We have an intelligible tip system. Again, those would be the keystrokes with one-offs, and I want you to know that my analysts are so hungry for information that we even investigate those keystrokes.

The kids speak in code. Idk, we know that means I don't know. We look at everything to make sure before we qualify them as an unintelligible. And then we have not actionable tips which means that those 15 that came in, we understood what it said

but it was just something that was totally not

related. I -- we had one that said, I like this

app so I just wanted to give it a try, for example.

So that would be a not actionable tip.

That's really a -- a quick synopsis of report of the all the work that we have been doing as a team.

There's a quick thank you, though I'm not going to pull down the list, but I think what's important of the thank you list that I provided here, obviously

Ms. White is one of my favorites right now because we -- she's really listening to us and we're getting a lot of support from Broward County from the Statewide Intelligence Office and -- and I have to say, the app developers in being flexible to the

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presentation. Does anybody have any questions for Lynn? Go ahead, Mr. Petty.

MR. PETTY: So I just want to say thank you for the attention to school safety and the energy you're bringing to this issue. Like, it's refreshing quite -- quite frankly.

MS.MOSCOSO: Thank you, sir.

needs of our community.

MR. PETTY: I -- I know that the thrust of your -- your presentation was around Fortify Florida, and -- and what you are doing with the tips in the -- in the District Security Operations Center. I'm wondering about compliance with the recently passed 590 and notification of parents.

MS.MOSCOSO: Uh-huh.

MR. PETTY: Is that the responsibility of the District Security Operations Center, will you be notifying parents of incidents that go beyond sort of just the threat that become actionable or if there was some incident on campus?

MS.MOSCOSO: You know, I'm definitely as a staff person in the nerdy data group. I -- I'm probably not going to have the most recent grand scale information, but we're a very courageous group and I -- and I want to recognize my leadership. The leadership that I have right now is just very

But I did want to show you here too is that we reached out to -- perhaps it's not -- it shouldn't be so innovative but we reached out to resources that were there and we had conversations and sometimes it got a little heated, but it was all for the same goal and mission: We're here to protect the children, the staff, and families of our community and we have the resources. We just have to get together, we have to get out the unified messaging. We have to have a unified messaging agreement and we have to agree to disagree, but put all of this in -- in -- in --

And I think that now we're in a big position to do that and I'm very excited to have been here, again, and to give you a little preview of what we're doing together, Broward County and Statewide Intelligence Office, and utilizing the Fortify Florida tip meth -- tip method as one of our various tip methods. Happy to take any questions. Thank you so much.

information that's transparent, and then we can

start providing you with some -- some more periodic

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Thank you, and thank you for being here and for your important

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courageous and open to staffers like myself to provide projections like that. And I have actually someone right now taking notes, helping me so we can come back and if anything, come back with more solid responses. But I can tell you that we've already agreed to -- internally, with my leadership -- to put out things like newsletters that are going to talk about those things, hopefully with the support of this commission in our higher-level district leadership to talk about things like sextortion that is occurring, right?

We have victims of -- that are falling through that. Unfortunately, suicides have occurred because of that and I think that that's one way that we can begin that conversation with the parents along with the town halls, the engagement in their languages, right, have one of those bold conversations. But in regards to this particular law or change, I -- I can tell you from -- I'm very honest that I am not very familiar with what that would be. But at this time the communications that ought to go to parents right now officially still come out to our PIO's office.

And then, of course, we have a communication specialist in-house. We're very fortunate. She's

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Page 23
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        here as well. And she collaborates with the PIO
                                                                         appreciate your being here. Thank you.
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         office when it comes to security information with
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                                                                            MR. PETTY: Sure.
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         our chief, of course, Dr. Nista (phonetic).
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                                                                             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Go ahead.
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                                                                             MR. SCHACHTER: Broward County uses SaferWatch
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            MR. PETTY: Okay. Now, that's -- that's a
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         helpful -- like that's -- that's helpful and maybe
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                                                                         and Fortify Florida?
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         a question I'll ask the superintendent when she
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                                                                             MS.MOSCOSO: It's one of the tools that we have
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                                                                         advertised in our website. Yes, sir.
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         comes out it's -- the part of the requirement is --
         is a timely notification, and since you're
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                                                                             MR. SCHACHTER: Do you think that's confusing
 9
         receiving those messages --
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                                                                         for students to have multiple of these platforms
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            MS.MOSCOSO: I see.
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                                                                         when they're trying to report something?
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            MR. PETTY: -- and initiating some action, I
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                                                                             MS.MOSCOSO: I will give you from my data app.
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         guess, on part of the --
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                                                                         I believe it does -- it does. Because it would be
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            MS.MOSCOSO: Yeah.
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                                                                         to me, such as advertising a -- our main 321-3500
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            MR. PETTY: -- administration, it's important to
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                                                                         number that we advertise for our 24/7 operation
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         get that information to the parents quickly. If
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                                                                         center. For me to go out and campaign and say,
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         there's some requirement in stats --.
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                                                                         call 3500 and then call 0911 and then call 1111. \,\mathrm{I}
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            MS.MOSCOSO: Yes. And I've heard some of it
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                                                                         -- I don't think that this is necessarily something
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         today now, so that's definitely on my list of
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                                                                         to disqualify any other tools that we might be
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                                                               19
         exploration. Is that going to be the sec -- the
                                                                         fortunate to have, when there's some districts all
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         Security Operation Center's responsibility, so
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                                                                         over the State that unfortunately don't have
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         that's probably going to come back to you in a
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                                                                         funding for that, right?
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         response from my leadership.
                                                                22
                                                                             But I think that when it comes to messaging --
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            MR. PETTY: Thank you.
                                                                23
                                                                         if we focus on messaging, that's something that we
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             MS.MOSCOSO: Of course, sir.
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                                                                         can continue, which is what we are doing right now
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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Thank you I
                                                                         with my team, continue to focus on messaging
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         clarity. Again, especially with our multilingual
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                                                                         superintendent's coming in at 2:00. If we start
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                                                                         right at 1:40, do 30 minutes on SESIR, we can push
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         community, with our younger groups, right? And if
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         we have five or six tools, I think that's great.
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                                                                         that to 2:10.
         That's what Secret Service recommends, having
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                                                                             We need to be respectful of her time. She's
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         multiple diverse tools. But to have conflicting
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                                                                         blocked a certain time out of her schedule to be
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         tools, perhaps, I just don't think that's a good
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                                                                         here with us. And I know that's going to be a
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         communication strategy.
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                                                                         detailed presentation and obviously some robust
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            MR. SCHACHTER: Thank you very much.
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                                                                         discussion so we need to keep this on track. So
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            MS.MOSCOSO: Yes, sir.
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                                                                         does anybody have any concern with doing that? All
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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Thank you.
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                                                                         right. So we'll start again at 1:40.
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                                                                             (Thereupon, the Court went to recess at 1:10
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         Appreciate it.
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            MS.MOSCOSO: Thank you so much.
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                                                                         p.m.; after which, the following proceedings were
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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. So we're
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                                                                         heard at 1:44 p.m.)
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         obviously way behind schedule, it's 1:10 now.
                                                                             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. We're going to
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         Absent any objection from anybody, I think this is
                                                                         begin this -- here for the next 30 minutes and get
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         what we should do, is to 1:10 and come back at
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                                                                         an update on SESIR reporting from Tim Hay. Tim,
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17
         1:40. Forego, perhaps indefinitely postpone the
                                                                         turn it over to you.
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         presentation. It's just an update. You have it in
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                                                                            MR. HAY: Hey, Sheriff.
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         your books on the FSSAT. We'll do the SESIR
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                                                                             So a little bit about SESIR. SESIR collects
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         presentation at 1:40. We need to stick firm on
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                                                                         data on 26 incidents of crime, violence, and
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                                                                         disruptive behavior. This collection is limited to
         that, 30 minutes. I know it's an important topic,
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         some of you have a great interest in it, but it's
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                                                                         incidents that occur on school grounds, on school
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         an update. If we don't get to the FSSAT
                                                                         transportation, and at off-campus school-sponsored
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         presentation later, then we can do it in the next
                                                                         events. It also includes any 24-hour period, 365
25
         meeting. It is an update because the
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                                                                         days per year.
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So new for 2021, 2022 was updated SESIR rule; US Department of Education Office for Civil Rights changes were allegations of sexual assault or sexual battery against school personnel, outcome of allegations, incident basis on religion, and monthly SESIR reporting to the Department of Education, and also changes to successor definitions.

The rule was originally drafted and approved by the State Board of Education in 2020. This latest update to the rule reflects the revised definitions and new federal reporting requirements from the US Department of Education civil rights data collection. We have been collecting data — data on incidents of sexual assault and sexual battery for several years, but this new requirement includes allegations of these offenses followed by resignation, retirement, or duty reassignment prior to the final discipline, as well as whether or not the individual was determined to be responsible or not responsible or whether the — the determination is still pending.

For the purpose of this reporting, school personnel include school employees, volunteers, and contractors. In order for schools to capture

offenses committed by staff, the department has added the school personnel option and -- and prioryear staff offenses were reported under non-student. Out-of-district students was also added this year to facilitate reporting for incidents where a student from another district might get arrested for -- for an example, for bringing a weapon to a school athletic event. Schools are required to report any applicable -- applicable basis for bullying, harassment, sexual harassment, or threat intimidation incidents. The bases are sex, race, disability, sexual orientation, and religion.

Monthly SESIR reporting to the Department of Education. We're excited about this new change. This change will improve the quality of SESIR data reporting throughout the year. Will provide timely data for the -- for use by Florida Schools' Safety Portal. Data will be used for analytic purposes. In addition to monthly reporting, the regular data collection will still continue. These are the 26 SESIR incident categories. Those in red have definitions that were updated by the most recent SESIR rule. This slide outlines the recent SESIR definition changes in rule, including section

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790.001, and weapons possession definition clarifies what is considered a weapon. The statute also defines a firearm as any weapon, which will expel a projectile by the action of an explosive. The firearm definition does not include BB guns.

SESIR technical assistant and training, online guidance and frequently asked questions, annual data reviews, technical assistance upon request, and onsite and virtual training by the Office of Safe School staff, district-led training with Office of Safe School support, and online training at sesir.org. We're currently working on improvements to our online SESIR training, and we hope to — to upgrade the functionality and content of the site over the next year.

And -- and really, as we move forward with, you know, SESIR and the school incidents as we receive, you know, we really want to partner with our districts and make sure that they understand this process and they understand what it means to report these incidents. And so as we're engaged with our -- our districts, we're constantly trying to improve those processes. And really at the end of the day, we want them to find value in this -- in this work. We want them to be able to use this as

Page 29 a tool to recognize incidents that are occurring in their districts, at their schools, and be able to take action to -- to mitigate any of those issues.

And so the monthly reporting, we think, is going to be a really positive change to this. So we can be really proactive and intentional as we're working with the districts in seeing real data that we can then respond to and support those districts as they work through any issues that they may have. And -- and with that, I'd be happy to answer any questions --

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Can we -- we go back on your slide to the reportable offenses. Yeah, there. So -- so what we know is -- is that we identified in prior meetings two years ago some significant flaws in SESIR reporting. Unquestionably, undeniably, there were flaws. And I think what we concluded was that the flaws were caused by a multitude of issues. Some of it was apathy, some of it was confusion over definitions, some of it was a lack of training, not on the part of DOE, but by -- in the school -- by the schools and the districts in receiving the training. And maybe that was contributed to by apathy as well.

Nonetheless, this is a -- we saw one very large

Page district as an example, in the entire district that had zero reported batteries. And then we had this one elementary school in a relatively small county that had a high number. So the data was all over the place, and it -- it was not being reported. We had a big panel discussion. The superintendents were here. The superintendents agreed to get with our colleagues, work with the department, and make improvements to SESIR reporting. You mentioned in your slides that the State Board updated the rule and made some changes. But some of the things, that's why I asked you to put it up here, is that some of the things that some of us may think are reportable are not reportable under SESIR. 

So as an example for theft is -- is that it's only grand theft. So that means \$750 or more. Vandalism is an example of some of those were \$1,000 or more. So battery is really what most people consider aggravated battery. Simple battery is in a different category. So there is still reported nuances under this. And at its core, though we will not know until next year whether there has been improvements. And the reason for that is, is that there has been upgraded training, there's been a change in the rule. And

Page 31 importantly, data is skewed right now because of what was going on last year in the districts with

So until you can take the '21 data and look at this next year and compare it to the -- probably '18, '19 data, you won't know whether there's been an improvement. And so right now, there's monthly reporting. We'll look at this data next year, and we'll look at 2021 data and look at the first part of '22 and then compare it to '18 and '19 and want to see whether there's an improvement. But it's impossible for anybody right now to know. It's impossible to know whether there has been an improvement in SESIR reporting because, one, the monthly reporting just started, and you have to have time for it to develop and for it to abate to know whether there's been an improvement.

So there was a lot of concerns that people have about SESIR, about the reporting, about the accuracy. Some of what maybe we think should be reportable is not, so you have to keep that in mind. And the other thing is this -- is remember that there's only 26 reportable incidents. Districts do discipline, whether it's out-of-school suspension, in-school suspension discipline.

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Districts discipline, even without a school suspension for incidents that are not SESIR reportable. So you can't tie discipline and what's going on at the school to whether it's appropriate or whether it was properly reported or not under SESIR.

So these are the things that we just got to keep in mind when we talk about it. But those -- that's the list, and that's what's reportable, is what's on that list. And -- and again, some of these things -- so you can have a kid larceny-theft, you have a kid that steals something that is worth \$500. That's not SESIR reportable because it's \$750 or more. So those are the thresholds that are in there. Any -- what questions, comments does anybody have for Director Hay?

Mr. Petty, go ahead.

MR. PETTY: Just -- just a brief comment. I mean I was part of changing the rule on this at the State Board and I -- I didn't want to gloss over one of the things Director Hay said that I think is -- is important. One of the reasons we changed it to monthly is because we want this to be valuable to the superintendents, to the school boards, and to the principles where this information is being

reported from. And so I want to make sure everybody understands now it is a monthly reporting process. And I was, you know, like, there was a comment back from on one of the principals in a media report that I think you sent around, Sheriff, for the previous year.

It was just that -- that the information wasn't useful to them, and that's why we made the change. That's why we were asking the districts to report on a monthly basis, and we hope -- it was our hope that school Boards would look at this information on a more regular basis rather than getting to the end of the school year, seeing the report and saying, Well, that's water under the bridge. There are opportunities within a year now to make -- to understand where there are issues and where -where issues need to be addressed with you know, down to the school level. So my -- my hope is -is, Director Hay, I hope that districts will look at this information, not just as a compulsory reporting exercise but actually useful information that will help them make decisions.

MR. HAY: Absolutely. If I may.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Sure. Please do.

MR. HAY: And we'll be looking at it too,

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Page monthly as well. And -- and we have a position 2 that just started a few weeks back that they're 3 going to be in -- in the data and looking for areas 4 that are either low or high so that they can be 5 engaged with that school district to see if there's 6 additional training or if there's any confusion on 7 what they're supposed to be reporting. And so 8 hopefully they are paying attention, they're 9 recognizing those areas of -- of improvement or 10 additional training. And if we come and ask 11 additional questions, they can somewhat explain, 12 Hey, this is -- this is that issue, the principal 13 didn't have the training yet that's why you see 14 some of the high numbers or low numbers, and then 15 we can really get to the bottom of what the issue 16 may be.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: How would you describe the training? Is it more robust than it was, say, two or three years ago? Are the districts getting more training, did they ask for more training? Can you touch on that?

MR. HAY: Yeah. No. The districts are definitely more regularly trained and asking for additional training. Our team goes down and will physically come down and train -- you know,

Page 35 personnel within the district. We also do a number of webinars and -- and other training when requested. So we're very responsive in that aspect of it. I think as we improve some of the online portions of it, you know, we'll benefit for -- we'll benefit from enhancing a little bit of more of the -- the web-based on-demand style of training.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Mr. Schachter, go ahead. MR. SCHACHTER: Thank you for coming here, Director Tim -- Director Hay, it's good to see you. In -- in Julie's presentation in 2019, she made some comments where she said that in some school districts, they make it mandatory for all the -the staff to take mandatory SESIR training and in some districts, hardly anyone knows the training. She didn't have the numbers when she was here back several years ago. I was curious if you would share with us, you know, those kind of statistics, what districts -- because I think training is a major component in SESIR and how accuracy it -accurate it is and how much districts are doing a -- a good job or not doing a good -- good job. Training is really important. We've got probably 100,000 administrators across the state that need

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to get SESIR trained. Can you give us some kind of insight into, you know, that?

MR. HAY: I can't speak to the numbers and the statistics. I can work on that. But Julie tried to provide a little bit of that feedback to you on who requires it and makes it mandatory and who doesn't. I can tell you from my engagement with her, that the districts are, you know, engaged in the -- that process, they were more so in what they were prior. So, like, I think they're definitely paying attention to their data that they're submitting and there's a renewed interest in the quality of what's being submitted and I mean we have a -- a team that's dedicated to all the reports that we receive, that the information in -in it is accurate and reliable and that's the standard that we have and -- and we are going to hold those accountable to that standard.

MR. SCHACHTER: All right. I think it's important if we get school districts that are not taking SESIR training, it would certainly not surprise me if their data is not that accurate. I just wanted to go over just -- I -- I put together three slides that I think you've seen before -- if we can put those up on the screen -- but what it

Page 37 talks about is -- it talks about that we have in the State of Florida, 18 percent of all the schools in the State of Florida are not reporting to SESIR. We've got approximately 600 schools that did not report to SESIR in the 2019-2020.

In nine school districts, 50 percent or less of their elementary schools did not report to SESIR. In Manatee County, 44 percent of their elementary schools did not report to SESIR. That's 20 schools. In Lee County, 53 percent of their elementary schools did not report to SESIR. That's 24 schools. And here are some of our larger counties, Miami-Dade County, 61 percent of their elementary schools did not report to SESIR. That's 77 schools. Here are the slides coming up right now.

Okay. And then, in Broward County, 69 percent of the elementary schools did not report to SESIR. That's 52 schools. And then in the high schools in Miami-Dade County, 80 percent of the high schools reported to SESIR. And in Broward County, 86 percent of the high schools reported to SESIR. But if you're a high school, middle school, or elementary school it is State law that you report to SESIR; is that correct?

