Drugs Identified in Deceased Persons by Florida Medical Examiners



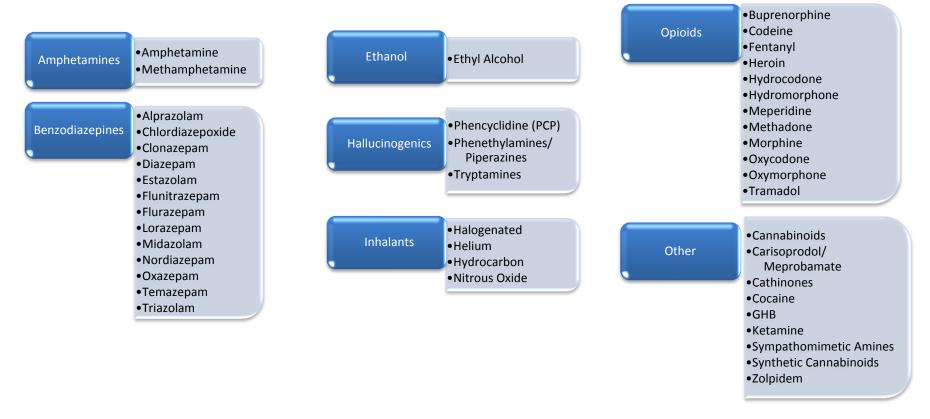
Interim Report 2014

Data Collection

The State of Florida's Bureau of Vital Statistics reported 94,749 deaths occurred in Florida during the first six months of 2014. Of the cases seen by the State's medical examiners, toxicology results determined that the drugs listed below were present at the time of death in 4,023 cases. The medical examiners assessed whether the drug(s) identified was the cause of death or merely present at the time of death. The data were then submitted to the Medical Examiners Commission for presentation in this report. It is important to note that each death is a single case, while each time a drug is detected represents an occurrence. The vast majority of the 4,023 cases (decedents) had more than one drug occurrence.

When reporting the data, the state's medical examiners were asked to distinguish between the drugs determined to be the cause of death, and those drugs that were present in the body at the time of death. A drug is indicated as the cause of death only when, after examining all evidence, the autopsy, and toxicology results, the medical examiner determines the drug played a causal role in the death. It is not uncommon for a decedent to have multiple drugs listed as a cause of death. However, a drug may not have played a causal role in the death even when the medical examiner determines the drug is present or identifiable in the decedent. Therefore, a decedent often is found to have multiple drugs listed as present; these are drug occurrences and are not equivalent to cases (decedents).

Data were collected on the following drugs:



Report Summary

Some general statewide trends for the first half of 2014 (January – June) are listed below. <u>Please note: comparisons to 2013 are based on data for January through June.</u>

- ✓ A decrease of 3.4 percent (140 less) in total drug-related deaths compared with the first half of 2013.
- ✓ 2,232 individuals (121 fewer deaths than the first half of 2013) died with one or more prescription drugs in their system. The drugs were identified as both the cause of death and present in the decedent. These drugs may have also been mixed with illicit drugs and alcohol.
- 938 individuals (34 fewer deaths than the first half of 2013) died with at least one prescription drug in their system that was identified as the cause of death. These drugs may have been mixed with other prescription drugs, illicit drugs and/or alcohol.
- ✓ Prescription drugs (benzodiazepines, carisoprodol/meprobamate, zolpidem and all opioids, excluding heroin) continued to be found more often than illicit drugs, both as the cause of death and present at death. Prescription drugs account for 72.9 percent of all drug occurrences in this report when ethyl alcohol is excluded.
- ✓ Heroin (89.7 percent), fentanyl (69.8 percent), methadone (69.4 percent), and morphine (56.2 percent) were listed as causing death in more than 50 percent of the deaths in which these drugs were found.
- ✓ The four most frequently occurring drugs found in individuals were ethyl alcohol (1,983), benzodiazepines (1,954, including 577 alprazolam deaths), cocaine (725), and morphine (525).
- ✓ The drugs that caused the most deaths were benzodiazepines (533, including 252 alprazolam deaths), cocaine (343), morphine (295), ethyl alcohol (274), and oxycodone (219).
- Occurrences of heroin increased by 119.7 percent (85 more) and deaths caused by heroin increased by 102.9 percent (71 more) compared with the first half of 2013; 90 percent of all heroin deaths were classified as accidental.
- ✓ Occurrences of methadone decreased by 24.6 percent (80 less) and hydrocodone decreased by 19.5 percent (82 less) compared with the first half of 2013. Deaths caused by methadone decreased by 24.1 percent (54 less) and hydrocodone decreased by 24.2 percent (38 less) during the same period.
- ✓ Occurrences of oxycodone decreased by 12.2 percent (65 less) and deaths caused by oxycodone decreased by 20.1 percent (55 less) compared with the first half of 2013.

(Report Summary Continued)

- ✓ Occurrences of cocaine increased by 8.9 percent (59 more) and deaths caused by cocaine increased by 16.3 percent (48 more) compared with the first half of 2013.
- ✓ Occurrences of fentanyl increased by 47.4 percent (64 more) and deaths caused by fentanyl increased 67.5 percent (56 more) compared with the first half of 2013.
- ✓ Alprazolam (Xanax) and nordiazepam dominate the category of benzodiazepines. Occurrences of alprazolam decreased by 13.5 percent (90 less) and nordiazepam decreased by 20.7 percent (79 less) compared to the first half of 2013. Alprazolam and nordiazepam are rarely the sole cause of death, but are common as contributing to the cause of multi-drug deaths.
- ✓ Occurrences of methamphetamine increased by 34.6 percent (28 more) and amphetamine increased by 15.8 percent (18 more) compared with the first half of 2013.

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Coverage Map

Florida Medical Examiner Districts

District 1 Escambia Okaloosa Santa Rosa Walton

District 2
Franklin
Gadsden
Leon
Liberty

Jefferson Taylor Wakulla

District 3 *Covered by

Columbia *4
Dixie *8
Hamilton *4
Lafayette *2
Madison *2
Suwannee *2

District 4
Duval
Nassau
Clay

District 5

Citrus Hernando Lake Marion Sumter

District 6
Pinellas
Pasco

District 7 Volusia

District 8
Alachua
Baker
Bradford

Gilchrist Levy Union

District 9
Orange
Osceola

District 10 Hardee Highlands Polk District 11 Miami-Dade

District 12
DeSoto
Manatee

Sarasota

District 13 Hillsborough

District 14 Bay

Calhoun Gulf Jackson Washington Holmes

District 15 Palm Beach

District 16 Monroe

District 17 Broward District 18 Brevard

District 19 Indian River

Martin Okeechobee St. Lucie

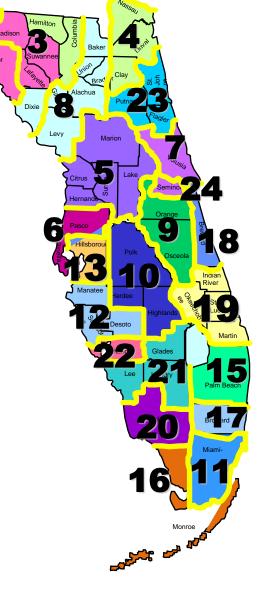
District 20 Collier

District 21
Glades
Hendry
Lee

District 22 Charlotte

District 23
Flagler
Putnam
St. Johns

<u>District 24</u>
*Covered by
Seminole *7



Summary of Drug Occurrences in Decedents January - June 2014

	DRUG PRESENT IN BODY	Cause	Present	TOTAL OCCURRENCES
Amphetamines	Amphetamine	28	104	132
Amphet	Methamphetamine	40	69	109
	Alprazolam	252	325	577
	Chlordiazepoxide	2	44	46
	Clonazepam	25	145	170
	Diazepam	81	189	270
ıes	Estazolam	0	0	0
epir	Flunitrazepam	0	0	0
Benzodiazepines	Flurazepam	0	4	4
UZO(Lorazepam	7	83	90
Bei	Midazolam	8	73	81
	Nordiazepam	62	240	302
	Oxazepam	39	144	183
	Temazepam	57	174	231
	Triazolam	0	0	0
	Ethanol	274	1,709	1,983
enics	Phencyclidine (PCP)	0	0	0
Hallucinogenics	Phenethylamines/Piperazines	2	4	6
Hallı	Tryptamines	0	0	0