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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: So hang on a second. Mr.
                                                                         hopefully what is a new light, with revisions to
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         Schachter, out of that please provide the context
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                                                                         the rule, more attention, monthly reporting, better
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         with the time frame of those statistics.
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                                                                         training, better evidences, and better
            MR. SCHACHTER: This is the 2019-2020 school
                                                                         accountability. It's that if we see the same
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        vear.
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                                                                         things that you're talking about in 2022 and -- and
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             MR. HAY: Okay. Just before the change took
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                                                                         again, you go back to as well, you go back to the
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         effect with the State rule, and -- and before the
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                                                                         zeros you're talking about, especially in
         increased training, et cetera. This is -- so this
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                                                                         elementary schools, it is not impossible that you'd
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         is '19, '20?
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                                                                         have a whole -- whole bunch of elementary schools
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            MR. SCHACHTER: Yeah, so it's always been
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                                                                         with those 26 categories that have zeros.
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        mandatory that schools report to SESIR; am I
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                                                                             MR. SCHACHTER: I understand --
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         correct or not?
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                                                                             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: And -- and you can have
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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Right -- right, but -- but -
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                                                                         discipline at the schools. You can have in-school
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         - but we -- we know, and this is a given -- okay,
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                                                                         suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, and
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         that they were messed up. We know that. We've
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                                                                         discipline. One, they don't fit one of those
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         established that. We've established that there was
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                                                                         categories or even -- and -- and for those things
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         apathy, there was a lack of training, there was
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                                                                         and they're not reportable to SESIR. So you've got
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         confusion over definitions. It was a total mess as
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                                                                         to keep -- we just got to keep that in mind. So
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         far as SESIR reporting was concerned by a number of
                                                                         your point -- your point I -- I get, is that
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         areas. And so you're correct and you can ask --
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                                                                         they've been messed up. But we've got to keep in
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         and Director Hay can respond to that. But that
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                                                                         context that we've established that.
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         goes what I said a second ago: We will not know
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                                                                             MR. SCHACHTER: Sheriff, it's -- it's been --
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         whether there's been an improvement from all of
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                                                                         we've been talking about SESIR for three years now.
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         that mess that you're talking about, if you are
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                                                                         These schools know that they have to report SESIR.
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         correct, until we see the data in early '22 under
                                                                         This is not a surprise.
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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Right.
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                                                                         guys have a plan that actually, when this data
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            MR. SCHACHTER: So we've given them years, you
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                                                                         starts coming in, to look at it and be looking for
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         know, to report. There are schools that report
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                                                                         those data anomalies?
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         zero SESIR. That is not what I'm referencing. I'm
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                                                                             MR. HAY: We do.
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         -- I'm -- there's 600 schools in the State of
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                                                                            MR. CARROLL: Can you walk through that process?
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         Florida, they did not even report to SESIR. We
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                                                                             MR. HAY: Well, we have a dashboard that we're
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                                                                         in development right now that will really be able
         have plenty of schools that report zeros. I'm just
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         trying to emphasize that every school in the state
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                                                                         to -- to help the region teams that are plugged
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        has to report to SESIR.
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                                                                         into the districts to be able to evaluate the
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            SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Commissioner Carroll. Go
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                                                                         schools and see the numbers that are there. And so
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         ahead.
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                                                                         really that's going to engage our process as we're
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            MR. CARROLL: And I know that you are not going
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                                                                         doing site visits, so that we can then identify
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                                                                         schools that either have high numbers or low
         to have the --
                                                                         numbers. And then go in and do a deeper dive and
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            SHERIFF GUALTIERI: We can't hear you. I'm
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                                                                         have further conversations with those schools to --
         sorry.
            MR. CARROLL: I know from what Sheriff Gualtieri
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                                                                         to recognize why are we seeing the numbers that
         said that -- that the analysis around the
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                                                                         we're seeing. And so we are excited about that
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         qualitative piece associated with this data is not
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                                                                         additional tool. And I mean, with almost 4,000
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         available, but do you guys have a plan? I -- I
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                                                                         schools and we have seven regional team members to
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         know when we first looked at this data two years
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                                                                         try to accomplish that, that's a lift. So we're
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         ago, it did jump off the page, the data anomalies.
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                                                                         trying to be as strategic as we can. And this is
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         So you didn't have to do much digging. You knew
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                                                                         one of those areas that we'll -- we've identified
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         almost immediately that you weren't going to be
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                                                                         that we'll engage that process as we do our school
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         able to use this data and do any type of heavy
                                                                         visits.
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lifting from a data analytics standpoint. Do you

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Does anybody else have any

Page other questions or comments on SESIR for Director Hay? Okay. All right. Thank you. We're good. So next, we will hear from Superintendent Cartwright. I believe she's here. Good afternoon, and welcome.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: Good afternoon, everybody.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Good afternoon.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: First and foremost, I would like to thank the Commission Chair Gualtieri for your introduction and to you as well as to all of the Commission members thank you for the invitation to present before you today. I want to acknowledge two Commission members, especially, Mr. Petty and Mr. Schachter, for your contributions after the tragic loss of your family members and the other family members who are watching or present here today. I am deeply sorry for your loss. And thank you for your efforts to make our school safer for all students, not only in Broward but in Florida and across the entire United States.

There's much work that has been undertaken and accomplished in Broward County Public Schools since August of 2019, the last time that Broward County Public Schools leadership presented this Commission. I'm here today to provide information

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on the progress the district has made on previously presented topics, update the Commission on matters related to it's broad purview which have risen in the past two years. And to describe ongoing areas of work which will be brought to completion soon. I will also identify efforts which require constant review, for some work requires perpetual cycles of implementation, analysis, and improvement.

Slide 2. There are two significant updates in relation to the district administration. The roles of Superintendent and General Counsel are in our own positions. I began as Interim Superintendent on August the 2nd, of this year. Less than two months ago. Though I am interim, during my service, I have full authority to lead the school district. I am not a placeholder or, simply put, a seat to be held as a seat warmer. I work closely with the school board, staff, and community to ensure that ongoing work maintains momentum, urgency is demonstrated in responding to challenges, individuals are held accountable for their actions and non-actions, and most importantly, that students and staff are supported in a safe learning and working environment. I have already and will continue to take

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necessary steps to ensure the recommendations of this commission and other bodies, including the Broward League of Cities and the National Police Foundation are informing our budgetary and operational decisions. My experience coming into this role includes three years as a superintendent in Wisconsin which followed 17 years in the Orange County Public Schools here in Florida. During my service in Orange County Public Schools experience in two roles served me well and ensuring that Broward County Public Schools continues the work of improvement, highlighted by this commission and others in examining how to best operate schools safely.

My service as the Associate Superintendent for Exceptional Student Education and the Senior Director for Accountability Research and Assessment in Orange County Public Schools has prepared me professionally to review and address the policies, procedures, and implementation of the services that students receive. While in Orange County Public Schools I served as the Teaching and Learning Representative on the brand new District Incident Management Team, which predated the MSE Commission. I've worked closely with personnel on the creation

Page 45 of many of their comprehensive emergency management plans.

In Broward County Public Schools, we must ensure that service providers coordinate with each other in order to have a continuity of information. People must be trained and once they're trained, be held accountable for their role. These have been characteristics of my leadership. I'm very fortunate and very blessed to have a very deep understanding of law enforcement. I am married to a law enforcement officer here in Florida. My own son is currently in the police academy, so I have a deep appreciation and understanding in relation to this area. In addition to that, I've also served as the Sheriff's Appointee for the Orange County Citizens Review Board. So I have a long-standing history related to this.

Going back all the way to when I was working on my doctorate, way back in the 1990s -- I don't want to age myself too much right now -- I had the wonderful opportunity to work under one of the nation's best leading researchers in the area of school safety, Dr. Johnny Purvis, who is now retired, but also worked closely with the FBI. My training with him at the time, even my own

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Page 46 dissertation, was on school safety related to gang

So my role, I guess is what I'm trying to say, is that this is an area that I feel very comfortable on having conversations and holding people accountable to what is the most recent research. What is the direction that we have been provided? What do our colleagues and our partners advise us, as to what those steps -- steps are? Creating a strategic process in which to implement those changes, to act with a sense of urgency, and to hold people accountable. To ensure that we are monitoring appropriately, adjusting where needed, and making sure that people understand that this is not work that you just have a pass-off. It must be one of our core priorities. Because we must be able to set up that safe learning and working environment for all that are in the Broward County Public Schools.

While I've only been in the -- this position for the preceding 57 days, I have found the need to direct staff to complete unfinished work. I have ensured that projects, specifically the district's reunification plan and the district's enhanced prices communication plan, were brought to our law enforcement and county government partners, and then approved by our school boards. That, you just heard recently from our Sheriff, that is the second week of August. Mind you, I just started August 2nd. These projects were lingering and unfinished as of August, 2021. We now have documents that have been finished and in its original form. We also recognize that the documents will need to be revised as we learn additional information and research does adjust. We have to be flexible and responsible.

I will be bringing that same urgency to the other matters that this commission has raised in previous reports. The issues of diversion problem definition, the standardization of naming conventions for cameras, the quality of behavioral threat assessments are examples of topics I will be addressing this afternoon.

Slide 3. Let me begin by closing some matters that arose out of the August 2019 meeting, regarding the district ensuring that every district and charter school has sustained presence of a safe school officer. Whether a law enforcement member present as a school resource officer or have hired or contracted -- Guardian. Schools in Broward

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County are having a good guy with a gun present. And under Florida Senate Bill 590 and rule 6A, 1.0018, Broward has put into place protocols to collaborate with charter schools to ensure that charter students will have an SSO present during instructional hours. Beginning with Senate Bill 7026 in 2018, 7030 in 2019, and the guidance intended in the Senate Bills 7040 that did not pass in 2020, and Senate Bills 70 and 590 in the 2021 legislative session, Broward County has been -- been provided guidance by the Department of Education Offices in safe schools.

Under my administration, we will be reviewing and monitoring compliance. We're grateful to the DOE for their work in supporting districts throughout this entire State. But Broward — especially Broward needs to be more than just compliance. We have received several independent third-party reports on the tragedy of February the 14th, 2018. In addition to these reports of this commission, we have received reports from Safe Havens International, which was sought by Broward County Public Schools. The Federal Commission of School Safety, and the Broward League of City Schools, and Community Public Safety Task Force.

Many of the recommendations that we found were similar in nature. Together, the recommendations provided an initial set of 458 recommendations. Through documenting, cross-referencing, planning and resources. these inputs have taken been the work of the district over the past two years. In August of 2019, the commission was informed that Broward Schools had created an Office of Safety, Security, and Emergency Preparedness six months prior. Much of the work needed to be accomplished as outlined by the integrated recommendations of external and inter -- internal reports has been accomplished by this division.

But the work is the work of every leader, every employee of the Broward County Public Schools. The School Board has requested and received regular updates on the progress of these plans.

Additionally, a new Broward Schools strategic plan was approved in 2019 that outlines the priorities and expectations of the community for the time frame of 2019 to 2024. The recommendations of the commission and other independent reports were incorporated into the foundation of this strategic plan. The district, however, will be recalibrating its strategic plan due to the impact of the COVID

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pandemic, and this provides additional 2 opportunities for the commission's new 3 recommendations to be addressed. School safety is always our top priority for our students and staff members. Although time 6 prohibits a complete accounting, I am going to outline some of the work that Broward has and is performing to assure our community that their child is safe and secure.

> Slide 4. Broward County Public Schools organizes the work into projects with clear lines of ownership. Much of the work is directed under the Office of Safety, Security, and Emergency Preparedness. Additionally, the Office of Information Technology, the Office of School Performance and Accountability, the Office of Academics, and the Office of Student Support Initiatives and the Recovery lead significant project. But again, this work must be done by all and must be led by the superintendent. The Office of Student Support Initiatives and Recovery is another change in Broward schools that resulted from a tragedy. This division was launched in July 2019 by elevating several departments focused on student mental health, social-emotional

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this presentation, you will see that Broward has recently completed both a district-wide crisis communication plan and district-wide reunification

And I want to acknowledge to this commission that these tasks were only approved by the school board two weeks ago. In the weeks following my appointment, I became aware of these tasks that have been initiated but were not complete. By making it clear that these were top priorities, we were able to bring these items law enforcement and other county partners for input and review, then to the school board for approval. Due to the sensitive nature of these topics, to prevent someone from using our plan to bring further harm during a crisis, both plans were approved by School Board in a closed session.

This fall, staff will be trained on their respective roles, parents and students made aware of the site-specific details. We will be providing that information to them. But the comprehensive plans are only available to those who need to know on how to ensure that the planning, the resourcing, and the implementation can successfully occur. However, hearing some of the comments even earlier

Page 51 development, climate and discipline, and recovery services to Ma -- Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School, its feeder schools, and the greater community to a cabinet level position.

This has placed the development and health of our students at the table with the superintendent and other senior leadership for making decisions. Implementing the recommendations resulted in 569 tasks, which are being monitored. At the start of this year, 97.9 percent of the tasks have been completed or commenced. I've been informed that the lingering tasks are dependent on other ongoing work to be commenced. I directed the staff to outline me -- for me what those dependencies are, and what, if anything, can be done to ex -expedite completion.

On slide 4, you will see that the works -- the streams reflect multi-divisional groups. Broward needs to ensure a coherent response. I do not tolerate silence as I come to better understand these structures I will look for areas of potential improvement. I've seen that staff is working hard, but I do believe that a fresh set of eyes can result in improvements, and that it certainly can result in a renewed sense of urgency. Later in

Page 53 today related to this, we will be evaluating if

this approach is appropriate and take additional steps if it's deemed that the plan should be made public in any form.

Slide 5. Slide 5 provides additional detail on 13 projects which have been referenced in previous commission meetings. You will see the crisis communi -- communication plan and reunification plan training project titles in red for the reason I just outlined. You will see that the schedule for both is not on target. Since August, we had made this a priority and it will remain a priority until these projects are part of the standard training drills and expectations of all relevant students, staff, and district processes.

These projects work together to focus on the first line of defense, ensuring that our school exteriors are secured. This means fencing around our school properties whenever possible. This means securing gates. This means having staff present when those gates are open, and ensuring that staff at the open gates can communicate with others in real-time. We have our safety staff walking the exteriors and we are experi -expanding our external monitoring via cameras.

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Page 5

These cameras are visible at the schools, at the district, and shared with the Broward County real-time crime center. We currently have over 15,000 cameras monitoring the exterior and interior of our school campuses.

Last week, I became aware of two issues related to our cameras and the ability of law enforcement where those cameras are. So of those approximately 15,000 cameras, approximately 250 of our cameras are being brought into compliance with the agreed-upon naming convention with law enforcement, so that someone who is looking at the camera knows where on the camera -- the camera is viewing. I'll make it a point that 250 -- just one being out of compliance is one too many, but it is something that we are already starting to address.

No new camera installation is paid for without it being properly named. As we are installing new cameras, there is a gap between when the camera goes live and when it is renamed to the -- to the convention. This is the issue that is being addressed and should be complete by mid-October. There is a second issue that is now also being addressed. Some of the Broward cameras have the capability to provide the exact geo-location data

as a part of this database. These are advanced cameras and as a part of a district enhance — enhancement, we are increasing the presence of these cameras in our camera portfolio. As of yesterday, Broward Schools is putting in place the ability to share that geo-location metadata with law enforcement.

Securing the perimeter is necessary and once stu -- students, staff, and visitors proceed through that layer of security, they need to enter the facility. This is our single point of entry. On the next slide, I will highlight a project that goes beyond an initial task of establishing a safe single point of entry.

Slide 6. While completing a single point of entry at every school was completed by Broward County Public Schools by September 2019, significant effort has gone into enhancing these critical junctures of human movement. These locations both protect and create a bottleneck during periods of high traffic flow. Ensuring that these locations have sufficient and highly trained staff is critically important. The district has provided the necessary staff at these strategic locations. Utilizing the DOE's school partnering

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grants, the district has prioritized improving visibility, communication, and the ability to monitor these locations remotely. This project will have a video intercom, fixed duress button, and a standard second door at all single points of entry.

This work was placed into 10 phases and except for sites with unique architectural challenges to establish secondary doors, will be complete -- we will have more than 220 school locations by March of 2022. These enhancements will establish a new higher standard for the infrastructure of our schools, and it will better serve our community. The design of our single points of entry, the technology to monitor who is coming and going, and the steps taken to secure the perimeter of our buildings will help to protect people and school campuses from bad actors gaining access. But we must also ensure that the interior of campuses are safe as well.

Slide 7. The greatest security asset that our schools have is the people on the campuses. The safe school officers, whether a sworn law enforcement officer or an ARP Guardian. Our campus and area Security Managers, and the School Safety

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Staff all provide overlapping layers of coordinated security within our campuses. Their observations, monetary reports, review of drills, including after-action reports of real incidents, are all documented through a centralized school safety portal via a web and mobile application that provides access to the resources you see outlined on slide 7.

Initially rolled out for Broward staff, this tool has matured to the point where now we intend to make it -- make the information available to our law enforcement -- our partners. As with all technology integrations this will need to be tested after implementation to ensure success, and we anticipate that this will occur in the relatively near future. By putting the correct information into the hands of our staff, we are directly addressing several of the findings that this commission had in its initial report from January 2019. People need to know what to do, have access to resources such as maps, and we must know who has had that training at each site. This system Navigate 360, which is being used at our district, has elevated the support provided to the staff. Safety is the responsibility of every person on

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Page 5 campus. Every person needs to know if you see something, say something. Every purpose {sic} on the campus needs to know that they can call a code red, and they need to know how to do so. Ensuring that the safety and security remains the highest priority for our school district requires training and practice. And the training and practice need to be appropriate to the role of people on the campus. Administrators, teachers, support personnel, and students must all know what they're expected to do and how they are to do it.

To support this effort over the past two years, Broward Schools has developed role-specific emergency protocols. The practicing of these protocols, as we know, has not been consistent because we have not been in person in school due to the COVID-19. So I do want to point out that fact as well. So it is still a work-in-progress as to the practicing and the training.

Slide 8. Role-specific emergency protocols ensure that everyone knows their role, and that their role is described and trained, in plain language. Complicated language hinders safety. I'm aware of Broward's current system of color codes. I have asked for this system to be

examined, to see how it can be improved. Colors do not always provide a sense of what a particular threat is nor does a color always provide proper guidance on what is to be done. I ha asked for this review to see if plainer language can be developed, trained on, and implemented.

The definitions of the roles have now been developed and provided to every campus. Definitions and guidance for every role are available in hard copy and in electronic format. This fall, area and campus security managers at every campus are leading tabletop exercises. Upon completion of the training, the drills will reinforce the needed behaviors. And the reviewer drills will indicate where we need to educate further training.

This speaks directly to the findings of the commission that district staff were found to be undertrained and that there was no way to hold staff accountable for actions or failures to act during events. This training will impact the full spectrum of campus employees, the security staff, the instructional staff, the cafeteria, the maintenance, the administrative, the clerical, and other staff roles, and it will train on the variety

Page 60

of incident types we must prepare for in today's world. When is it appropriate to hide? When is it appropriate to evacuate?

And we need to ensure that our special population needs are addressed as well. And we must plan, train, and practice with law enforcement and emergency services. I have directed staff to determine if we are sufficiently coordinating training with our external partners. I know that Broward County has planned with our partners, but this is an area which we must — be improved upon to sufficiently involve our partners in our live drills. Everyone has a role, and now, thanks to Senate Bill 70, Alyssa's Law, every member of the school community can inform authorities about an emergency on their mobile device.

Slide 9. The commission received an update on the statewide implementation of Alyssa's Law yesterday, but it has special meaning in Broward County. Alyssa was a Broward County student. Alyssa was murdered in her Broward County school. Alyssa is a child of a Broward County parent who now sits as one of our Board members. So I say, thank you L'orial(Phonetic), for your leadership to pass this legislation.

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And Broward, we have selected Motorola
SaferWatch as our foundational system for
implementing Alyssa's Law, while the District has
maintained the functionality of it's previously
existing phone and tech systems and integrated them
into our communications. Broward Schools is
promoting and training on SaferWatch. Yesterday, a
question was asked about what happens when a call
or an alert goes out from MSD High School. The
answer is that the notification goes to all three
main County Public Safe -- Safety answering points
or piece apps. The Broward Sheriff's Office, the
City of Coral Springs, and the City of Plantation.

SaferWatch has been installed on many districtowned devices, but that's not enough. I've been
made aware of a report that only 18 percent of our
teachers have downloaded and installed the
application on their personal devices, not district
devices, personal devices. The District has
examined it's outreach efforts and will implement a
marketing plan that will encourage teachers and
other staff members to download and register the
app.