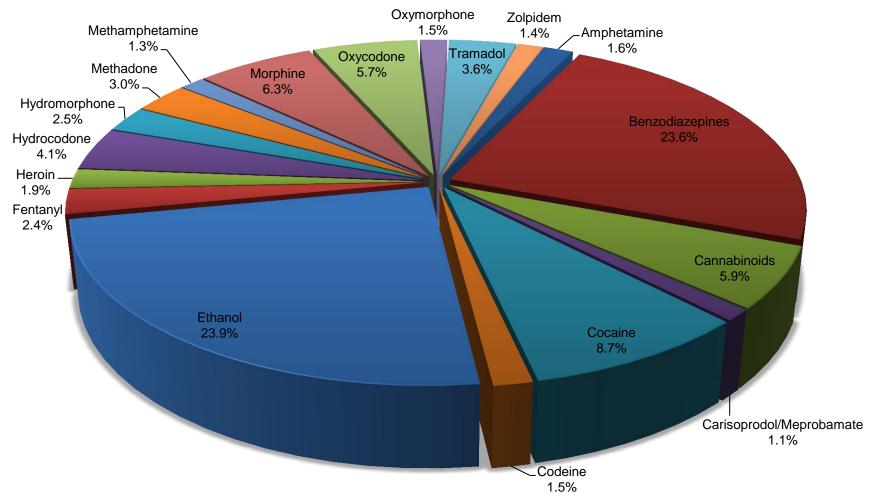
Summary of Drug Occurrences in Decedents (continued)

	Drug Present in Body	Cause	Present	TOTAL OCCURRENCES
S	Halogenated	13	2	15
Inhalants	Helium	12	0	12
nhal	Hydrocarbon	3	1	4
_	Nitrous Oxide	0	0	0
	Buprenorphine	5	12	17
	Codeine	16	109	125
	Fentanyl	139	60	199
	Heroin	140	16	156
	Hydrocodone	119	220	339
oids	Hydromorphone	73	133	206
Opioids	Meperidine	2	3	5
	Methadone	170	75	245
	Morphine	295	230	525
	Oxycodone	219	251	470
	Oxymorphone	30	91	121
	Tramadol	57	244	301
	Cannabinoids	1	491	492
	Carisoprodol/Meprobamate	13	78	91
	Cathinones	19	53	72
<u>_</u>	Cocaine	343	382	725
Other	GHB	1	0	1
O	Ketamine	2	11	13
	Sympathomimetic Amines	2	10	12
	Synthetic Cannabinoids	1	1	2
	Zolpidem	22	92	114

Note: The total occurrences for buprenorphine and cannabinoids are under reported due to analytical variability across medical examiner districts. Medical examiners were asked to identify any metabolites of parent drugs. Since heroin is immediately metabolized to morphine, this may lead to a slight over-reporting of morphine-related deaths.

Frequency of Occurrence of Drugs in Decedents

January – June 2014



Buprenorphine, Cathinones, GHB, Ketamine, Meperidine, Other Sympathomimetic Amines, Synthetic Cannabinoids, all tracked inhalants, and all tracked hallucinogenics individually constituted less than 1% of the drug frequencies and were not included.

Note: In many deaths, several drugs contributed to the death; thus, the count of specific drugs is greater than the number of cases.

Comparison of Drug Occurrences in Decedents

	Drug Present in Body	January-June 2013	January-June 2014	Percentage Change
amines	Amphetamine	114	132	15.8%
Amphetamines	Methamphetamine	81	109	34.6%
	Alprazolam	667	577	-13.5%
	Chlordiazepoxide	38	46	21.1%
	Clonazepam	198	170	-14.1%
	Diazepam	366	270	-26.2%
Jes	Estazolam	2	0	*
epir	Flunitrazepam	0	0	*
Benzodiazepines	Flurazepam	6	4	*
)OZU	Lorazepam	88	90	2.3%
Be	Midazolam	85	81	-4.7%
	Nordiazepam	381	302	-20.7%
	Oxazepam	191	183	-4.2%
	Temazepam	255	231	-9.4%
	Triazolam	2	0	*
	Ethanol	1990	1,983	-0.4%
nics	Phencyclidine (PCP)	0	0	*
Hallucinogenics	Phenethylamines/Piperazines	5	6	*
Hallu	Tryptamines	1	0	*

^{*}Due to the small number of occurrences, percent changes were not calculated.

Note: Many of the deaths were found to have several drugs contributing to the death, thus the count of specific drugs listed is greater than the number of cases.

Comparison of Drug Occurrences in Decedents (continued)

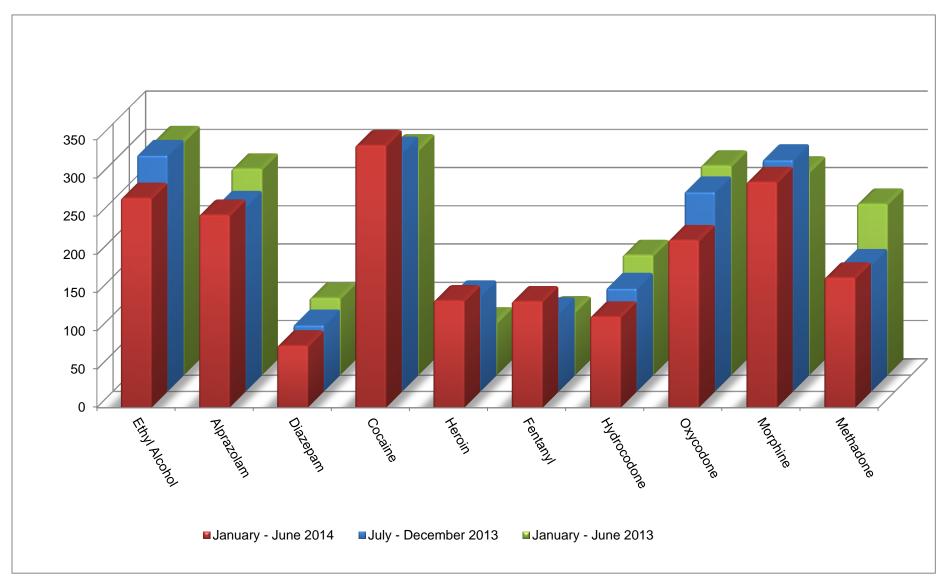
	DRUG PRESENT IN BODY	JANUARY-JUNE 2013	JANUARY-JUNE 2014	Percentage Change
Ŋ	Halogenated	19	15	*
Inhalants	Helium	10	12	*
hal	Hydrocarbon	5	4	*
=	Nitrous Oxide	1	0	*
	Buprenorphine	17	17	*
	Codeine	87	125	43.7%
	Fentanyl	135	199	47.4%
	Heroin	71	156	119.7%
"	Hydrocodone	421	339	-19.5%
Opioids	Hydromorphone	221	206	-6.8%
Opic	Meperidine	9	5	*
	Methadone	325	245	-24.6%
	Morphine	457	525	14.9%
	Oxycodone	535	470	-12.2%
	Oxymorphone	124	121	-2.4%
	Tramadol	224	301	34.4%
	Cannabinoids	401	492	22.7%
	Carisoprodol/Meprobamate	127	91	-28.3%
	Cathinones	42	72	71.4%
<u> </u>	Cocaine	666	725	8.9%
Other	GHB	0	1	*
O	Ketamine	7	13	*
	Sympathomimetic Amines	15	12	*
	Synthetic Cannabinoids	16	2	*
	Zolpidem	157	114	-27.4%

^{*}Due to the small number of occurrences, percent changes were not calculated.

Note: Many of the deaths were found to have several drugs contributing to the death, thus the count of specific drugs listed is greater than the number of cases.