We will work directly with staff at their work locations, and we will partner with our labor

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groups to educate staff on the importance of this tool. We plan to be more strategic and informative moving forward. We know how we're doing on installing the SaferWatch app and on many other issues by gathering and analyzing data and then taking steps for improvement based upon the results of the data.

Slide 10. The gathering of data, particularly data on fidelity of implementation and data on monitoring of compliance is critical to continuous improvement. This is an area where I have professional accomplishments and believe I can make a strong contribution to in -- to Broward in the immediate term. Since 2019, Broward has implemented a campus visit records mobile app that area security managers use as a digital checklist for what they experience when they're conducting school visits. Are students wearing badges? Was the fence gate locked? If the gate was open, was it stacked? Is the video system operational? What concerns arose? What follow-up is needed? These are some of the things that we check when we are making these visits.

By having a common interference -- or interface for all supervisory staff, there is a common

standard of expectation and of inspection, the monitoring. The Office of Safety, Security, and Emergency Preparedness gathers and analyses this data to address isolated cases and to identify systemic issues. This kind of record keeping requires staff to be trained and to enter data. School site visits should enable the tracking of performance, and we are doing this, the best practice. I've been pleased to find this best practice in the safety area. I've observed that this best practice has yet to be replicated in other domains of the district practices just yet. But it is new, and the opportunity exists for these practices to become standard across the District. This system demonstrates that what gets monitored gets done.

Slide 11. The school tracking application is an example of the use of information technology to supplement human actions and insight. Technology can improve access to information, improve communication and enable analysis of large data sets. But we must use technology with purpose, in and of itself it does not solve any issues. Since 2019, the District has made progress on many technological project -- projects related to safety

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and security. Radio repeaters, video surveillance, and the installation of a new visitor monitoring guide, as well as new timekeeping for our employees and other programs, have been completed.

We have made progress on intercom systems, but we are behind schedule. I'm aware that the Commission has raised concerns about intercoms and about external speakers on campuses in Broward and across the State. You have my commitment to ensure that this work is reviewed, and as needed, that approval for resources is sought to address obstacles that are in the way of successful completion.

Our IT systems enable us to become aware of issues, to respond quickly, to document and analyze for improvement, and to integrate the layers of training, monitoring, communications that our staff undertakes. But I reiterate, technology is only able to be of real value if the people who are using it are trained, and we monitor the implementation of it. That is our objective.

Slide 12. One of Broward's accomplishments is the creation of the District Security Operation Center also known as our DSOC. This facility and most importantly, the staff that are monitoring our Page 65 facilities 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 365-

days a year. The District has an added additional staff who actively monitor camera feeds from our

schools, and it is where our threat assessment
analysts work to provide an immediate impact upon

an event that occurs. The DSOC coordinates with --

with real-time crime center to provide trained security professionals to supplement our school's day staff.

The DSOC truly is a comprehensive, integrated district support system that is improving our level of safety and security services to our community. The DSOC is representative of a new era of security oversight, in Broward. It is run by the Office of Safety Security and Emergency Preparedness, and now it is true for all safety and security personnel. Safety and security personnel report through the Chief of Safety and Security Officer. Even staff deployed from schools and campus level security staff report this way. These staff continue to work closely with school administrators, but their accountability is to the Chief of State and Security, and these staff are the primary coordinators of relationships with law enforcement.

I know that there have been questions concerning

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Page 67

Page 69

Page 66 law enforcement relationships on topics such as the 2 SRO costs, camera access, staff integration, 3 behavioral threat assignment sign offs and other matters. But the creation of the Office of Safety, 4 5 Security, and Emergency Preparedness has greatly 6 improved our communication and collaboration with the Broward Sheriff's Office and other law 7 8 enforcement agencies. I am looking forward to open 9 questions and looking forward to meeting with and 10 collaborating with Sheriff Tony. Broward schools 11 and law enforcement are partners. While I am 12 Superintendent, given my background and experience 13 working with law enforcement agencies, Broward 14 schools will be a great partner. 15 Slide 13. I want to return to the most important 16 component of our safety and security. The 17 awareness and preparation of people in our schools. 18 Practicing what we plan is the only way to prepare 19 for successful implementation. We hope to never 20 need to call on our training, but we must be

> recommendations for improvement. Specifically, I'm looking into a report on teacher safety that was conducted by the Broward

prepared to use our training at any moment. I am

reviewing our training and making ongoing

Teachers Union and released in August 2019. After that release, a task force on school safety convened and met three times before the work -- its work was interrupted by the COVID pandemic in March 2020. Now that our schools are fully operational with 100 percent in-person learning, I have drafted -- directed staff to reconvene the task force and complete the promise of a final report. I expect that to be done before the end of this school year.

There has been enhanced training for this school year, but training must be frequent, relevant, multi-model, and must be monitored. Training must be followed with practice drills. Slide 13 outlines many of the aspects of the training and how the aspects fit together. Broward schools provides a variety of training modalities now than it did in 2019.

Small group, in-person training, recorded sessions for playback, video reinforcement roles, specific training, practicing training and integrated drills, and open lines of communication to gather suggestions for improvement from employees in the field are underway. We must invest in our people and then we must expect performance. I've read the commission reports, and

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you were correct. With expectations comes accountability.

Slide 14. One of the major changes in the district practices introduced in 2019 concern behavioral threat assessments. Both the DOE and Broward schools initiated major changes. You heard about the strong support from the DOE to districts in presentations at this commission meeting. Broward's policies and documentation procedures are fully aligned with statute and with the CSTAG model. Broward schools replaced it's decentralized paper-based behavior threat assessment system with a centralized digital system in August 2019.

Based on the November 2018 review of the former system, a process that enables the auditing of every step in the BTA process was established. Automatic timestamps are entered with transactions. Digital identities are associated with transactions, and a massive documentation system was put in place to enable the tracking and monitoring of every threat assessment. And the District did it by going immediately to full implementation two weeks after their initial training. New attributes were added to the system based on feedback, and then the second round of

training was conducted in early 2020.

We also added a policy to this. So per policy, an audit of this initial year roll-out, the 2019/20 school year was conducted. This audit was released on August the 5th, 2021. Though it has not gone through our typical release process just yet, however, as I was aware of the audit results, I directed staff to share a copy of the RSM audit report to you. The report and management response will be going to the district's audit committee on Thursday of this week. It will then go to the school Board.

I am listening here today and will be listening during the upcoming reviews of the audit to ensure that any needed additional action is implemented. My immediate response is one of deep concern. Recently, I've been presented with some evidence that the issues raised in the '19-'20 audit have been addressed. I requested further verification of compliance with our policies and procedures, and the audit of the -- 21 -- of '20 and '21 threat assessment is scheduled for release in early 2022.

Responding to threat events requires planning, training and monitoring of the fidelity of implementation. This audit showed that the

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behavioral threat assessments training and
implementation was not initially successful. I'm
looking to see what happened last year, and I'm
committed to ensuring that BTAs are completed
properly, entered online, and monitored. Those
responsible for noncompliance will be held
accountable. A sworn law enforcement officer needs
to be involved in every BTA from the start, not
just signing off at the end.

There are no excuses now that we have seen how poorly the initial effort at complete documentation was two years ago. The future will be different. Everything that needs to be monitored is now able to be audited. Training must result in good implementation. While many of the issues in this audit had been successfully addressed, I am still looking for better outcomes, especially in the areas of approved documentation of the services provided to students. Those responsible for noncompliance, again, will be held accountable.

I want to raise another issue of concern to the commission that I had recently been made aware of:
That our PROMISE, the definition of a diversion program, the entering of data in the JJIS and
Citadel 590. The District originally had a stance

that PROMISE is an alternative to external extension program, and that Broward schools has not entered data into the PreventionWeb portal of the Juvenile Justice Information System. This is a concern.

I became aware of the -- of the details of this matter this past Friday. I'm continuing to work with our interim general counsel to review all related loss with urgency. As of today, I have directed Broward County Public Schools staff to begin correcting this practice immediately. District staff have already begun retroactively entering incidents into the prevention web portal starting with our current school year. We will add new incidents as they occur.

If the legal opinion of the general counsel is that PROMISE is a pre-arrest diversion program, Broward County Public Schools will ensure that any consequence that redirecting the students from arrest is treated as a pre-arrest diversion program.

Slide 15. In 2019 the commission was informed about the resources provided by a county-wide referendum to support the education, safety, and mental health of students of Broward County. Those

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resources continue to supplement the district's general fund commitment. Slide 15 outlines some of the investments that Broward has made since 2019. These involve multiple sources of funding, including local, State, and federal dollars. The federal grants can be spent over the course of several years. Local general funds are allocated annually.

The Broward County referendum funding that was passed in 2018 is up for renewal in 2022. It is critically important that the districts works with all of our communities to renew their commitment to educators, safety, and students' mental health. You see a variety of projects that have been undertaken with the resources, safety personnel, student services, and physical and some digital layers of security. All of these require financial resources. Broward has committed resources to ensure the work will be done.

Slide 16. The District will continue to respond to the input from this commission, the Board of legislator, and other independent bodies providing input, and the District will continue to conduct reviews and audits of our policies, practices, and implementation. While we have undertaken many

Page 73 improvements and have completed many safety enhancement projects in response to the tragedy of February 14, 2018, we still have much to accomplish to ensure we are providing a safe learning and working environment for all students, staff, and visitors.

I bring a deep professional and personal commitment to ensuring that the work of this commission is acted upon with urgency. The work of the current school year which I just started in August of this year is being reviewed to make sure that there's clear ownership of responsibility, sufficient commitment, and physical resources dedicated to accomplishing the commitments. That people are trained and are practicing their training. That we are supervising, monitoring, and auditing our roles and responsibilities and that accountability for accomplishments and for failures is present.

Thank you, Chair, for the opportunity to provide an update to the commission from the Broward County Public Schools and to introduce myself, and again, a sincere thank you to each of you for the service that you are doing on this commission.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Thank you, Dr. Cartwright.

done

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Page 7
I certainly appreciate your presentation. I
appreciate you being here today. You and I met a
couple of weeks ago and I left our meeting hopeful
and optimistic about a new way of doing business,
about a new energy level or sense of urgency, and
quite frankly, sincerity as opposed to lip service
because that's what we've received over the last
few years. In hindsight, it was a bunch of lip
service and a lack of urgency in getting things

You know, and the writing was on the wall and — and I talked about this extensively previously, but it hadn't changed. This incident as we know occurred on February 14th of 2018. Broward County School District in February 2018 didn't have an Active Assailant Response Policy. I appeared before the Broward County — Broward County School Board in February of 2019, a year later. And it wasn't until the week before I appeared before the school board to summarize our findings that they passed our first-ever Active Assailant Response Policy. So it took a year and — and that's been the trend since.

So you've been in office less than 60 days. And so you inherited this. I really am optimistic

based upon your presentation today and our meeting that there is a new day, there is a new era, and things are going to be, you know, different. But please know that today we're still going to -- and I told you we would -- we still got to probe some of this. We still need to ask some questions about it and it is not to beat you up. It is not to give you a hard time because you aren't responsible for it, you know, but, you know, the prior administration was, and quite frankly, the school board is.

And, you know, there's people that have been on that school board for a long time and, you know, they have a role, an oversight role of the superintendent and I don't think they exercise that. And you know, when you sit here and you hear the terrible situation that the families went through with reunification. We went through this whole series of meetings, we heard from everybody and it wasn't until, as we know, a couple of weeks ago now that you-all passed the reunification policy.

And it's really -- you see a consistent theme. So we talk about the threat management. When I first sat down and heard about the threat

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management protocols because the threat management — the crews was botched, totally. And we looked at it and we got a briefing on it and said, you know, there's a good policy here. There is a good methodology. The problem wasn't the methodology, the problem was in the implementation because they didn't train on it.

Communication, in my view, from what I've seen over the last three-and-a-half years, the communication between the administration and the people charged with implementing things in the Broward County School District has been pathetic and there's just this expectation that it happens somehow. If I hear one more time, which I won't now under you, I'm sure, is -- is, Oh, we put it on the Internet. That's not how you train people. That's not how you implement things.

And so they said, oh we got it. And we're going to have this new threat assessment process. We're going to invest -- I don't remember what the price tag was, but it was significant, you know, a million bucks, 2 million bucks, whatever you-all spent on the new threat assessment software. But guess what? We got the same result. It's not because you changed the process you're going to get

Page 77 a different result. You've got to change the implementation. You've got to train, you've got to -- you know, the software isn't a magic button.

So now, you know, is that you've got a situation where 100 percent of the 875 threat assessments that were done that were high risk or medium risk had exceptions. 60 percent did not have monitoring plans. A whole bunch weren't signed by the team members and 17 percent of those weren't signed by law enforcement. So again, it's all in the implementation. Changing the process isn't going to do it and I certainly appreciate your immediate reaction and response to changing the requirements and having the law complied with, which isn't hard.

The law says that if a kid commits a crime and something is done with that kid other than entering them into the juvenile justice system, then it needs to comply with the community-based diversion program and it needs to get entered into JJIS. Why is that so difficult? And I ask that rhetorically of course. But I -- I thank you for stepping up and acting with urgency and, hopefully, it is a new day with a new light on how business is going to be conducted in -- in the District.

The camera issue, same thing. Like you said, I

Page know you've got thousands but -- and I sent you copies of the letter. I sent to your staff that Sheriff Tony sent these letters out in 2019. Now we had a little difference in the numbers and whether it's 200 or 500 or whatever, the point is, it's still at MSD, you've got cameras around here, and this is the lack of urgency. This is -- this shows a culture problem and I hope that you're going to change that culture and that -- and I -- I -- I believe you're -- you're saying it with sincerity, that you understand it and that you're going to make every effort within your power to do that. 

A couple of things that, if you can address that, are open-ended that you didn't address during your presentation. One of those is just to update the commission to the extent you can to complete, it's just that there were a number of personnel investigations that were done that were ongoing with Greenleaf and Porter and the -- all those people that were investigated, Are you prepared -- can you just generally tell everybody, is -- are there any ongoing investigations of personnel or are they all complete? What's the status of those internal investigations?

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that I would like to do is to be able to candidly review the survey and some of the results that are in there at -- at a more granular level from a researcher lens, which is part of my background. And taking a look at that, but moreover, I think what's more important, regardless if we say it's --you know, if it was valid or not, the point being is a survey is a survey, the results are the results. And so we -- I -- I have already directed my staff to reconvene that task force and to sub -- to finalize a report prior to the end of the school year.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Do you have an understanding of you being able to determine why, you know, you said he was -- for a landing within 120 days which would have put it at the end of 2019 and if the task force -- the report -- did -- do you have any idea of what happened, why that didn't get done?

idea of what happened, why that didn't get done?

MS. CARTWRIGHT: I do. So they did meet three
times and then, unfortunately, we did have the
pandemic that started at that point in March of
2020 so almost a year later. But they had met -like I said, they had met at least three times.
That task force was used a little bit differently
and it was actually tooled a little bit different

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MS. CARTWRIGHT: To my knowledge, all of those
investigations have been completed --

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Okay.

MS. CARTWRIGHT:  $\,$ — at this point in time. We had — we did have some resignations that — or retirements I should say, that occurred also while those investigations were ongoing.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Okay. One of the things we heard about back in 2019 as well, it was an openended issue, was the survey that the Broward Teachers Union conducted and there was a high level of concern reflected in that survey from the school staff about the safety and the security on the campuses. Superintendent Runcie, in his testimony on August 15th of 2019, acknowledged there was merit to the concerns of the school staff in that Broward Teachers Union survey and he said that there was legitimate concerns and pledged to act within — it was 120 days to form a task force and to address it.

My understanding is -- is that, that is still an open issue that the -- there's not been a report and that it hasn't been wholly addressed. Can you talk about that somewhat?

MS. CARTWRIGHT: Yes, sir. One of the things

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in order for us to start having response -appropriate responses related to COVID and how to
deal with the -- with the pandemic in a school
environment. But now that we are back in school
face-to-face, 100 percent, of course, we still have
to be fluid with COVID but we are going to get the
original purpose of that force -- that task force
back together in order to re-visit this, to pick up
the conversations, and to develop a final report.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: So if -- if -- if it wasn't you standing at the podium and it was your predecessor, my comments and my -- probably questions but more of my comments, would be very different than they are. I'm going to stop. I'm going to turn it over to any other commissioners who want to make any comments or ask any questions.

But it's because I have confidence in -- in you from our meeting and what I've seen and heard so far that it will be a new -- different day and a new era. I'm not going to beat this up, but, you know, you know, as we -- when we meet again next time, I won't be in the same situation again. This is -- this is old and this district needs to change. This district needs to understand that this is ground zero. This is where this happened

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around.

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Page 82
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         and this district needs to show leadership and set
                                                                         disciplines, that had these marching orders and
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         the example for others. This district shouldn't
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                                                                         didn't do what they should have done and
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         continue -- shouldn't continue to be the part of
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                                                                         appropriately deal with them. Failure to do that,
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         the problem and, you know, I -- I -- I hope it
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                                                                         you're just shuffling chairs around the Titanic
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         changes. So I'll -- if any commissioners have any
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                                                                         because regardless of the superintendent, there
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         questions for you, go ahead.
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                                                                         were deputy superintendents, there were top
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             MR. JUDD: Thank you. Dr. Cartwright, I -- I
                                                                         officials who could look at these guidelines, look
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         appreciate and enjoyed your presentation here. We
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                                                                         at these new laws, listen to this commission
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         -- and I'm going to say some things that may be
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                                                                         meeting, seeing that we've come from all over the
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         just minimal therapy for me.
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                                                                         State to help.
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             MS. CARTWRIGHT: Yes, sir.
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                                                                             And for example, on the Guardian or law
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             MR. JUDD: I did really mean it.
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                                                                         enforcement, the last county to comply, the last
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             MS. CARTWRIGHT: Yes, sir.
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                                                                         district to comply was Broward at ground zero. So
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             MR. JUDD: The -- my -- my major concern is,
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                                                                         at -- at the end of the day, I like -- I like
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         regardless of the superintendent, there's a school
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                                                                         lists, I like checklists, I like accountability, I
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         board that did not insist that there be a system
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                                                                         like assigning people duties and responsibilities,
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         and a process in place to accomplish this. A group
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                                                                         but I suggest to you that you're up -- you're up
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         of people elected by the people did not do what
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                                                                         for the challenge, but you've got to have those
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         they should have done in absence of the
                                                                         that you can appoint that have the same mindset
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         superintendent doing what he should have done.
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                                                                         that you do as opposed to sitting around saying,
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         They should be held accountable as well. I like
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                                                                         well, heck, we can just outlive the commission. We
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         what I've seen here.
                                                                22
                                                                         can just outlive the request, it will go away,
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             I really do but understand that the adminis \operatorname{--} I
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                                                                         because we've not seen the act -- action that we --
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         would -- I would ask that you go back and seek out
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                                                                         we should have.
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                                                                25
         the administrators that were in charge of these
                                                                             So I would tell you to remove the people that
                                                                                                                    Page 85
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 1
         were in the positions that had the authority and
                                                                 1
                                                                         them, that's what shocks this commission to the
         responsibility to do this with or without the
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                                                                 2
                                                                         core and certainly shocks me to the core. So thank
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         superintendent's request. Because other than that,
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                                                                         you. I -- I wish you the very best. I have you in
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         they're going to gang up on you and slow-walk you.
                                                                         my prayers because you're doing the right thing for
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         I have -- I've not only worked as a -- as a chief
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                                                                         -- at the right time. I believe there is a season
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         administrator, I've taught systems with processes
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                                                                         when people are put in these positions and I think
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                                                                 7
         and practices, and I understand human nature and
                                                                         you are here for this season, for this challenge,
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         you've got to make this -- it's difficult to
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                                                                         and you can do it.
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         change, and that's quite frankly not going to
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                                                                             But you've got to have a school board that
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         happen in six months, or a year, or two years with
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                                                                         supports you and they have been asleep and I can
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         a mammoth system like this.
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                                                                         say that, you can't. But I would encourage them to
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             But it has to start at minute 1 on day 1 and
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                                                                         support you, to wake up or either step aside and
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                                                                13
                                                                         let somebody be on that school board that cares as
         they have to see your sincerity and as we have seen
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         it today. And at 60 days then, it's not a fair
                                                                14
                                                                         much as it appears to me that you do. Thank you.
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                                                                15
                                                                             MS. CARTWRIGHT: Thank you, sir.
         question for you to say, what have they been doing?
                                                                             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Commissioner Swearingen. Go
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         Because I think you're in the process of
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         researching to find out what they've been doing.
                                                                         ahead.
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         But I want to rem -- to remind everyone that
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                                                                             MR. SWEARINGEN: Thank you, Chair. Thank you,
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         watches this and -- and those in the school system
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                                                                         Superintendent Cartwright, for being here today and
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         that still haven't obviously grasped the gravity of
                                                                20
                                                                         -- and I kind of want to echo some of what the
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         this, a lot of children and some of their
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                                                                         Chair has said. I'm actually encouraged by your
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         colleagues died. Died because there were a lot of
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                                                                         presentation. I think your sincerity comes across.
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         failures and there's -- there's enough blame to go
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                                                                         The sense of urgency that -- that you possess and -
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But when they don't start at that moment fixing

- and I'm encouraged by -- by your comments. I --

I expressed frustration earlier with a -- a

Page 87

Page 86 presenter that -- that we've been meeting down here and we keep getting, I think Sheriff Grady said -- Sheriff Judd said, lip service is all we got.

And I'm encouraged by your comments on the school camera situation. I'm encouraged by your comments about fixing the threat assessment process which is obviously flawed, and I'm encouraged about your -- your comments about the PROMISE program, which is clearly by any stretch of the imagination, a diversion program. So I'm encouraged by all of those.

You know what I found, when it comes to change, there's always passive resistance and then there's active assistance, right? So I think we fixed some of the active resistance through changes in statute and rule. It was kind of forced upon those people that didn't want to change but we've seen -- we've seen plenty of both in Broward County since the Marjory Stoneman Douglas massacre. There's been a lot of active resistance and there's been a lot of passive resistance.

The passive resistance continues in the sheer layers of bureaucracy that -- that this county puts on everything. I hope that -- that you can tear away some of those layers of bureaucracy to deal

with those -- those who continue to engage in passive change. But I'm encouraged by your comments today and I think with -- again, as Sheriff Judd said, with the support of the -- the -- the people who you answer to, I -- I -- I hope you can get beyond that. But it is incumbent upon them to wake up and support you. So thank you for

your presentation.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Commissioner Carroll.

MR. CARROLL: I echo everything that was said.

I -- I do want to go back to a comment that the sheriff made earlier, this ecosystem of leadership.

It was an interesting coining of -- of -- of what he saw as an issue with leadership on the ground here in Bro - Broward County. But I would look at the ecosystem of leadership within education. When we first started this, the eye-opener for me who is a non-educator, was that we had a structure, we had the Department of Education. They didn't -- they had a lot of responsibility, but they didn't have a lot of authority. In fact, they've been given some

So you basically had 67 different school districts that had a lot of autonomy, and then within each school district, you had a lot of

as a result of some of the changes.

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principals that had a lot of economies. We basically had 6,000-plus little satellite organizations that were doing business pretty autonomously. And you could see it because the --how they implemented threat assessments, different everywhere. They might have been using the same tool, but it was not implemented the same way with the same qualitative nature. There was no comparison across school systems or even in a school system on how that was done.

If you looked at assessment data, in my opinion, that data was a joke because when you looked at it, the data anomalies just from face value was so disparate that you knew that not everyone was using the same definition. When you looked at the PROMISE program, even within this district, how different it was implemented and how different that was from everywhere else in the state. And so this is — this is that ecosystem of leadership that existed, and the culture that everybody says must change.

With respect to school safety, and we said this back right when the incident occurred, that culture had to change, and on issues like safety there can't be 67 different interpretations and there can't be within every school system 4000 different interpretations of what the district's policy is.

That there has to be consensus around school safety issues. And I'm afraid when I see some of what I see today. That still exists, because I would agree that much of this is -- is a failure in -- in leadership in -- in the ball work mechanism.

But even when we got to the, you know, the camera issue. Well, some schools probably implemented what was asked of them and some schools didn't. That looks like the leftover culture from that ecosystem of leadership that exists because of the way this structure was set up. I know you've only been on the job 57 days, I think you said, and I'm quite frankly very pleased with your presentation and especially that you took responsibility proactively for everything that was said just in these last two days.

I also appreciate, although it's late and you may have been given a heads-up by different folks including Sheriff Gualtieri on certain issues, I appreciate that you've already taken action on some of them because it -- it -- it indicates to me that there is a new sense of urgency.

My question in all of this is: In 57 days, and -

Page 90 - and it goes back to what Commissioner Swearingen just said, had -- do you have any insight into what the culture is? Is there a sense of urgency in this school district? Is this -- is it this notion that -- that happened there, but it will never happen here? Because I got to tell you, there but for the grace of God go I.

That incident and that tragedy could have happened in ev -- any school system, and -- and our work over these years has shown that, and it could have happened at any school within this district, and -- and unfortunately, Marjory Stoneman Douglas was the unlucky -- or unfortunate school where it occurred. So have you had any insight in your 57 days on what the culture is here, and is it different from the school systems that you worked with before?

MS. CARTWRIGHT: That's a very good question. I am -- to be very frank with you, I'm still right in the middle of really trying to do that evaluation right now because, in order to come up with that summative answer for you, it means that I'm observing in mul -- in multiple ways, right?

Because I don't want to say that I've only observed one subsection of -- of our district and give an --

Page 91 base an answer on that. I've been interacting with -- obviously with the cabinet and our school board. But I've also been ensuring that I'm highly visible. I'm going out into the community and interacting with others and listening very carefully.

So not only am I listening to our employees from the organization, but also I'm listening to community members and some of our partners, our business partners and community partners because to do more of an -- a global understanding and evaluation, because that will give me more of a feedback as to what are those systems that are working well, because there are a lot of them, and what are those areas that we may need -- we have some opportunity in order to go forward and to advance forward. So I apologize, I can't give you a full complete answer, but I'm telling you what my process is.

MR. CARROLL: What -- and I do appreciate that. One -- one of the things that I appreciated from Sheriff Tony's presentation this morning was an appreciation that this event happened here, and so you just went to a presentation, and I know the school district has done a lot of work and you have

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made -- the school district, despite our complaints, has made progress, because you've put things in place.

But I guess the expectation would be kind of where Sheriff Tony was, where they went beyond the recommendations and in some cases became the benchmark because it happened here, and -- and so they wanted to go beyond what the recommendations were and become a leader in -- particularly around safety. And I just don't get that perception that that's the same approach the school district has taken, and you probably aren't in a place to make an assessment of that. At least for me, it -- it does appear as though the approach has been different.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: I can assure you that -- I can assure you again, that it is something that is currently under review and it's something that I am taking a look at as to what are the senses of urgency and where are those areas and what are the roadblocks that are in the way in which to complete the level of work that's necessary in the urgent manner and time that's needed.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: It -- it -- it and -- and I'll tell you, Mr. Carroll, because I had a lot of

Page 93 individual interactions with some of those administrators that are no longer here, and it was a trickle-down, as you would expect. That's how it works, is — is that they didn't like what we were telling them. They didn't like what was being required, they didn't like the laws, and a lot of it was a wink and a nod. It was, yeah, okay, and then they turned around and did whatever the hell they wanted, which was nothing in many cases. And that trickled down throughout. It is still there.

Question is, are you going to be able to change it? Because I've seen it, and that is, you say something, they say okay, then they go do whatever they want. That's how stuff's not getting done.

And -- and I've seen that way too many times, and in -- and some of it is shown and demonstrated by the lack of effectively even communicating what the expectation is, because, oh, we'll just put it on a shelf and we just forget about it or move it off to the side. There's no question that was going on.

Question is is that -- does it change and -- and how effective, and -- and it goes back to, I -- I guess far be it for me, but others have jumped into it, is -- is that you're probably going to have to change some people. And -- and you're, you know,

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Page
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                                                                         from them as far as downloading this, having
         57 days in. Probably too early in some cases to
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         make those decisions. But either people have to
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                                                                         teachers downloading -- downloading this, or what -
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         change the -- the way they're doing things or the
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                                                                         - what has been their view of that?
                                                                             MS. CARTWRIGHT: There are a lot of
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         people in those positions have to change to be
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         effective. Because there's just no way, the
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                                                                         misconceptions that are out there right now. There
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         district is too big, you've got too much, and you
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                                                                         is a fear -- I'm not saying that it is based on
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         can't -- it is not going to change itself. Some --
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                                                                         fact because it's not, but there is a fear that by
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         somebody else?
                                                                         having this app on your phone, that we can track
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             Commissioner Dodd.
                                                                9
                                                                         where teachers or -- or employees are at any point
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             MR. DODD: I appreciate you being here. I -- I
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                                                                         in time, including their own personal time. And as
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         feel really encouraged by a lot of what you've
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                                                                         you know, often -- well, for anyone who is tech-
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         shared with us. I especially like the school visit
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                                                                         savvy and has downloaded the app as I have, is that
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         tracking app. I know you talked a little bit about
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         that and shared that with us and, you know, that's
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                                                                         - when in use. In other words, when you open the
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         a really great tool, and maybe other districts will
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                                                                         app, and then it turns on your location device.
         pick up on that too. Maybe even it's not just your
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                                                                             So that is something that we -- that's part of
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         security managers, but your district administrators
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                                                                         our media strat -- our media strategy that we're
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         can be a part of that as well. That's really kind
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                                                                         going forward with, is trying to resolve that
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                                                               19
         of interesting. I was a little bit concerned about
                                                                         misconception that is out there and that false
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         the Alyssa's Law and, you know, the lack of your
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                                                                         fear, because you can control when the app is
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         employees who are downloading the app on their --
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                                                                         actually tracking you versus when it's not tracking
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         their personal devices.
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                                                                         vou.
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             So I'm just curious as far as -- we had a survey
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                                                                            MR. CARROLL: Okay. And the other thing that I
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         that Broward Teachers' Union had done on safety and
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                                                                         had mentioned, as a school board member from a
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                                                                25
         security and concerns. Have you had any push-back
                                                                         smaller county, you know, we wanted to bring
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         Guardians in in addition to our school resource
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                                                                         we're asked to come in and make recommendations
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         officers, and I remember all of the school monitors
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                                                                         about improving the direction of a company, my
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         that -- that Broward County has, that are -- are
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                                                                         thoughts go to what Sheriff Judd said.
         not -- are not -- not armed, just monitors. And,
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                                                                             A lot of times it's a cultural issue and that's
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         you know, I mentioned this before but, you know,
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                                                                         intimately linked with people, and if you don't
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         you already have positions that could be trained as
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                                                                         make changes to the people, it's very difficult to
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                                                                         change the culture. So I would -- you -- you
         Guardians, still continue to be a monitor, but
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         could also be a secondary re-affirmed armed
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                                                                         mentioned something at the very beginning of your
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         personnel ready to engage in active assailant so I
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                                                                         presentation. You -- you mentioned that
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         just want to -- I thought I would recommend.
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                                                                         although right now your title is interim, that
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            MS. CARTWRIGHT: Thank you for the
                                                                         you're acting with full authority as a
                                                                         superintendent. I -- as a member of this
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         recommendation.
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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Commissioner Petty.
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                                                                         commission and as a father who lost a daughter, I
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             MR. PETTY: Superintendent Cartwright, thank you
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                                                                         would ask you to take those words to heart and act.
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                                                                15
         for being here today. As you've heard from the
                                                                             Make the decisions, figure out who -- who are
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         other commissioners, I -- I find reasons to be
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                                                                         the passive resistors and who are the active
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         optimistic in your presentation today. So I want
                                                                         resistors, and get rid of the active resistors
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         to thank you for putting this together, and from
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                                                                         immediately. They are a cancer on your
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         what you shared today, I guess my question would --
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                                                                         organization. I'll ask you a question: What can we
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         you know, in my -- in my private work I have an
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                                                                         do as a commission to help you?
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                                                                             MS. CARTWRIGHT: Thank you for that question. I
         opportunity to do what's called management
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         consulting, and we do a lot of reorganization work.
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                                                                         want to continue to listen and to hear some of the
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My experiences leads me to -- and I think the

academic researchers there too, but my experience

leads me to the conclusion that a lot of times when

recommendations that this commission has been

making, and some of the observations that you have

-- are making and have made. It's important for us

Page 99

Page 101

Page 9 to have a deeper understanding of what that is.

One of the things I would also respectfully request is that if you're seeing something from the outside, to feel free to reach out to me personally as the interim superintendent to have that conversation, because there's -- it is a large organization.

There are going to be things that potentially can happen that I may not be aware of because of the size of the organization. It doesn't mean that I'm not monitoring it. It doesn't mean that I'm not making system changes and process changes in order to ensure that we have fluidity within our proc — our procedures to hold people accountable, but sometimes things happen. So for example, knowing about the cam — finding out about the cameras, and, Chair, I greatly appreciate you reaching out to us in order to make sure that we were aware of that on Friday.

As a result of having that type of information, obviously, that was something -- for me, that was an obvious, oh my goodness, we have to handle this right away. There has to be a sense of urgency to this because as I mentioned before, one camera is one camera too many. And so having that type of

insight is something that I would greatly appreciate in that type of relationship because this -- the relationship that is between the commission and the school district is one from which I want to have a collaborative relationship I want to build upon, and I want Broward to be that gold standard, to be that district that other districts look towards in order to figure out how do we do it.

Those are some of the things that you can do as a commission to help me. I would say I also heard the conversations related to potential or additional oversight. I would request a pause on that recommendation at this point in time. The reason I say that -- help -- and I'll help you understand, is because oftentimes when additional oversight is put into place, it puts an additional layer of bureaucracy and it makes it even more difficult to be nimble and to be responsive in a -- in a quick urgent manner.

I'm not saying don't do it, I'm just saying if it's possible to maybe put a pause on it, allow me an opportunity to really start working with this organization and get the team players positioned in the right way in order to have the level of urgency

Page 100

and accountability that we need to have. So that would be what I would request.

MR. PETTY: Again, I'm very pleased with what we heard today. I'm guessing this won't be your only opportunity to present in front of the commission. Our attitudes will be significantly different next time if we don't continue to see some progress. I'm pleased with the sincerity. I agree with the comment the Chair made about lip service we were paid in the past, and I wouldn't want to see that repeated again.

And if there, you know, as -- as a commission, I offer an opportunity to be helpful because I do think you still have a large contingent of your ward that doesn't get it, doesn't understand what happened, doesn't understand their role in it, does not accept the responsibility for what happened and the mistakes and failures that were made, and therefore, quite honestly, won't give you much support in your effort to make changes. And so if -- if we can serve as some sort of a surrogate for that and support what you're trying to do, I think you'll find a -- a friendly face here in the commission.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: I greatly appreciate -- may I

address that?

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Yes.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: I do want to say in -- in full transparency, my board members have been supportive with the conversations that I've been having with them. I meet with them on a regular basis for either phone conversations or face-to-face conversations, to increase the level of communication that's occurring between the superintendent and our school board. The conversations that I've had with my board members related to this tragic -- no other way to say, massacre. There's no other way to say it.

Each of them in their own way are going through a -- very much of -- of a grieving way. They do recognize what happened and they do feel -- they're -- they -- it's not that -- that they don't want to acknowledge it, but they are trying to deal with it in their own way a lot of times and they have been supportive. When I was explaining to some of them that I need to work on -- right now I can't think about this, I've got to think about this.

I did not get any resistance. They understood that I had to prioritize certain actions in immediacy in order to ensure that we were providing

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a safe school environment when we started school. They actually encouraged that. They did not push back and say, No, no, no, what about this project or what about this project? I want this to happen instead. That was not the feedback that I received from my board and I just wanted to make sure that you-all were aware of that as well.

That they -- they -- they get that there are certain things that we do have to prioritize and really look at and that anything related to school safety was something that they -- there's been zero resistance from. So I just wanted to publicly say that because, you know, oftentimes I'm -- I'm having individual conversations so the public would not necessarily see that. And again, they want to do the right thing and I know that they want to do the right thing. I feel that -- I feel that in my conversations and their genuinity with them, their genuineness I should say, excuse me.

So I just wanted to -- to state -- state towards that. And, Chair, you had also mentioned about with the staff, there's one thing I can tell you that my cabinet will say about me, if you were to -- to corner them and ask me. They're -- they're definitely having a new understanding of urgentness

Page 103 and an understanding that where a good job has been

done I'm going to give them credit in a public way. But where accountability that's not the nice  $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$ 

accountability needs to happen, that I have no problems going there either. If you were to talk any of my cabinet members you will definitely hear that resonates -- that message resonates. That may address as well for you, commissioner.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: You know, it's good that you're -- did you have something else?

MR. PETTY: I mean just -- I appreciate that, Superintendent. Actions speak louder than words and so at this point, we would want to see action from the Broward County School District.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: Yes, sir.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: And along those lines as well is the follow-up on, and then Secretary Tamayo has a question. But you can't fix things you don't know about. None of us can. So it's uncommon and -- and as I've done and will continue to do, there -- there's nothing that has been brought up here today that I know of and I -- that you didn't hear about either directly from me or from my staff. We've been very forthcoming, very -- we'll continue to do that. We want to help you succeed at the

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highest level.

We don't want to have these discussions. What we want to see is success. We want to stop the gyration, stop the twisting and turning trying to figure out how not to do it. But let me say this too, because of all of this discussion and -- and I haven't said it up to this point, you have some good people. There's no question that you have some good people and some of the people that I have dealt with individually over the last three-and-a-half years and some very recently, are very caring, highly skilled, they do have a sense of urgency. I think they have been stymied and not been in a position, some of them, to get to where they need to be.

So you do have some good people around you and there's no question about it. And I'm not going to name names. They know who they are. But they are good caring people who are -- I know will serve you well just from my interactions with them over the last three-and-a-half years, which is a long time. It's enough time to understand people and to build those relationships, if you will. So it's not that you don't have some infrastructure and support around you and you are on this island by yourself,

Page 105 that's not the case. You do have some good people.

MS. TAMAYO: Yeah. Superintendent, thank you very much for coming. And I've been very encouraged by your -- this morning the e-mail that I received with the information that needed to be provided into JJIS, our PreventionWeb was going to be entered. More importantly, the information or the data that is from previous years since that was not entered is also of ultimate importance because we as a public safety agency also are very data driven.

We want to make sure that we have accountable measures and we also want to make sure that we are able to evaluate our prevention program. So my staff, I have already told them, call them immediately, see what they need and I hope that the people that you have now ordered to enter the information in PreventionWeb and by every stretch of the imagination, the PROMISE program is a diversion program.

It is very clear we have memos and opinions going back for two years that we will have that data and of course we will be a good partner and work with your staff to ensure that that

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Page 106 information is entered so that information could be shared with all our partners. And good luck to you, I know it is a very difficult job that you have entered and I don't want to reiterate what all the other commissioners have said, but actions do speak louder than words and when you are in the slot that you're in, actions speak louder than words. Thank you.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Commissioner Larkin-Skinner.