Drug Caused Deaths

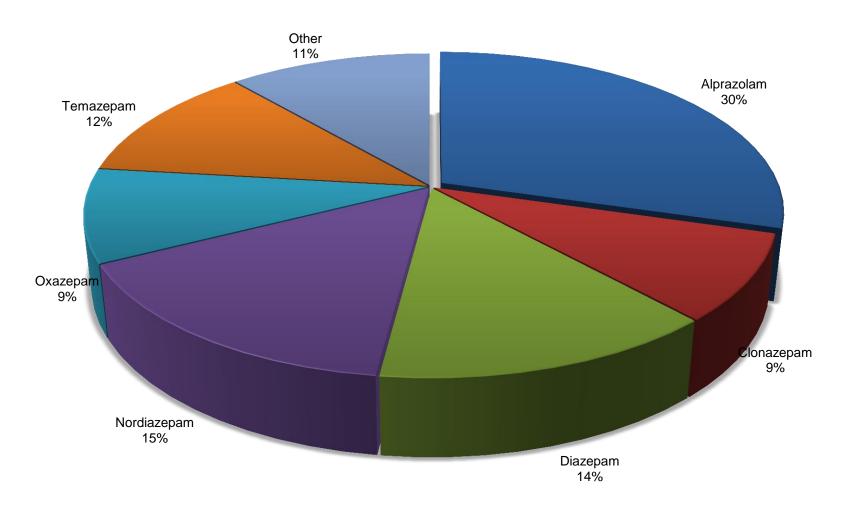
January 2013 - June 2014



Note: Not all drugs are included in the above chart.

Frequency of Occurrence of Benzodiazepines

January – June 2014



Other category includes Chlordiazepoxide, Lorazepam, and Midazolam, as well as Estazolam, Flunitrazepam, Flurazepam and Triazolam, which individually constituted less than 1% of all occurrences.

Alprazolam DeathsJanuary – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida			
District	Area of Florida		
1	Pensacola		
2	Tallahassee		
3	Live Oak		
4	Jacksonville		
5	Leesburg		
6	St. Petersburg		
7	Daytona Beach		
8	Gainesville		
9	Orlando		
10	Lakeland		
11	Miami		
12	Sarasota		
13	Tampa		
14	Panama City		
15	West Palm Bch		
16	Florida Keys		
17	Ft. Lauderdale		
18	Melbourne		
19	Ft. Pierce		
20	Naples		
21	Ft. Myers		
22	Port Charlotte		
23	St. Augustine		
24	Sanford		
Statewide Totals			

Total Deaths with Alprazolam				
Total	Cause	Present		
27	19	8		
8	3	5		
6	3	3		
48	19	29		
39	15	24		
65	41	24		
15	1	14		
10	5	5		
46	12	34		
24	8	16		
56	17	39		
22	11	11		
34	18	16		
17	7	10		
40	28	12		
2	0	2		
29	20	9		
22	10	12		
22	4	18		
6	2	4		
11	0	11		
11	3	8		
9	4	5		
8	2	6		
577	252	325		

Deaths w	Deaths with Alprazolam Only				
Total	Cause	Present			
0	0	0			
0	0	0			
0	0	0			
4	1	3			
8	4	4			
2	0	2			
0	0	0			
1	1	0			
2	0	2			
3	1	2			
6	0	6			
2	0	2			
3	0	3			
0	0	0			
0	0	0			
0	0	0			
5	2	3			
1	0	1			
5	0	5			
0	0	0			
0	0	0			
1	0	1			
1	0	1			
0	0	0			
44	9	35			

Deaths with Alprazolam in Combination with Other Drugs				
Total	Cause	Present		
27	19	8		
8	3	5		
6	3	3		
44	18	26		
31	11	20		
63	41	22		
15	1	14		
9	4	5		
44	12	32		
21	7	14		
50	17	33		
20	11	9		
31	18	13		
17	7	10		
40	28	12		
2	0	2		
24	18	6		
21	10	11		
17	4	13		
6	2	4		
11	0	11		
10	3	7		
8	4	4		
8	2	6		
533	243	290		