MS. LARKIN-SKINNER: Thank you Doctor

Cartwright. I have a -- a question regarding your reunification plan. Until today, until your presentation actually, we talked about it being a policy and the policy was just approved. So the question I have is with the reunification plan training, is it really a plan? Because a policy is not a plan. And what is the training because we've talked quite a bit about training isn't just sending a policy by e-mail and acknowledging that you read it, right? Is there really a plan and really a training? And please forgive my skepticism.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: Most certainly. So there -yes, ma'am there is really a reunification and a crisis communication plan. There are two of them that -- that interact -- interconnect with one another, of course. That is what was approved by our board with the -- with the understanding and caveat that this is the beginning phases of this. This gets us going because we know that as we start having practices or as research may change because it does, related to school safety, that we're going to have to make some slight revisions to those plans because we want them to be living documents and not just something that we -- we wrote a plan, great, checkbox, put it up on the shelf.

As to the training that we're talking about that is -- we are at the beginning phases of that. That we're nowhere near mid-line or completed because it was just approved about two weeks ago. So we are at this point in time identifying who are those individuals, the roles that we need to do the training, and how are we going to implement that training and what is that going to look like, so I'm not prepared to give you specific answers on that but I do understand your skepticism.

And again, as I mentioned before, we did do it - we did do it in a closed door session. However, we have our reasons for why we don't want to make all of it public, but we are reevaluating, you

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know, are there elements of it that we can have public? Because for example, parents need to know what is their core responsibility in this? Especially in the reunification process, just like students need to know what that's going to look like. So there's -- obviously there's going to be some sections of this that will be public but some of this may not be public as well.

MS. LARKIN-SKINNER: Thank you. And my follow-up question to that is: Who are your community partners? Because it almost sounds like the district is developing this in a vacuum. So for instance, in my community, there are a ton of community partners involved in developing a plan for family reunification for multiple emergencies and I don't know how the district would do that alone.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: We didn't. We coordinated with the Broward County Sheriff's Office, we are very appreciative of that. We also coordinated with the -- I'm now lost for the name of it but is the -- is the crisis communication -- not the crisis -- but the hub for all round when we have a crisis that happens and they get implemented. We've partnered with them and I know that we're continuing to also

Page 109
reach out to some of our other cities as far as
that was concerned related to -- I know that
there's an organization where all -- all the cities
are represented with -- with a group -- a chief
group. I know that we're looking -- if we have not
already, but also looking to partner with them as
well so that was -- we're all on the same page and
it's not just in isolation.

MS. LARKIN-SKINNER: That's good to hear. The last thing is more a comment. I think you're courageous for taking on this role. You have a mess to fix. I -- I do believe in your sincerity like my fellow Commissioners. However, what we've seen out of this county is a lot of people that -- I don't know, maybe have good intentions, but when it comes to the rubber meeting the road, they don't actually act.

So yeah, actions speak louder than words but more importantly, I hope this community and the leaders in this community hear the words of -- of this commission today and -- and -- notice that we notice. We notice they are making this more difficult than it has to be. We notice they're not really providing leadership, at least not good leadership. And you're coming into a situation

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Page 110 where I really hope, obviously with the new Sheriff 2 of Broward -- Broward County and you being new 3 there's a lot of opportunity for change in this 4 county and that also gives me hope and 5 encouragement. But I -- I -- I'm going to remain 6 skeptical like I think we all are and I wish you 7 the best of luck and I really hope your board does 8 get this for those that are lagging behind and 9 whatever their lack of understanding is that they 10 get it and they should support at least what you're 11 talking about doing. 12 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Doctor 13

Cartwright. Thank you very much for being here. We appreciate it and we'll stay in touch.

MS. CARTWRIGHT: Thank you very much. Thank you very much to all of you here. The Commissioner, again, thank you for your volunteering and your time. Have a wonderful rest of your day.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Thank you. Thank you. All right. Why don't we take ten minutes or so -- take a ten minute break, come back and we'll wrap things up.

(Thereupon, the Court went to recess at 3:34 p.m.; after which, the following proceedings were heard at 3:54 p.m.)

Page 111 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: What I want to do is run through for you what I've put together as proposals for the upcoming 2022 legislative session. I've had discussions with Senator -- who chairs the Education Committee in the Senate and Senator Latvala, who chairs the Education Committee in the House and we were down here a few weeks ago. That was Mr. Montalto and members of -- went to give their input.

These are proposals that I put together but I want your input, not necessarily needed today. I'm going to ask you to do -- I just want to run through this so you can see what the basic framework is. I know Senator -- is working on a bill and I believe representative Latvala is as well and it's probably going to be a committee bill in the House from what I understand but all that's fluid.

What's important is -- is that we get to them what our recommendations are, and as I run through this, you -- you know, keep in mind that it is fluid. I'd like you-all to go back and probably within the next few days, and preferably the end of the week or first part of next week, sooner rather than later, anything that we don't have in here

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that you-all want to see, is -- you need to let me know because I think Senator -- is trying to turn something around pretty quickly.

So let me run through this. So what I did is to take right now the provisions in 7035. So remember 7035 was the 2021 bill. It was a House bill, the Senate didn't have a bill. So these are your -the provisions of 7035 that were not included in 590 because, again, we'll recall that they took some of the things that were in 735 -- 7035, they already passed the 590, so these are the things that were not included in 590. We have brought this up before. There's -- because of confidentiality, is that when you get false attempts to Fortify Florida is -- is that they can't disclose the IP address because of confidentiality provisions, this would allow that to happen.

This was something that I'm not sure we should include. I've got it in here right now. When Secretary Marstiller was over at DJJ, we had a lot of discussions, she worked on this. And this goes to -- we had kind of a two-prong two-fold issue. One was making sure that the school-based diversion programs that we've talk about a lot now are a part

Page 113 -- part of the community program, et cetera under 98512, so we checked that box. That was accomplished in 590.

The other part of it is, is that the cops on the street have field access to JJIS so that they can determine the number of diversions a kid has so that they can make good decisions. Because, well, the schools are going to enter that data and others are entering the data. When the cop is at the mall on a Saturday afternoon when they got the kid who just stole something, and the cop has to make a decision, do I divert this kid or do I arrest this kid?

They don't have other than their own system in their own county and their RMS system -- Records Management System -- they don't have a way to check globally. So an example would be is that if you've got a cop that's in Boca Raton in Palm Beach County, but the kid's been diverted three times here in Broward County, they don't have a way of checking that. And the reality is -- is that the cops, most of them on the street don't have a logon for JJIS. They don't have access to PreventionWeb. They don't have a way into it.

And so what we wanted to do is create a way that

the cops have field access so they can make that determination. Like with anything, there's a fiscal that goes with it. I think that there was recept -- I know there was receptiveness on the part of Secretary Marstiller when she was there and I would imagine Secretary Tamayo would be open to it. But there's a pretty big fiscal with it in trying to get that access. So we want to see where that goes, so that's the issue and if not, we'll just keep it on the list that -- may be at some point in the future. 

The next one was to allow the Commissioner to withhold the superintendent's salary if non-compliant overall with school safety and security requirements. Remember, the only thing that is specific in the statute today — in the statutes today has to do with assessor. Anything else, you got to go through this table web and you go back to the law that really allows the State board to take action, but that is something that I don't know about you-all, I feel very strongly about this or has to be this level of oversight, this level of accountability. So that for sure will be in our proposals for this year.

Require -- DOE to require -- to -- this goes

Page 116 at least commercial space, et cetera. So that just

gives them that authority, that seems common sense.

This has to do with Guardian and make sure that they, you know, conduct the proper testing and training and that the sheriff invests in the qualified individuals who can perform the required psychological evaluation. If you remember, in 7026, it states all the Guardians have to have a psychological evaluation, and I don't know if youall recall, we did have some discussion about this, is — is that it excludes psychologists who are licensed under a specific provision of the statute and it was very narrow. So there is a whole section of psychologists who are licensed in a certain way and they were excluded.

As opposed to naming everybody, is — is that we thought that the better approach is, as long as it's a qualified individual, what the Sheriff does need, as long as there's a psychological evaluation done because the problem is when you get into naming, and you forget one or you omit something or something changes, then you end up with a result that we have here where some are left out. So that's what that fixes. We want to make sure the FSSAT also addresses reunification reporting. That

Page 115 back to what, you know, we talked about it now as you know, the property on Broward. DOE to develop a model reunification plan for the school districts and for each district to adopt the plan. We've had problems with not everybody on a threat assessment team participating in the threat assessment process. If you recall, down here in Broward -- in Fort Lauderdale, they have Guardians at the elementary schools.

One of the problems was is that there was no law enforcement officer participating on the threat assessment team, and they were conducting the threat assessments and they called a zone officer from the Fort Lauderdale Police Department to come in and sign off on the threat assessment. And so we wanted to put it in statute to make sure that it was clear that everyone who is required to be on a team participates in all steps and all stages of it, and that they meaningfully participate.

This next one is probably low-hanging fruit, but it is something to clean up, is that the school boards that have police departments like Miami-Dade, Jacksonville, Pinellas, you know, others. The school or the police officers don't have authority on these charter school campuses that are

Page 117 that'd be a mandate in the FSSAT.

Again, getting back to accountability, the State Board Authority to direct withholding of the salary and I think what we see here, this is important, if the superintendent is appointed, the State Board could withhold the salaries of the school board members for non-compliance. That would be -- So those are the things that were in 7035 that were not in 590.

Now back up further. These are the things that were in 7040 from 2020. They weren't even in 7035. So if they weren't in 7035, then they could have made their way into 590. So now we're backing up a year and we're going to add these things in as the proposal. Make sure that sheriffs provide access to the Guardian training, sheriff contract with a private entity or sheriff from another county—again, creating specific protocols for the certification. These are all things that this commission adopted in the past. This isn't anything that you-all haven't seen before. This isn't anything that we all didn't make recommendations on.

Whoops. Okay. Let's try this again. Keeping records. Here's something that hasn't been done

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Page 118 and some of it is a capacity issue. I'm sure we 2 often say schools because they're pretty stretched 3 thin. It's -- is that remember all the discussion we had about HIPAA and FERPA and all the 4 5 misunderstandings of these laws is to develop 6 training about these laws, and the Florida privacy 7 laws as well. So that's something that we had 8 recommended previously. And again, it was in 7040, 9 but didn't pass back in 2020. This was something I 10 think is important. And what would really help DJJ 11 out in this respect in being able to monitor is to 12 require the Office of Safe Schools to maintain a 13 list of school-based diversion programs. So right 14 now there is no list. 15

So we have -- other than what DJJ did in that analysis back in 2019, there is no list of who has diversion programs. So as Secretary Tamayo and her staff are looking at the data and looking at who's entering what and they don't see from certain districts or certain areas, they don't know whether they have a diversion program or not. There's something being missed. That way DJJ could get the information from the Office of Safe Schools. They could share and then again, it helps in oversight, it helps in accountability, it helps to know who

Page 119 has diversion programs and who doesn't. So they

have the Office of Safe Schools maintain that list.

This gets back to policies for drills of --Section 10, line 569, we talked about that. As far as the frequency, we're going to kick that over to the State board, let them establish the frequency of the drills, but that they have to refer to our recommendations. We talked about that yesterday. All right. So those are the -- those are the proposals we have for the upcoming legislative session. If anybody wants to share anything now, I'm happy to listen. We can take some notes on it or again, you can send an e-mail. Maybe --Sheriff Judd, go ahead.

MR. JUDD: And -- you know, it's not -- Sheriff, it's not about the ones you have here but -- and  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{I}}$ realize we -- we try to -- try to -- try again to give -- no matter how tight will we have to crack to be in verbal threat legislation, you can simply write on a bathroom door with a magic marker, I'm going to blow the school up, and that's a crime. But you can stand in the front of the school and say, I'm going to kill you, I'm going kill you, I'm going to kill you, I'm going to kill you, and I'm going to blow the school up, and I'm going to do it

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with a big bomb -- . And just go off and it's not against the law.

And I realize that kids can make an utterance out of anger that certainly we don't want to rise to the level of -- of -- of a threat. But it seems to me that if we can work -- we've got some -- some brilliant lawyers that are on this commission that somehow we craft something that -- even if we have to tear up -- take over to -- to a school event or that shooter event or something very tight with, you know, somehow -- some -- somehow we need something because we're dealing with things occasionally, and if I'm dealing with it occasionally, you would extrapolate that under the State of Florida -- really dangerous kid.

That all they're doing right now is saving them, and we, of course, we took them off the radar, and do all the things we can to monitor, check in with -- with -- with parents, and give them, you know, help, and on and on and on. But sometimes that's not enough. You need a tool to give them to the criminal justice system so that the judge can say, you and your parents aren't going to do this. You're going to go and get some help with counseling and you're going with the little junior

Page 121 -- meetings. So -- so -- so we've all gone up and down this with the Legislature. I'm still not convinced that we can't get something that's -past this mirror of integrity.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: So, the -- the -- the challenges and everything that you're talking about is in the context of what we're concerned about here, which is the kids, the school environment, and threatening -- threatening a mass shooting or other similar type attack. Now, we know that if it's threatening to place an explosive devices, an example that's already covered, okay, so we're talking about the shooting, the active shooter or active assailant, the threat, or the public harm, et cetera.

And so what they're concerned about, because I don't think we can do it -- I don't think anybody can really do it -- is to tailor this to just the school environment or just to kids. I even suggested to them some way of doing that to exclude the situation where you got -- because what they've raised is you get somebody that's, let's say, in a bar and somebody says -- they get in a fight and it's just a bunch of trash talk and somebody says to somebody else, you know, I -- I'm going to shoot

Page 122 your tail end up, okay? Now, all of a sudden you got a third-degree felony and -- and they're getting criminalized for trash talk.

Well, we had a discussion, what about making it a misdemeanor? No, I don't like that. Well, what about limiting it to a verbal threat against just a public building? So we've had a lot of discussions about this. I want to -- and I can tell you that they're concerned about this, and the opposition to it isn't people in leadership positions, in the Legislature, in the highest levels. And I'm going to share offline with you who those people are and you can call them and have a discussion with them about it. I

have tried extensively and they just really are not there. You know, there is no harm, we can go back and try again. But I can tell you that the -- the -- the -- the discussions have ruined the gamut with options. Again, including limitations on it to narrow it as much as it can be narrowed and they just really have a -- a great concern about it.

MR. JUDD: And -- and I -- I truly understand that. But if you can write a simple statement on elementary bathroom door, there ought to be some environment if there's the willingness to mention.

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Page 123 Say it was with this, stop one person's idea. Just

as the commission is trying to keep people safe and it's crafted under this narrow circumstance, and

then is recommended by this commission who's

reviewed all these threats. And -- and -- and I -- I think it's worthy of another run if for no other

the reason to say we tried to get them and they

turned us down again and we're -- we're not in a position later on to say we didn't ask.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: No, we do. I'll share some info -- information with you in a -- on -- on -- Commissioner Carroll, go ahead.

MR. CARROLL: On -- on a little different path, in terms of oversight, I -- I am really concerned.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: In terms of what? I'm sorry.

MR. CARROLL: Oversight.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Yeah. Oversight.

MR. CARROLL: Ongoing oversight. This -- this commission ends in a year-and-a-half. And I believe we do have cultural issues that have to change on the ground here, but I'll be willing to bet some of those cultural decision -- issues extend beyond the borders of this county and particularly in some larger school districts. As a

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private provider in the State, that contracts with the State, we're required to have an independent financial audit every year. We're required to maintain accreditation, which requires that every three years an independent audit from an accreditation body that comes in and looks at it.

We are required to undergo the -- both of our State and federal contracts, qualitative review of the -- the work that we do. And so when I was reading the audit that was done on the behavioral health assessments that were done in Broward, I think it would be really useful until culture is changed, even if you sunset a law and put it ten years out that you require school systems every three years to have an independent audit that looked at three things.

One, how they're doing on the behavioral health assessments. Are they actually doing what they're supposed to do? Is the assessor data where it's supposed to be and that -- that one could be an internal one, the extent of the officer of school safety, and -- and same with some of the physical plans there because I saw some information in the last couple of days that some schools, for instance, still don't man open gates, stuff like

that.

To me, if you're ever going to change the culture of the school system, I think you need some level of independent audit that takes place on some type of recurring basis at least for a short period of time until you can be assured that folks get there. And -- because otherwise, what -- you know, Sheriff Tony said it, if we weren't meeting, I don't even know if some of the issues that were addressed in the last couple of weeks here would've been addressed. So --

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: So, you're -- you're right. If you would hold that thought for a second because the next presentation, I'm going to put up recaps for you in one points -- what the current oversight responsibility or oversight authorities of the Office of Safe Schools, then I'll make some comments, and then I want to have that discussion. I think that's a -- that's a crucial discussion, so if you would just kind of hold on that right there. Anything else on the -- any other legislative issues you want to talk about right now, Mr. Judd?

MR. SCHACHTER: I really -- I really like the -the first presentation and I think if we're going to make schools safer, we've got to be educating

our teachers on preparing them, giving them all the tools, they need. I think that -- that, you know, is -- is going to go a long way towards making schools safer across the State is there any way we could incorporate that in trying to advance that towards a -- a statewide model or --

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Yeah -- so -- so Jennifer is moving on to brighter pastures, I guess, right? So we -- in the past, the commissioners have used Jennifer Miller as a point of contact to send the information. We've done that in the past. We've asked people to provide follow-up on recommendations, et cetera. So who do you want people to send -- do you want to send something out to everybody and who they should send stuff to? We can send it to you to send it to Jennifer, or send it to you. How do you want to do this?

So when we do -- because Jennifer is moving on with FDLE. She got a promotion. So why don't we say that any recommendations that you-all have, if you would by next Monday is send your recommendations to Heather Pence at FDLE. If you would send out an e-mail with your contact information to everybody. So by close of business next Monday, if you would send any recommendations

on any of the things you want us to make recommendations to -- to Senator Brewers and to Chairman Latvala, then we can do that. And then it'll save time and then you can put all -- everything you think about. You can take a look at this, add to it, and just send your recommendations in and then we'll try and incorporate everything in, good? So why don't we just do it that way?

All right -- a

All right -- all right -- all right. So we have the last PowerPoint. There we go. Okay. So these are the ongoing safety responsibilities by us and by the DOE Office of Safe Schools. There we go. Okay.

So I took the statute and called out those things that are in there that provide for ongoing responsibility, ongoing oversight, if you will, to a degree, by this commission. And so the commission's required to, it is very broad, develop recommendations for system -- system improvements across the board. We continue to do that. Make specific recommendations for approving future response by law enforcement and SROs to active assailant events. That's a continuing responsibility of the statute.

Make specific recommendations for improving

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communication and coordination among first responder agencies, sharing knowledge of risk indicators regarding threats, threats to school safety, and sharing knowledge of possible threats of mass violence in the future, being ongoing responsibilities. This isn't the PowerPoint that was passed out to you. It's not in your reports, but you have it. This is a PowerPoint that was placed it -- on your tables at the break, so you all have this.

Also required to make recommendations to enhance communications and coordination regarding indicators of risks. This gets into the threat assessment process and regarding tools or resources in this regard. So these are the things, you know, when I looked at the PowerPoint yesterday and we had a whole bunch of things that were — boxes checked, that were complete that the commission was required to do and have done.

This is a calling out of those things that are perpetual and will exist until January -- or July 1st of 2023, which is when the commission sunsets. These are ongoing responsibilities. Some of the things that, of course, as you know that we're continuing to monitor; the radio communication

Page 129 issue here, status of improvements to BSO's active assailant mass casualty ready -- readiness, which we got a brief presentation from Chair Anthony on today and they definitely made improvements.

School Safety Officer -- School Safety Officer compliance and training state-wide, the threat assessment process, which is a tremendous amount of opportunity to do more and better. Broward's threat management process and threat management policies that are consistent with the mandated instruments and methodologies.

Again, getting more into threat management, general campus safety. Consistent law enforcement access to school camera systems across Broward County. We have made progress down here in Broward County and I did confirm with Chief Parry that in the Coral Springs 911 Center, in their piece app, the Coral Springs does also now have access to the cameras. So a lot of progresses were made. We know BSO has access, but Coral Springs also has access. But I don't know, and -- and in fact, probably not the case where all the law enforcement agencies across Florida that want access to the school camera systems have that. I think it's probably inconsistent, so we need to follow up on

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that.

Says here we talked about the FSSAT. We'll get more information on our next meeting about -- we had a presentation on Fortify Florida and -- and of course, we had a lot of discussion and what we need

to continue to watch is the effective
implementation of Alyssa's Law. Making sure that
the -- that -- that once every three years two of
my first responders occurs and that these drills be
conducted by these first responder agencies that
are responsible to respond to the campuses. We

talked about that yesterday.

Again, looking at see --

Again, looking at see -- best we can with the transfer of school records within three days. And we talked about this yesterday as well about services and make sure they commence within the right time frame. The -- the principals have properly trained their personnel and that the -- there's written documentation regarding the disposition of incidents. That's something that we need to wait for the current FSSAT, but these are just things that are on the radar that we're keeping an eye on.

So let's talk about the Office of Safe Schools and the Department of Education. See this bounces

around. Okay.

So here is what it looks like right now with what the Office of Safe Schools, when we talked about accountability, we talked about oversight, is — is that in statute 1001.212, is the Office of Safe Schools is to monitor compliance with requirements relating to school safety and the office shall report incidents of noncompliance to the commissioner and the State Board. That 1,832 is part of that kind of complex scheme about what the State board can do. Then under 1001.11.9, the Commissioner shall oversee compliance with the safety and security requirements of the Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School Public Safety Act for all the schools, including charter schools.

So these are again, different provisions. I'm just kind of putting them all together in one place so you can see what the current situation is as to what the Department of Education can do. Oh, God - there. The next one is under 1002.12, what -- the Commissioner must facilitate compliance to the maximum extent possible and report incidents of non-compliance or impose or recommend to the State board sanctioning the actions under 1008.32 or other authority. That 1008.32 provides a number of

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options and they're all fiscal related.

So the commissioner or the State board can withhold grant money, can withhold salaries of the superintendent and it's all related to fiscal oversight. So it also gives the commissioner authority to conduct investigations. So I'd say of all these statutes that currently exist from my review of them, that 1008.32 well, it's complex in some regards. It's probably the best statute that provides for Court oversight. I do think that all of this needs to get cleaned up in one place because it's all in these different statutes and it's kind of going in a -- in a bunch of different directions from what I see. That's why I want to put it up here, and then I'm going to get some comments, and then I'll hear what you-all want to do as far as direction, and where you think we should make recommendations about where all of it

Again, providing ongoing professional development and to coordinate approaches for technical assistance. Just keep this in mind with one of the comments that I'm going to make is the Office of Safe Schools, this is their responsibilities; provide ongoing professional

Page 133 development, coordinate an interdisciplinary approach to technical assistance and guidance, and safety and security recommendations to address deficiencies.

The Office of Safe Schools is also required to develop and implement the school savings -- the safety -- school safety specialist training program. They do that every year. Just did it before school started over in Orlando. That's where Commissioner Petty spoke and I was there. I know Mr. Schachter has spoken to this group in the past. And so that -- they provide the training for the school safety specialists.

These are some of the things that I know that the Office of Safe Schools was working on. It has to do with the FSSAT, a core assessor of behavioral threat assessment, instrument implementation, annual threat assessment, quantitative data, I'm going to talk a little bit about that here in a second. The predecessor workgroup, we heard a presentation on that, you know, see where that goes as far as the database is concerned. And each district is certified annually that all school personnel have received annual training on the active assailant response plan.

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So the -- some of it is -- is that there are some statutes that give the Department of Education and the commissioner some authority and give the State board some authority. They're kind of all over the place in different sections of the statutes then you've got to cup them all together to get an understanding of exactly what options are available or not. I think it would be helpful to have it all in one place and to have it clear, you know, what it is. The Office of Safe Schools and the Department of Education has a multifaceted responsibility in that, on one end they are there to provide some oversight, but on another end other they are there to provide technical assistance and training.

So that's really what all that says and there's a number of things that are ongoing that they are working on and they are monitoring. So what I want to do is make some comments to kind of maybe, I hope, bring all this together, which will lead to the discussion we want to have before we break today, which at the end of the day is where we go from here. So this commission as we know, first began meeting in April of 2018. There is no question that a lot has been accomplished.

Florida. There's no doubt that the schools are safer today than they were on February 14th of 2018 and that law enforcement's active involvement --

They increased school safety in the State of

5 very active involvement, school safety is more 6 prevalent today than it was three-and-a-half years 7 ago. The schools have improved their preparedness

8 to prevent, to respond on campus safety incidents.
9 And we know that this takes a collective effort.
10 And it takes a collective effort to raise and to

educate kids, but it takes a collective effort to keep kids in our schools safe. And the students and staff on Florida's school campuses are safe,

but they can be safer. They need to be safer.

This work isn't complete and frankly will n

This work isn't complete and frankly will never be complete because as threats evolve, school safety and security has to evolve and it must be part of the school culture. It has to be indelible in the mindset of school administrators. And unfortunately, there's a lot of school administrators and staff who have not embraced it. There are some who have, and we certainly appreciate that. Unfortunately, though, those who have not embraced it are the ones that are causing challenges for us and will continue to cause

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challenges unless something changes. Some of them just don't have the necessary urgency and the commitment to increasing school safety and so they don't have that buy-in, and because they don't have that buy in, it requires an ongoing oversight and nudging, if you will, to get them where they need to be.

And this is something that we've seen way too many times that some of these people are spending more time trying to figure out how not to comply and reason with some twisted logic why what is required does not or should not apply to them and the PROMISE program is a classic example of that. Some of them use these complicated laws like FERPA and HIPAA as swords to wiggle out of what should be done. It is -- you-all have expressed, and Commissioner Parry most was recently here a few minutes ago, and I have expressed concern that without continued oversight and required verifications that the progress that we've made, the progress that this commission has made will dissipate and in some cases the safety enhancements will regress.

And some of the reasons for my concern, and  ${\tt I}$  just want to recap this, is that and  ${\tt I}$  said this

earlier, I'm saying it again, this is that this commission convened in April of 2018, the MSD event occurred on February 14th of 2018. It wasn't until a year later -- a year later that this school district, the Broward County School District passed its first ever Active Assailant Response Policy. That is so ridiculous. It was ridiculous then and it is ridiculous now. But it's because there's a lack of urgency and there was no oversight, there wasn't any accountability.

On March 9th of 2018, Governor Rick Scott signed State Senate bill 7026 into law and it required a threat assessments team on every school campus in Florida. And if you remember, we had this discussion. Five months later after Governor Scott signed 7026 into law requiring these threat assessment teams on every school campus is that one of Florida's largest school districts, five months later in August of 2018 publicly debated whether threat assessment teams were a good idea and whether they should be in place in every school. That's the law. Why was it debatable?

We called them out, remember? And then what did they do? They implemented threat assessment teams in every school on the campus. But let's look at

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Page some data. So the data shows that that same 2 district that five months after the law took effect 3 was debating whether threat assessments were a good thing is a district of 130,000 students. That district has 215 schools. They conducted -- think 6 about this, I'm going to say it again, 130,000 students and 215 schools, they conducted 139 threat assessments during the school year in '19-'20, and 61 threat assessments during the year '18-'19. 10

So I'll say it for the third time, 130,000 students, 215 schools, and in '18-'19 they did 60 -- 61 threat assessments and in '19-'20 they did 139. Now, that's not even one threat assessment per school for the entire 1920 school year in that district. Compare that to another district with 113 schools and a student count of 73,000 plus. During the same period of time and that smaller district did 383 threat assessments in the '19-'20 school year.

Yet another comparison shows a district with 245 schools conducted 353 threat assessments, and a slightly larger district with 312 schools did 1,466 threat assessments during the same period. So you -- during the same period you got one district with 245 schools they did 353, a district with 312,

slightly larger they did almost 1,500 threat assessments. So you got to ask the question -- got to ask the question why the disparity?

And is that disparity a coincidence or is that reflective of culture in that district? Is there a commitment to threat assessments or the best way is to prevent the next school shooting? Or like in that district that debated it five months after the law took effect, is it to check the box because there need to have threat assessment teams, they need to have a pro -- a process, so they got it, but they really don't buy into it. During 2018 and 2019, we heard compelling testimony about the failed reunification. We know that Broward County didn't have a reunification policy. We know that they just enacted it now after we inquired.

So we talked about the threat assessments here at Broward County, and we talked about the audit report. We talked about some of the data, but I'm going to just kind of summarize it here again. Is that in the period of time of August 2019 to June 2020, 100 percent of the high and medium risk threat assessments in Broward County had exceptions. Sixty percent of all assessments -- 60 percent of all 875 threat assessments were missing

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a monitoring plan for the person who was assessed. How can it be?

So if you do a threat assessment, you gather the information. You may analyze the information and 60 percent of them don't have a monitoring plan, so it means they didn't do anything with it. Here's another staggering number that came out of that audit, is 20 percent of all 875 were missing teacher input forms. So, you're supposed to get input from the teachers.

Remember in the Cruz situation, they didn't get input from all of the staff and there was some indication that even some of the information was made up in some of those forms. So that was a problem there and then 20 percent -- after they fixed the process, 20 percent were missing teacher input forms, and 16 percent -- think about this, 16 percent were missing initial student interviews. So they weren't even interviewing the kid that was the subject of the threat assessment. 43 percent of the threat assessments were not signed by all the required team members and 17 percent of the 43 percent were not signed by a law enforcement officer here in Broward County.

So we called out because the elementary schools

Page 141 in Fort Lauderdale, remember they had the Guardian, I talked about that a few minutes ago. And the 2 3 zone cop was coming in and being asked to sign it. 4 Is that nonsense still going on even after they say 5 they fixed it? Because 17 percent of these were 6 not even signed by a law enforcement 7 representative. So we know that those threat 8 assessments are important and there's room to do 9 more, to do better. We know that there's issues 10 with assessor. We know what happened in here with 11 the diversion programs. We talked about the camera

situation. We talked about the camera situation

even at MSD, and I can go on with these but I'm not

So the reason why I recap all of that, is really just to emphasize the point that while Florida schools are for sure safer today than they were in 2018, the work isn't done. And at least put the question into the discussion, that we need to talk about is where do we go from here. Remember this commission sunsets on July 1, 2023. And as I've been told many, many times as this commission gets ready to meet. Every time this commi -- commission gets ready to meet, it's the schools and the school districts -- forward to get white knuckles because

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they're concerned about being called out.

And I know it's true because I've seen the scrambling as we prepare to get things done before we meet. The real question, I think, is how do we get to a point where they simply do what is necessary, and don't need to be called out, and don't get worried about when this commission is meeting. That's the goal, isn't it? Nobody wants to call others out. I certainly don't relish doing it, but it was sadly necessary. So here's the question: Is -- does the DOE Office of Safe Schools have the necessary authority and resources to provide the level of oversight that's required to ensure our schools' safety and security continues to improve? And the districts that are not there, get there, and stay there.

Should the responsibility be with the Department of Education Office of Safe Schools? Should the responsibility be with the Department of Education Inspector General? Should the responsibility be with a different State entity? Should there be a permanent commission that provides this oversight? And that's where I want to kick to you-all to have this discussion. And one of the things I want to just kind of add is -- think about this, we don't

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even -- the reason why I'm emphasizing what I did in there in that PowerPoint presentation is to -is to say this is for the Office of Safe Schools.

And I now adjust this to what we have in -- in law enforcement agencies, it's that we have robust training units. And those training units are there to work with our law enforcement officers to make sure that they get the most up-to-date training, they have the right skills, they work closely with them, develop relationships with the deputies, with the officers, and are there for them. And they are also technical advisors, subject matter experts, and they have to have a relationship with the people that they're providing the training for.

But what we want to find out if, as an example, the training is effective, if our policies are effective, or what's going on, is that most of us have some entity that we call something to the effect of a staff inspections unit. And so that they're going around checking on things, and that they do this staff inspections, and they talk to people, and they review policies and procedures. And if they find that things are not necessarily where they need to be, or they find a problem, or they find fault, is that -- they don't go to the

Page 145

Page 144

training unit to conduct the investigation, they go to internal affairs to conduct the investigation.

So my question is, I guess, concern is -- is that is the Office of Safe Schools, which is charged with being the trainer, providing technical assistance, being the subject matter expert, develop their relationship with the schools, and getting with the districts and helping them, the right entity also to inspect them, oversee them, and enforce where it's necessary? And I guess I say all that to say I'm concerned about that. I'm not sure whether that's the right model. So if that isn't the right model, what is? Should there be a permanent commission? Should we recommend that to the Legislature? But where does this go?

So I'm going to stop and ask you-all to pour your ideas out because I think that we need to do this now, given the fact that this commission sunsets on July 1st, 2023, which means something has to be done in this legislative session that starts in January or, which would be really pushing it, the next legislative session in early 2023. So those are my thoughts, what do you-all think? Yeah, go ahead.

MR. HARPRING: I go break the ice?

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Yeah.

MR. HARPRING: We've seen time and again over the years that we've been meeting with -- and everybody knows this, in your own, you know, professional areas of endeavor without oversight and without accountability the rules are ultimately irrelevant. It doesn't matter what any rules or legislation happens to say about what people are supposed to do. And I think the sheriff's comments about the Office of Safe Schools perhaps not being the appropriate specific entity for enforcement, I -- I think it's a point well-taken, if that particular office is supposed to be more of a collaborator with the districts.

But I think somewhere under DOE, there has to be an auditing, an inspection, an accountability entity or unit, in order to understand what's required and what's not happening. Because the data flow that they're getting from all the districts around the State is a mess. You know, now we've moved to monthly reporting and, of course, I have great concerns about the validity of the data going into SESIR and -- and other reports. So the reality of it is, to me, I -- I -- I, you know, having -- had not much time to ponder the

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Page 146 location of whatever group it is, I think there needs to be some trained analysts and people familiar with this area of endeavor in order to, at the State level, hold the districts accountable. Because we've seen that, sadly, they will not ultimately do it themselves.

And -- and I will just say this very briefly, I hope that at our next meeting -- I am disappointed -- and I hope that at our next meeting I am wrong. Because right now -- and other commissioners may share this sentiment, I feel as if I was at a meeting that we were having in 2019. Earlier today, I literally could replay the tape with a lot of what is happening. And I -- I, you know, I feel for a lot of the entities that are involved and I see Sheriff Tony, an independent -- independently elected constitutional officer saying that he wants to take ownership and possession back of -- of basically the  $\operatorname{\mathsf{--}}$  the ORCAT essentially from a bureaucratic mess, for lack of better way to put it. I -- I'm sure very well-intentioned people, but things like that don't make a lot of sense. And I just have a feeling that when I come back, I will not be disappointed, and I will not be wrong when I suggest that we will hear more of the same,

bandwidth to do the type of oversight that would be necessary, and if DOE did it, it would be a typical Q/A function where if -- if I was on the receiving end of it, it's something someone else is doing to

I would prefer that we suggest or recommend that school districts, as part of their responsibilities, have the responsibility of conducting this independent audit. And you can make it X amount a year, so it doesn't have to be every year, that they're responsible for reporting the results to the Department of Education and the Office of Schools Safety. And if there are deficiencies cited in those audits, then I do think the Office of Schools Safety and DOE has the bandwidth then to work with school in terms of training, technical assistance, and that type of stuff, to get school districts where they need to

If I'm a school superintendent and I own that audit process, I buy into that more as opposed to somebody coming and telling me to do something. I just think if it's the Department of Education, we're setting up a peer match between local school boards and the Department of Education as opposed

Page 147 and many of the most essential issues that we've talked about and addressed for years will not in fact be resolved.

I think I'm adverse to a commission for a variety of reasons that I won't belabor, but I think the empowerment -- legislative empowerment with enforcement abilities somewhere in DOE for the gathering of the information, the analysis, the auditing, and then the ultimate reporting on compliance is probably where it -- where it ultimately needs to be. I don't know on the granular level what that actually looks like, but I think it's actually -- that's -- that's my thought. Thank you, Chair.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Commissioner Carroll. MR. CARROLL: I -- I -- I just want to go back to that -- that cool little statement, that ecosystem of leadership, because I -- part of this disfunction and disconnect is going to always be in place and by design because you have local school boards that are locally elected and they ought to have a level of autonomy to be responsive to folks in their community. So I -- I -- I believe that that decentralization was built into the system for a reason. I don't believe that DOE has the

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to putting the responsibility back to where it belong, where local school districts have a responsibility to implement this in a way that keeps kids safe. And -- and there are certain nonnegotiables about that. And -- and I -- so I do think -- and -- and by the way, the private sector independent outside reviews and audits are way of business. I mean, I don't think there's a private organization out there that doesn't have some type of independent audit that's done.

So I -- I would go for a hybrid because I -- I, like these sheriffs, believe that I -- actually I'mmore positive than most because I think the glass is half full. There's been a tremendous amount of work in -- in -- even here in Broward. I -- I -- I know that we are dissatisfied with some of the things they didn't get done, but they've got a lot done. And as a State, I do believe like you, that kids are safer. I don't think that they're safe as they can be or should be, but there has been a tremendous amount of work by a lot of parties that are coming together to do this.