Alprazolam Deaths by Age January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida			
District	Area of Florida	Total	
1	Pensacola	27	
2	Tallahassee	8	
3	Live Oak	6	
4	Jacksonville	48	
5	Leesburg	39	
6	St. Petersburg	65	
7	Daytona Beach	15	
8	Gainesville	10	
9	Orlando	46	
10	Lakeland	24	
11	Miami	56	
12	Sarasota	22	
13	Tampa	34	
14	Panama City	17	
15	West Palm Bch	40	
16	Florida Keys	2	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	29	
18	Melbourne	22	
19	Ft. Pierce	22	
20	Naples	6	
21	Ft. Myers	11	
22	Port Charlotte	11	
23	St. Augustine	9	
24	Sanford	8	
State	ewide Totals	577	

	Alprazolam Caused Death				
		Age of D	ecedent		
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
19	0	1	4	7	7
3	0	0	1	1	1
3	0	0	0	2	1
19	1	1	5	4	8
15	0	0	4	5	6
41	0	4	7	18	12
1	0	0	0	1	0
5	0	0	1	2	2
12	0	1	1	7	3
8	0	0	2	1	5
17	0	2	5	5	5
11	0	0	3	6	2
18	0	3	4	7	4
7	0	0	1	4	2
28	0	5	8	7	8
0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	2	3	8	7
10	0	0	1	4	5
4	0	0	0	1	3
2	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	1	2
4	0	0	0	1	3
2	0	0	1	0	1
252	1	19	52	93	87

Alprazolam Present at Death					
		Age of De	ecedent		
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
8	0	2	2	3	1
5	0	0	2	1	2
3	0	0	1	2	0
29	0	2	6	8	13
24	0	1	6	8	9
24	0	0	2	8	14
14	0	0	3	5	6
5	0	1	0	2	2
34	1	7	8	10	8
16	0	1	2	3	10
39	1	3	6	9	20
11	0	0	2	3	6
16	0	1	1	3	11
10	0	2	0	5	3
12	0	2	2	2	6
2	0	0	0	1	1
9	0	1	2	2	4
12	0	1	0	4	7
18	0	2	4	6	6
4	0	0	2	0	2
11	0	0	1	5	5
8	0	0	0	3	5
5	0	1	0	0	4
6	0	0	4	2	0
325	2	27	56	95	145

Diazepam Deaths

January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	
1	Pensacola	
2	Tallahassee	
3	Live Oak	
4	Jacksonville	
5	Leesburg	
6	St. Petersburg	
7	Daytona Beach	
8	Gainesville	
9	Orlando	
10	Lakeland	
11	Miami	
12	Sarasota	
13	Tampa	
14	Panama City	
15	West Palm Bch	
16	Florida Keys	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	
18	Melbourne	
19	Ft. Pierce	
20	Naples	
21	Ft. Myers	
22	Port Charlotte	
23	St. Augustine	
24	Sanford	
Statewide Totals		

Total Deaths with Diazepam			
Total	Cause	Present	
10	6	4	
3	0	3	
2	0	2	
18	2	16	
13	0	13	
40	20	20	
4	0	4	
1	0	1	
18	4	14	
11	1	10	
15	3	12	
5	4	1	
12	4	8	
2	1	1	
34	16	18	
0	0	0	
13	7	6	
19	7	12	
11	0	11	
5	1	4	
14	4	10	
5	1	4	
13	0	13	
2	0	2	
270	81	189	

Deaths with Diazepam Only			
Total	Cause	Present	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
2	0	2	
0	0	0	
1	0	1	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
1	0	1	
1	0	1	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
2	0	2	
0	0	0	
1	0	1	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
1	0	1	
0	0	0	
9	0	9	

Deaths with Diazepam in Combination with Other Drugs			
Total	Cause	Present	
10	6	4	
3	0	3	
2	0	2	
16	2	14	
13	0	13	
39	20	19	
4	0	4	
1	0	1	
18	4	14	
10	1	9	
14	3	11	
5	4	1	
12	4	8	
2	1	1	
32	16	16	
0	0	0	
12	7	5	
19	7	12	
11	0	11	
5	1	4	
14	4	10	
5	1	4	
12	0	12	
2	0	2	
261	81	180	