But when this commission goes away and the oversight goes away, and then you're two superintendents down the road or you're a couple of

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Page 151
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         education commissioners down the road and -- and --
                                                                         well, this is how we do it in my school.
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         and folks get focused on different things, four or
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                                                                             So it's not like when you go into it -- and
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         five years from now, aren't we back in the same
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                                                                         school systems are not like a McDonald's. When you
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         place and then everybody says, what happened? So
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                                                                         go into McDonald's and I don't care if you go here
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         that's why I believe if you have a decentralized
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                                                                         or in California, you get the same example. You go
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         culture like we have here, which is not going to
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                                                                         to different schools -- or if your kids have gone
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         change because you have ind -- independently
                                                                         to different schools like mine have, even in the
         elected school boards, which I think is -- is -- is
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                                                                         same school district, you understand that depending
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         by design. I think it's good and I support that.
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                                                                         on who is the principal, I think things function
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         You have a Department of Education that sets the
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                                                                         much differently in those schools.
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         overall policy and requirements and -- and that
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                                                                             So I -- I believe that for this to work, it has
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         type of stuff and could provide training and
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                                                                         to be an independent audit. The responsibility of
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         technical assistance.
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                                                                         that audit should be at a local level. I think the
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             And -- and even in the school districts, as much
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                                                                         results ought to be shared with the Department of
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         as I like to say that I would like to see more
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                                                                         Education and the Office of School Safety, and the
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         consistency in school districts, you'd still have a
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                                                                         Department of Education ought to be available by
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         lot of -- of autonomy. In reading that report the
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                                                                         technical assistance, training, or whatever is
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         other day from the case over in Lee, I was struck
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                                                                         needed to -- to help our district close the gap and
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         by the statement that the woman made in that --
                                                                         deficiencies that are noted. But if we put the
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         that case where she said, well, at this school the
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                                                                         burden on the Department of Education, I think it
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         principal said, in my school, we don't do blah blah
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                                                                         will fail because, A, they don't have the bandwidth
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         blah. And I won't go into what she said he said
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                                                                         or the resources to do it, and B, I -- I think
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         because it turned out to be unfounded, but that --
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                                                                         you're going to have this because you do have
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         that's -- that's the culture I perceive, is that
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                                                                         locally elected officials.
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                                                                             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Well -- well, isn't that
         when you go to a school, if the principal says,
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         why, I mean, that's really what the question is, is
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         that because you have, you know, this, maybe they
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                                                                         they would do it to themselves.
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         shouldn't be the ones to do it in the best case
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                                                                             MR. CARROLL: No. No.
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         because they're tasked with that or they have to
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                                                                             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Because that -- that isn't
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         wall it off in some fashion, you know. But I can
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                                                                         going to work.
         pay if -- but I bring concern about, you know, they
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                                                                            MR. CARROLL: No.
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         -- they messed up SESIR reporting. The FSSATs,
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                                                                             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: That's, you know --
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         remember -- if you think back, and we've reviewed
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                                                                             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Who else? Anybody? Sheriff
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         this in closed session -- remember there's
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                                                                         Judd, go on.
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         district-wide FSSATs in the school base, and they
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                                                                             MR. JUDD: Whichever avenue we -- we take as a
                                                                         Commission, we -- it's been demonstrated to us over
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         were supposed to be kind of along the lines of what
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         you're talking about. It was a -- a self-
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                                                                         and over, even after the law passed, that absent
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         evaluation and a self-report. And until we call
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                                                                         some accountability and consequences, they're going
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                                                                         to ignore it. They're going to ignore it. We --
         them out, remember what they were doing here in
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         Broward, is -- is that it was all boilerplate
                                                                         we've seen that all over the state. I mean,
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         information. It was check the box. There was no
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                                                                         Broward is the poster child, and I think it -- it
         sincere, honest evaluation. It -- it was a mess.
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                                                                         astounds us more so because this is where the
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             MR. CARROLL: I'm -- I'm not saying self-
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                                                                         horrible tragedy occurred. But -- but the -- the
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         evaluation. I'm saying an independent audit, kind
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                                                                         fact remains that there has to be oversight and
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         of what Broward did, where it's an outside
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                                                                         there has to be accountability. Somebody's got to
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         organization.
                                                                        have a --- a direct, but for, responsibility to
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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Oh. An outside -- an
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         outside --
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                                                                             So whether we do it with an audit, as
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SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Well, different . But if it

MR. CARROLL: Yeah. I -- I'm --

Commissioner Carroll said, or -- but if the audit

comes back and then there needs to be, you know,

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important element of that.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Mr. Schachter.

MR. SCHACHTER: I -- I agree with all the

Commissioner's comments. You know, what -- what

Page 155 Page 154 30, 60, 90 days, if it's not -- if it's -- if it's it. There needs to be some sanctioning because it 1 2 not corrected in the 90 days, then you remove --2 doesn't appear to me, I was going to say public 3 you remove the superintendent by State law then. 3 shaming or white knuckles before a Commission 4 You know, either just -- you need to fix it or you 4 meeting, but even the jan -- grand jury doesn't 5 can't do that. They're not going to manage 5 seem to be motivation enough for some of the 6 themselves. We fought with them when the law was 6 culture changes. So functionally, whatever --7 in place and the grand jury was calling for them 7 whatever we recommend, I think we've got to still 8 under oath. Now, if you're not afraid of a grand 8 have that training component ongoing. That's 9 jury, you're a silly individual because they can 9 probably got to be collaborative and co-operative. 10 change your life forever. And we saw them defiant 10 And then whether State does it or some outside 11 up to and appearing before a grand jury. 11 entity contracted by the school district, but I 12 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Commissioner Petty? 12 think that component also needs to be public in 13 13 nature. MR. PETTY: So let's say we accused you of 14 favoring the Department of Education, sort of 14 Is it -- my hope would be that the school boards 15 without regard to where this sits, it seems to me 15 would come to this equation and say, we're going to 16 the functions that are needed. We talked about 16 be the ones that hold these superintendents in 17 training, and I -- and I think the Office of Safe 17 these districts accountable, but we haven't seen a 18 Schools has taken that -- taken that charge from 18 lot of evidence of that, unfortunately. So 19 19 the legislation, and -- and it's doing Gilman's training, audit compliance, and some sanction. The 20 work in trying to train the school districts. I 20 other component that I -- I -- I don't want to 21 think you do need some sort of an audit compliance 21 leave out of this, and I don't know how to get 22 function. Where that sits, if it's an external 22 there to be honest with you, I thought that after 23 agency that comes in or State, I -- but that needs 23 what we -- the horror that we saw on February 14, 24 24 that parents across the state would become more to exist. 25 25 involved in holding their school boards accountable And then there needs to be -- Chairman, you said Page 157 Page 156 1 for these kinds of important school safety 1 we're seeing is that, you know, Broward County measures. And I don't -- I don't see enough 2 Public Schools did an audit. Is this the second 2 3 evidence of parents being involved. I see parents 3 audit that they did, the one we're reviewing now? 4 quite honestly more concerned about whether or not 4 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: No. It's the first one. 5 their child is forced to wear a mask. 5 MR. SCHACHTER: The first on the -- on the 6 Without getting into the politics of that, I 6 threat assessments? 7 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Right. Well, they did a think -- I think that concern pales in comparison 7 8 to whether or not they come home from school that 8 review the first time, even though they had a 9 day. So, you know, if there's a way we can 9 problem, so from an audit standpoint, this is the 10 incorporate parents into this, and maybe that is 10 first audit of the new system. They did an 11 school board level. Maybe it is a posting of the 11 internal review to determine whether it was a 12 audit on a website that the school district may or 12 system-wide problem or whether it was a problem --13 may not control so they don't have -- they don't MR. SCHACHTER: Right. 13 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: -- with the State. have the ability to -- to undermine the results of 14 14 15 15 MR. SCHACHTER: Right. that. And parents take notice of that and it gets SHERIFF GUALTIERI: They determined it was a 16 published in some form or fashion that the parents 16 17 system-wide problem. But under the new system, 17 can make decisions of whether or not they want 18 their child to attend that school or that district 18 this is the first audit of the new system. 19 based on the audit results. We've got to find some 19 MR. SCHACHTER: So my -- my, you know, my fear 20 way to get accountability into the system. And I -20 is that if we sunset and we're not here, even if 21 21 - I think school boards and parents are an they had this audit, they would -- these -- these

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systems would not be fixed. My other -- my other

concern is that DOE and the Office of Safe Schools

their relationship is -- is -- is really as -- as a

inherently -- I think you brought this up -- is

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Amended
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         helper, and they're -- they're there to work with
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         the school district. So I'm not so sure if they
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         can be the -- the enforcer and the auditor at the
         same time. I think it's a difficult balance that
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         they -- they have to walk, so I don't know where
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         that audit or that -- that authority sits. Is it
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         in FDOE instead? So...
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             SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Can I get -- one second.
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         Yeah.
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             Go ahead, Commissioner Carroll.
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             MR. CARROLL: I don't want to put Commissioner
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         Stewart or Chancellor Oliva on the spot, but if --
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         when we talk about consequences because if -- if
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         this came up at the Department of Education and
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         somebody did have significant issues with an audit
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         that was done, realistically, what type of
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         consequences could DOE levy on the school district?
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             MR. OLIVA: So first, is it a -- it's -- it's a
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         -- And so I -- I think first of all, to kind of
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part of it. Like, if there could be some language around the vision of, who are stakeholders that need to completely be a part of that auditing process, and how does Safe Schools support the training of those folks to do the independent audit and take those results and findings and then help make our schools safer.

speak to the question to the room about giving an

opinion because now that the conversation evolved,

that the task has been identified. This really

calls for the Office of Safe Schools to manage

compliance, perpetual development, and then also

manage oversight. Where -- where did that -- where

But to your point, we do have a code of professional ethics, and any educator that holds a valid teaching certification within the system, could be brought to Professional Practices and have sanctions taken against their certificate. There are some statutory authorities that did -- they give oversight to the State board to implement sanctions on school board salaries, superintendent salaries. There could be conversations about levera -- leveraging, withholding funds, whether it was State driven or federally driven. But that gets into a dicey situation as well when they start pulling district funds that are there to support kids who are a victim of adults, And I don't know what they're supposed to be doing.

How do you -- why are you punishing kids? So --I think that's part of this conversation, but it -ultimately, we have a code of professional ethics

Page 159 did that follow? We've actually had internal discussions. Should we bifurcate the team at the Office of Safe Schools, where some folks are focused solely on compliance while other folks are focused solely on implementation. But it goes to bandwidth issues. When you -- when you have a small team and then now you're splitting up all the duties with all this work, it -- it can become overwhelming and daunting.

And to Commissioner Carroll, your point about it's a local control state, so we -- we keep talking about how each district kind of has their own personality, I don't know if that's the right term for it, but it's -- it's in our State constitution that we're a local control state made up by local elected officials that represent the population that -- that they observe. Should that independent audit happen at a local level, if -- if there was something like that, I think, to share and both carry your point, it -- it wouldn't be an independent review of the school district, but how do you get the local officials to share, at least with these parents, to help be part of an independent audit world.

Maybe that's -- a school board member could be a

Page 161 and conducts. And if most aren't following the

laws or implementing the laws, and they having a valid teaching certificate, you could open an investigation and they could face possible sanctions.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Commissioner Larkin-Skinner,

MS. LARKIN-SKINNER: So I -- I think Commissioner Carroll's idea of the external audit is a good one. I mean, we all do that in private business, it's required. However, I have grave concerns about the sunsetting of this particular Commission just based on the lack of progress and lack of urgency that we see. I mean, we've talked a lot the last day and-a-half about our frustration. And I'm not suggesting that this Commission necessarily be permanent, I think an extension is warranted until we come up with a permanent solution. But my biggest concern is having an independent body ultimately have oversight.

So where do those external audits go? If they don't go to an independent body, whoever's reading them or not bothering to read them, is that -that's bad, right? And -- and people won't read

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Page 163 Page them. They won't. Eventually they won't. So I think this warrants an independent body that 1 2 having some independent body like this that has 2 focuses solely on this issue and all of the things 3 that oversight that doesn't have a connection to 3 that have been un -- uncovered here the work, that I -- I -- I'm not beholden to 4 4 Because there may be issues with leadership 5 the educational system. I'm not beholden to DOE. 5 here, and I know there are in other counties, I 6 I'm here because I care about this. I care about 6 know there are. It's not going to go away. We 7 the people of Florida. I care about people in my 7 haven't even talked to people from other counties districts. I care about kids. I care about you-8 really. And we should, that should be a part of 9 all, I care about what happened here. 9 this at some point. So that I -- I just -- I don't 10 It's disturbing and distressing. The lack that 10 really have, like, a permanent solution in mind at 11 -- that I actually have more urgency, I think. I 11 the moment, but I do believe an extension of this 12 wish I could be here to fix it, but I don't want to 12 particular Commission is warranted. We put a lot 13 live here. I don't want to be here. And -- and 13 into this. I don't want to walk away from it until 14 that sounds terrible, but that's how I feel today, 14 I feel like we're somewhere better, and I don't. I 15 very passionately. So my biggest concern about 15 mean, we're a little better, but we're not better 16 sunsetting this is that we need an independent body 16 enough. 17 that's going to read those audits and -- and then 17 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: So -- so your point on the 18 make suggestions and recommendations for 18 audit is the audit was supposed to go to the audit 19 19 improvement. Otherwise, it's all going to go away. committee back in August. They actually posted the 20 People are going to forget. And I -- and I think 20 audit. I believe it was around August 2nd. It was 21 it needs to be singularly focused on this issue. 21 in early August that this audit was posted publicly 22 That's the other thing because I thought for a 22 on the Broward County Schools website, early 23 moment about the OIG. I thought about a different 23 August. This is now the end of September. 24 body in DOE. But the -- the reality is all of 24 When's the first time that anybody took notice 25 25 those entities have other things to focus on. And of this audit? It's been there for the media. Page 165 Page 164 1 It's been there for the public. It's been there 1 Having people standing up there and it -- it has 2 for two months. It's when we raised it. Now, all 2 moved some, not as much as others. But look at the 3 of a sudden, here you go. So I think that goes to 3 -- look at the difference in the attitude and the 4 that point. 4 whole approach the superintendent has. 5 And what seems to move the needle? When 5 And so I  $\operatorname{--}$  I  $\operatorname{--}$  I think that  $\operatorname{--}$  that what 6 something gets reported up at Tallahassee, no 6 happened or didn't happen with this audit report is 7 7 proof of your point. That you -- you got to have offense, but I don't know that anybody pays a lot 8 of attention to the State board meetings. Who sits 8 someplace for it to go work is going to get acted 9 on their TV and watches it, right? What people 9 on. And there has to be some public hearing of it 10 watch this? You do? Yeah, Secretary Tamayo does. 10 because otherwise it becomes an audit report that 11 I'm going to start. I want to -- I -- I'm sure 11 goes on a shelf figuratively or it goes on a 12 it's really --12 website nobody sees. Because we do have some 13 MS. TAMAYO: I watch all of it. I -- I watch --13 public comments. We have, I think, about six or 14 I watch all of it. 14 seven public comments cards that we need to get to 15 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: You can't get your wife to 15 before we break so -watch it? But -- but look at the media coverage. 16 16 Commissioner Powers. Look at the articles and paper. Look at -- look at 17 MS. POWERS: So I just want to say really 17 18 what this gets, you know. I think that your point 18 quickly in defensive school boards a little bit 19 at least -- your point resonates. It's that maybe 19 that the majority of us, I know at least the two 20 you need a combination of both. You need that 20 school board members that sit here, I know for sure 21 21 audit -- that report, maybe to some degree. But do follow the law and we follow the law set by the

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you've got to have some way that -- what -- what

public aspect of -- that is what's moving the

needle. That's what's affecting the change.

has been proven here, what moves the needle, is the

what's happening in the majority of school

Legislature and our Governor in our County. So,

broad-brush of Broward County to be reflective of

you know, I don't -- I just want to not be the

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districts across the State.

And are there improvements even in the best school districts? Absolutely, but to the point about the audit, I think it's a good idea. In my other job, I get audited regularly, programmatically, fiscally, and the DOE takes those results very seriously. I think that they look at that and make recommendations. If there were really bad things happening, then there would be consequences.

And I think that's the key to any -- anything that's done -- if we're going to review something, then there has to be authority to make changes, not just suggestions. Because what we know, sitting here for four years, three years, listening, we've made suggestions and that's all they are, nothing happens. So unless there are consequences and authority to make those changes, then we are just meeting to meet. So I -- I -- there has to be consequences.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Yes -- yeah, and I -- and I hear you but I also have to say you know, about all of this, as you can see from what we put up there yesterday, is -- is that this commission's work has been more than just advisory. It -- it has

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affected change. It has and people have listened. So -- but no, you're right. I mean, you do have a lot of school boards out there, and again, it's like with everything. You have some that are doing it the right way so there is no doubt about that.

Yeah -- Commissioner Dodd?

MR. DODD: Chief, you need to remember that there's still a majority of superintendents in the State that are -- in more the smaller, medium-size counties. So we need to talk about school boards holding superintendents accountable. There are still, I think, 45, maybe, elected superintendents. And so, you know, there is a chance for the public to elect a constitutional officer, a superintendent. And I would also like to say that we do know how much this commission gets action, in your reaction, we've seen that and, you know, so before meetings, -- . I mean, I heard one commenter just talked to somebody before the meeting, they are coming up to testify, you know, that's a week before, two weeks before things are getting done.

It kind of reminds me of the strategic plan. And I don't think we have a very strategic plan here. We brought up an act and, you know, we made

Page 168

recommendations, but it's like, oh, boy, we got to -- we got to get together because we're not doing what we supposed to do. And that, you know, that really does -- I can see the result of the work this commission and I think it's great.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Well, that's where the culture has to change. Because it -- it -- it -it should be doing, you know, what's that the -the -- the test is not what you're doing when people are watching, it's what you're doing when people are not watching and that's where we need to get that's the goal. But so we do have public comments --

Yes, Commissioner Stewart, yes -- yes.

MS. STEWART: If I could just quickly talk about the fact that School districts are audited, all of them. And they are audited financially, they're audited with their FTV, and they are audited where there are any points of law. And there are under a 100,000 students that need that is done by Auditor-General, and if there are over 100,000 then those are done by a CPA firm -- independent CPA firms. And all of that information goes to deal with -there's certainly the time those have to be corrected. I think, generally speaking, those get

Page 169 corrected or there are financial consequences. And there were the two that you had referenced earlier, is very specific. And as you mentioned, complicated, but just the financial part with those audits, can have an impact.

I agree with what everyone has said that unless there are consequences, and very often what we have found over time is unless those consequences are public, it just continues to be perpetuated. So if there is a way to -- to leverage what's already in place, with complementing that with some consequences, I think that's probably the best solution to that.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Okay. Go ahead. MR. SCHACHTER: And, you know, just -- just as -- I just want to thank all the commissioners. I think on the last few days, even though it's been hard and upsetting the people of Broward County really owe you a debt of gratitude. And to the Sheriff, I know all the hard work you put into this. This is not just the last few days. You're working on this constantly hours on the phone, reaching out to all these officials. So thank you for all your hard work.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: You're welcome.

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Page 170 So this is what -- we did call a comment here, 2 but I'm thinking, you know, tell me what you-all 3 are thinking is that we have another meeting sometime after the first year. Let Superintendent 4 5 Cartwright do her work, get some things going. 6 Legislature is going to meet. There is an early 7 session this year, January, February. Maybe -maybe sometime after the legislative session and 9 we'll see what the results of that are. That's the 10 time frame that I'm thinking. Is that -- anybody 11 have any other thoughts on that? I mean, we're not 12 doing anything formal but I don't see any value in 13 trying to meet again between now and the end of the 14 year. I think we wait until the first part of that 15 year sometime and then see where things are -- . 16 Commissioner Carroll.

> MR. CARROLL: How -- how are we going to -there has to be a face-to-face meeting, but how are you going to finalize what the legislative recommendations will be for this session?

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: I think what I'm going to do -- is take your -- take your recommendations that we will receive here by the next week, you know, a couple of them with these, maybe send something out to everybody. And if we have to have a telephonic

Page 171 meeting, we could but just to get your feedback on it. And again, these are recommendations that we're making. As you know, well, to senators and representatives, -- and ultimately, they'll make the decisions about whether they concur with the recommendations and what they're willing to file.

So that's the way I see the process going, is we'll compile everything that you-all have and then send it back out to everybody. And if there is, you know, no objection to that, then -- you know, we've already started the process with them but it's still early, so we can, you know, add additional things. So that's what -- that's how I see the process going unless you-all want to do it differently.

MR. JUDD: The only thing that I  $\operatorname{--}$  I think we need to focus on is if we truly claim that there needs to be oversight, would that be auditing and consequences or DOE involved in it. I think -- I think what we need to do is at least have a Zoom meeting, once that's crafted and then we get everyone's input. Because I think, if we can agree, we can get -- to send to the Legislature to say, well, we sunset soon. And there is empirical evidence that if somebody doesn't stay on some of

Page 172

these school districts. If it doesn't happen then it will regress. And I think -- so I truly think that once we crack this legislation we probably need to at least have it on the record, but we can all agree with that are substantial majority, I aness.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: And I've already had some discussions with members of the Legislature about it just to put this on their dashboards so that they know that it is something that we're at least recommending. We know it has to be addressed. That it's obviously a 100 percent concurrence that if -- if this was July first, 2023, and this Commission goes away, there's going to be regression, and if there's no oversight, I don't see anybody that disagrees with that.

So the question is -- is what to do and how to do it. So we already had that, so we know they were thinking about it. So maybe that they craft it because they're the ones that ultimately make the decision. Obviously, we can provide input. I want to have discussion with Commissioner -- about it, I think he needs to weigh in. And and I imagine -- I don't know this, but I imagine the Governor's Office also may want to weigh in on it. Page 173

So I think that, you know, we have these discussions and see what their thoughts are. Share some of those thoughts back with everybody and certainly we could do a Zoom meeting. We could meet again in person. And it doesn't have to happen -- it doesn't have to happen in this legislative session. And then, you know, maybe there's more -- maybe there's something more that we're not thinking about that doesn't necessarily require legislative action. I guess I don't see that. It is going to require some sort of legislative action. There has to be some.

The question is, does it happen this session or next. You know, another possibility is if it takes more time to craft it, like Commissioner Larkin-Skinner said, is that maybe they extend this -- for a year or so for a period of time. I don't know. There's a lot of options. But I think that -- I think the entities will really have to weigh in on it or the leadership if the Legislature, the Governor's Office, Commissioner, corporate, and I think there's a number of stakeholders that need to weigh in. And, you know, maybe even to some degree, even superintendents or other school boards to some degree that are doing a right, maybe they

Page 174 should have an opportunity to weigh in on what it's going to look like, but I don't think that's unreasonable either. So I think that's how -- I think that's how we can move down the path.

MR. SCHACHTER: Sheriff, we're going to have a grand jury report that's going to come out hopefully in the next couple of months, and I think there's going to be, I think, a lot -- a lot in there that needs to be worked on. I think we should keep doing what we're doing. This is working, we're making progress. I feel, so...

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Yeah. All right. So let's start with -- so we started public comment -- we do have several people that want to make public comments. So I'm going to call the folks up with completed public comment appearance forms. As always, we ask you, you need to limit your comments to three minutes. It will begin with Mr. Montalto.

MR. MONTALTO: Good afternoon. I'll start off my comments on today's testimony by saying that this Commission should be extended. The reason is because this important work must continue.

Leadership makes a difference. Sheriff Tony,
Superintendent Cartwright's testimony today showed anyone watching that leadership can indeed make a

Page 175 difference. The positive tone, and reported results were an amazing turnaround from what we've all seen at previous commission hearings.

For the first time since my daughter Gina, and the 16 other wonderful souls were murdered, there is hope for Broward citizens. To be clear, there is more work to be done and we demand action. Every family in Florida should be thankful for the changes driven by the work of this commission. As the father of Gina Montalto, my forever 14 year-old daughter who was a victim in the MSD shooting, I want to thank you all as well.

The improvements and school safety have come from multiple sources. The State Office of Safe Schools, the State Board of Education, the Florida Legislature, and the governor. We must recognize the leadership of house education and labor chairman, representative Chris Latvala and his staff in the passing of the recommendations of this commission into law. Although Florida has seen some improvement in each session since the 17 wonderful souls were taken from us over three years ago, it's clear that more needs to be done.

We were hopeful to see bipartisan discussion and action through law that continues the progress that

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Florida has made in the area of school safety. We should also recognize the need for continued support from the current and future speaker of the house and president of the Florida Senate, for the law changes recommended by this commission be enacted. The chairman of this Commission, and Parkland's former mayor, and now State Representative Hunschofsky, have been — have been great advocates for school safety.

Same with Parkland, the school advocacy group bounded by families who lost a loved one in the MSD tragedy, met earlier this year with Senator -- Senator for education -- Chair Latvala, and Chair Gualtieri, to plan a legislative path forward. During this meeting, Stand with Parkland proposed the idea of creating a school district mental health coordinator. This position is similar in nature to the school district safety specialist, would require specific education and experience to be had.

They would be charged with coordinating the mental healthcare of students that have gone through the behavioral threat assessment process and make sure that the care that they are receiving from various providers, has the student on track

Page 177 for success. This commission's discussion

for success. This commission's discussion yesterday seemed to support that kind of idea. We are hopeful the Florida Senate will work with the house in the 2022 legislative session to pass a comprehensive school safety bill, enacting many of this body's outstanding recommendations.

I ask everyone to please take a moment to remember the 17 individuals taken on February 14th of 2018. And I thank all of you on this commission for your time and dedication to making Florida's schools safer.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Thank you, Mr. Montalto, next is Anna Fusco.

MS. FUSCO: Good afternoon, how are you-all?

I stand here speaking on behalf of the Broward educators and support staff here in Broward County Public School.

MS. FUSCO: I want to thank all of you for the hard work, the tremendous amount of time you've put into it, and wanting to create a -- just a positive, safe space that we need in -- everywhere. Our schools are very important. Our educators walk into our schools every single day knowing that they have children's lives that they need to protect. And the first thing that's in their heads is safety

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first, and then how to educate them.

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Having strong leadership in our Broward County public schools is very important. I know you all know me. I'm not a hidden face to any of you, even behind this mask. You know how I stand very strong on supporting our educators and all the resources that they continuously need and continuously ask for. Our public school system always seems to be the place that's always underfunded, and great expectations always seem to be happening. And our teachers weather through it, lots of times taking out of their own pockets to take care of the needs of their students.

We know that safety is important. Broward Teacher's Union is going to stand very strong in always wanting to put that first, and making sure that our educators understand the importance of putting that first. When there's a training, when there is a new safety protocol, when there's a new safety policy, but first and foremost that they need is to know that it's there. They need to understand how to get it, and they need to be put forth with the training. And I really respect every one of you that want to sit here through these many countless hours and taking the time for

making sure that we're going to get it.

And I do work hand-in-hand with Lori Aldahoff {sic}, Debbie Hixon, that have taken this role to sit on our board, and I know they have to sit through lots of things that is so hard to hear. As for you, Mr. Schachter, and you, Mr. Parry, sitting here knowing that you're doing this work is so hard, but you're still doing it because you care, and you want everyone else to know that there is a purpose for this safety. I also stand to speak very strongly on promoting, through Alyssa's Law, that Lori has spent dedicated time and hours to put forward, and she wants Alyssa's Alert to be known and understood, and through the SaferWatch app in our schools. And I know you heard that our educators don't have it downloaded yet.

Not a -- not a great amount. First and foremost, the communication piece has to happen. They need to understand what it is. They need to understand why. In that, I'm dedicated to working with Lori and the security group of Broward County Public Schools to make sure that we understand what it's about, so they do feel comfortable and safe downloading it, and know that it saves a life. And that's what's important. So we need to get them to

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understand that it's not tracking them, but it's an app that has a direct alert that can save a life. And that anybody that has it can use it without any repercussion. The sole purpose is to save a life.

So I'm committed to standing with Lori and anyone else who wants to advocate for this app, and just to get the first and foremost, is the communication. Miscommunication is the number one situation of why people don't do things because they just don't know. So if we can keep communicating, getting the right information out, and us encourage people to listen and pay attention and receive the information, that is going to be a success. And I'm committed to doing that with Lori and with Debbie, our school board members, and, of course, you've met our new interim superintendent who came into a broken system and only wants the best for us. And I genuinely believe she does. We just have to get people to stand with her and let's get the work done, and in Broward Teacher's Union, in my leadership, we are committed to doing that.

So thank you guys again for everything you've done. This is a tremendous amount of work. And we want to make sure that we help with this message in making sure that safety happens and the people

Page 181 understand why and how they do it. Thank you.

SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Next up is Jeff Kelly.

MR. KELLY: Thank you, Sheriff Gualtieri, and commission members. Thank you for all you do. As a vendor -- I am not a panic button vendor. I work in communications related to interoperability. As you might imagine, many companies came to me. Your quidance led the charge. You mandated video sharing. You mandated interoperability between disparate radio systems. So given the history of the 16 counties that I work with, beginning with Captain Francis in Seminole County five years ago, many companies came to -- to my company, Mutual Link, and said we'd like to integrate with you so that when we can answer this RFP, we can tell the State of Florida that yes, we can provide radio and video interoperability.

Now, I just -- I think this is my eighth meeting I've attended. I've never spoken before, for a number of reasons I wanted to stay out of it, but there were questions that were brought up yesterday that I tried to speak. There was a compliance form in the contract with the State of Florida. There was a compliance form that must be filled out by

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         both the vendor and the district. And you must
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         check the box for all the issues that some of you
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         have described. Interoperability, video sharing,
         direct into 911, so forth, and so on. What's the
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         bottom line here? The bottom line is the vendor
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         will not get paid if the compliance form is not
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         filled out.
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             I'm being pestered now by a few charter schools
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         that are all but complete with their panic button
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         downloads, their interoperability of video-radio
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         sharing. And they want to get the forms, they want
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         to get it off their plate, and I'm going to want to
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         address a couple of those in some counties in the
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         next couple or three days.
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Especially to that question about a survey about interoperability and direct to 911. The timeline of that, well, honestly, ladies and gentlemen, we're far from being completed where the apps are connected right to 911. As you might imagine, you know, Security Director Hay is doing a world-class job, and his staff is nothing short of remarkable, but let's think about what they did. There are nine vendors, so contracts had to be negotiated with the State of Florida with nine vendors. Nine vendors have nine lawyers. The State Office of DOE

has a lawyer. It took time.

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So in some cases, contracts were not signed until early summer with an August 1st deadline. So what I'll tell you right now is, I'm quite busy, as you might imagine, traveling the four corners of the state over the coming weeks, making sure that that integration is complete. Now, staffing, Commissioner Swearingen requested -- or questioned if you will -- the staffing. There's quarterly testing required as part of the contract. Who's going to audit those forms that all the schools in larger districts are doing the testing, that the panic button did what it was supposed to do. Notify all the staff members, connected radiovideo, connected to 911.

There was a -- there is a path here that needs to be checked. So I applaud the Commissioner, that he needs more staff. No question. As far as compliance goes, I am troubled like you are. I am not in the panic button business. I'm very troubled that only 15, 17, 18 percent have downloaded the app. And -- and these professionals, the teachers and teacher's unions could not be more wrong.

They are not being monitored unless they're in a

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geofence campus and they turned the location
services on that we're all familiar with per the
application. And it is, I will tell you firsthand,
that Capital Press has had a robust program five
years ago where you had a little competition, and
it was 54 percent. After Parkland, that rose to 84
percent. I will further tell you that Brevard
County, 110 schools that I've worked with, in
meeting with the union that they brought it early
on, they signed an MOU with the union. Number 1 --
    SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Mr. Kelly --
    MR. KELLY: -- there were no --
    SHERIFF GUALTIERI: -- you're -- you're --
you're already over four minutes --
    MR. KELLY: Okay.
    SHERIFF GUALTIERI: -- and you need to conclude.
    MR. KELLY: Let me -- I'll wrap it up. Issue
number one. In the MOU, there will be no
punishment for a false activation. Number two,
they promised never to monitor a district employee
if they weren't at work. With that, I close.
Thank you.
    SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Thank you.
Kristina, I believe, Braziel?
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Page 185 work, obviously. I can't -- I -- I mean, since Marjory Stoneman Douglas happened, emotionally for me it's been very difficult. But I can't even imagine what those of you that have served the way you have, how you do it. And I just -- I honor it so much. I so appreciate it.

I've -- I've -- I've been part of this culture of Broward County Public Schools. I raised two amazing daughters within it. And I got -- I was --I was floored to hear a few days ago that we just, officially in Broward County, passed policies in regards to our families being reunited. Because when -- when I came to talk to you before, I had recalled my experience being on -- within my children's school, even though I wasn't the chair, like, governing -- well, at one point, I actually did become a chair and chaired the area.

So I had to find out and know the policies. And then from our policies, we have to go to our State statutes and what governs them and how they actually made the policy. But then it seems like when you get to the local level, and everybody has an interest in certain things, you like to wordsmith everything around as close as you can to the statute so that you can proceed with what it is

MS. BRAZIEL: Okay. Thank you all for your

Page 186 Page 187 help you to bridge the gaps between your that you think needs to be done. 2 jurisdictions and how it is that you're following 2 But anyway, when I look at the situation with through on your threat assessments. As well as, I 3 3 the jurisdictions, and with what it is that you love what I heard about the mental health and what 4 4 need to do and the authority that you have within you-all are talking about doing and having a point 5 this board, I do think that the Department of person in order to support those services that are 6 Education needs to be involved. But I also think given. So thank you for your time. 7 that there has to be a true governing law office SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Thank you for your comments. 8 8 that connects. I mean, there -- there has to be Kevin -- Kevin Bolling? 9 9 authority in going in, and there has to be people that are actually policing these situations. 10 MR. BOLLING: I would like to thank you guys. 10 11 Beautiful job. And that's all I wanted to say. 11 It's kind of sad to say that we really need that 12 Thank you. 12 kind of structure, but when you talk about budgets 13 and to hear that we have a audited budget for it, 13 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Thank you. Eric 14 and -- and I've tried to be pretty deep in Broward 14 Garner? MR. GARNER: First of all. I have to apologize 15 15 as far as what they're doing with their money, and 16 for my attempt at my appearance. I -- I actually 16 I've never heard at a school board meeting -- I 17 had a doctor's appointment before this and had to 17 also sat at years and years and years of school do a little work. Thank you, guys. I -- I know 18 18 board meetings and tried to give input on that I 19 you're working hard and -- and you're doing God's 19 thought was best for our kids. I've never heard of 20 us having a state -- that the State audit as far as 20 work for sure. I'm a teacher at Marjory Stoneman 21 Douglas. I was there that day. And today I want 21 our budgets -to talk to you about the hesitancy that teachers 22 SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Ma'am, you're over three 23 are feeling. I know that it's been brought up 23 minutes, so you need to conclude, please. 2.4 about Alyssa's Law. I am going to tell you the 24 MS. BRAZIEL: So I just definitely think that teachers are 100 percent behind Alyssa's Law. 25 you need more work. I think the Legislature has to Page 189 Page 188 1 We are -- we could not be more for having more 1 vou. 2 safety, more security, and more ability to reach SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. Thank you. Last out to law enforcement when an event occurs. But I 3 one is Michael Sirbola have some trepidation about the -- the application 4 MR. SIRBOLA: Yes. Hello to everyone here who's that's being used or -- or endorsed in Broward's lost someone. Your motive -- motives are certi -schools, and I -- I cannot speak to other school certifiable, and for that reason, I want to point 6 6 7 systems. The trepidation has to do with the endout that if we were to move forward with some of user agreement and how invasive that end-user the things we're talking about, children would 8 9 agreement is. Now, I've -- I've heard other 9 suffer. We're all here to prevent that. And we 10 10 speaple -- people speak that there's geofencing, don't want to hold people as good or bad, and I'm 11 and it only applies once we get within a certain 11 going to use ourselves as a demonstration, I guess. 12 area, but that's not what the end-user agreement 12 We know your motives, and yet, if we move 13 13 forward, for example, with Alyssa's Law, eventually savs. 14 So if I have that agreement, that it's only 14 three to maybe 30 kids are going to die needlessly 15 going to do something when I am within a general 15 because what's going to happen is the teachers who 16 area of my school, I'll download it right now in 16 have access to those alarms are going to have tens 17 front of you. But until that time, I'm staying 17 and hundreds of thousands of ROTC fake guns moving 18 with Fortify Florida to satisfy the law, and I know in and out of schools. They will sometimes do it, 18 that's -- that's probably what I shouldn't be 19 sometimes won't, sometimes they'll hesitate. The 19 20 saying, but I -- I -- I believe that. And I -- I'd 2.0 FBI will, you know, go in every time and they'll 21 be willing to talk further with any of you about 21 say, well, there was a hesitation here. Well, this, but I know this is just public comments so I 2.2 they'll go through a lot of those hesitations 2.2 23 don't -- I don't know that I can be asked 23 before anyone finally says maybe we should not have 24 questions. But please, I want you to know we are fake guns that are sold on the basis of how real 24 25 25 100 percent in support of the law itself. Thank they are.

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1	Page 190 And by the way, we'll have more people and more	1	Page 191 eventually sorts this all out.
2	schools sign up for ROTC because guns are passe. I	2	In real-time, it's more difficult. For example,
3	mean, that's like using an old phone with a cord to	3	right now, if you want to make children safe, to
4	it, you know. We need to be teaching real things	4	make schools really safe, give responsibilities for
5	that matter in the new world. So that's an	5	those children so that they're facing the person
6	example, the fact that we are doing now what we're	6	responsible for them right there face-to-face, not
7	accusing that the school district of having done	7	a governor, not a corporate office or something.
8	before. They aren't bad people. Why are we here?	8	So that's where the safety lies, and give them back
1		9	responsibility for testing and for assessment of
9	We're here because the 1944 US Constitution		
10	mandated you guys to have the right to have a	10	those children that you took away. That's the real
11	minimum of public safety. You have a	11	source of this issue. And yes, don't give them com
12	responsibility to us.	12	full control, then give yourself control over
13	And by the way, you're representing a government	13	those teachers and those schools and exert strong
14	that isn't applying that to vaccines. So when you	14	central control, but give the direct
15	are talking about Broward, two months later	15	responsibilities to those teachers if you want real
16	debating State laws that potentially endangered	16	change.
17	children's lives that we took an oath to defend.	17	There's a void right now that's been left
18	That is why we do this because, obviously, states	18	because the testing is up in the air. There you
19	do pass those kinds of laws. It is just common	19	go, pass propose some legislation to ban those
20	reactive thinking to think otherwise. The Hague	20	fake guns. That's just common sense. If you can't
21	would be prosecuting the State of Florida if we	21	do that, don't dare tell other people to change.
22	were a country for mass crimes against humanity	22	Half the people here aren't wearing masks. That's
23	because to promote natural herd immunity is COVID	23	against the science, and it's a part of the
24	eugenic genocide. So these aren't questions, these	24	libertarian
25	are facts, and these, you know history	25	SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Mr. Sirbola
	Page 192		Page 193
1	MR. SIRBOLA: it's anti-government. Forget	1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	about policies when we're talking about children's	2	
3	lives, please.		THE STATE OF FLORIDA
4	SHERIFF GUALTIERI: Okay. Thank you.		COUNTY OF BROWARD:
5	MR. SIRBOLA: Thank you very much for giving me	5	
6	the time. Thanks.	6	I, Johnny Caldera, Court Reporter and Notary
7	SHERIFF GUALTIERI: All right. That's the last		Public, certify that this transcript is a true and
8	public comment we have. Please remember to get		complete record of my notes.
9	whatever comments you want on the legislation in by	9	I further certify that I am not a relative,
10	next Monday. And everybody safe travels back. And		employee, attorney, or counsel of any of the parties,
11	we're adjourned.		nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'
12	(Thereupon the proceedings concluded at 5:43 p.m.)		attorney or counsel with the action, nor am I
13			financially in the action.
14		14	DATED this 15th day of November 2021.
15		15	Johnny Caldera
16		16	
17		17	Johnny Caldera,
18		18	Notary Public-State of Florida
19		19	My commission # HH 182910
20		20	Expires October 6, 2025
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