Diazepam Deaths by Age January – June 2014

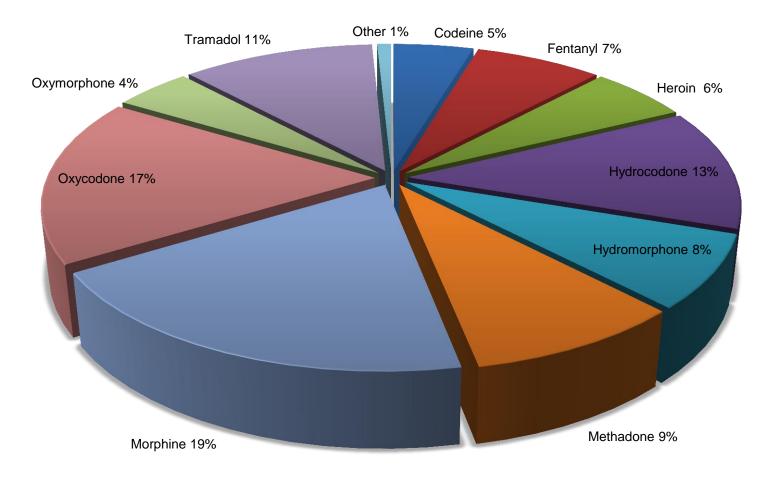
Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida			
District	Area of Florida	Total	
1	Pensacola	10	
2	Tallahassee	3	
3	Live Oak	2	
4	Jacksonville	18	
5	Leesburg	13	
6	St. Petersburg	40	
7	Daytona Beach	4	
8	Gainesville	1	
9	Orlando	18	
10	Lakeland	11	
11	Miami	15	
12	Sarasota	5	
13	Tampa	12	
14	Panama City	2	
15	West Palm Beach	34	
16	Florida Keys	0	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	13	
18	Melbourne	19	
19	Ft. Pierce	11	
20	Naples	5	
21	Ft. Myers	14	
22	Port Charlotte	5	
23	St. Augustine	13	
24	Sanford	2	
Statewide Totals 270			

	Dia	zepam Ca	used Dea	ath	
		Age of D	ecedent		
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
6	0	0	0	3	3
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	1	5	9	5
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	1	2	1
1	0	0	0	0	1
3	0	0	0	2	1
4	0	0	1	2	1
4	0	0	1	1	2
1	0	0	0	0	1
16	0	1	1	5	9
0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	1	1	5
7	0	1	1	3	2
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	1
4	0	0	0	3	1
1	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
81	0	3	12	31	35

	Diaze	pam Pre	sent at D	eath	
		Age of D	ecedent		
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
4	0	0	1	2	1
3	0	0	0	0	3
2	0	1	0	0	1
16	0	1	4	5	6
13	0	0	3	4	6
20	1	0	2	6	11
4	0	0	0	0	4
1	0	0	0	1	0
14	0	0	1	7	6
10	0	0	1	2	7
12	0	2	1	5	4
1	0	1	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	2	6
1	0	1	0	0	0
18	1	1	1	5	10
0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	3	3
12	0	0	0	7	5
11	0	1	0	4	6
4	0	0	1	1	2
10	0	0	0	4	6
4	0	0	1	0	3
13	0	0	0	4	9
2	0	0	0	2	0
189	2	8	16	64	99

Frequency of Occurrence of Opioids

January – June 2014



Other category includes Buprenorphine and Meperidine, which individually constituted less than 1% of all occurrences.

Oxycodone Deaths January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	
1	Pensacola	
2	Tallahassee	
3	Live Oak	
4	Jacksonville	
5	Leesburg	
6	St. Petersburg	
7	Daytona Beach	
8	Gainesville	
9	Orlando	
10	Lakeland	
11	Miami	
12	Sarasota	
13	Tampa	
14	Panama City	
15	West Palm Bch	
16	Florida Keys	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	
18	Melbourne	
19	Ft. Pierce	
20	Naples	
21	Ft. Myers	
22	Port Charlotte	
23	St. Augustine	
24	Sanford	
Statewide Totals		

Total Deaths with Oxycodone			
Total	Cause	Present	
15	8	7	
4	0	4	
5	1	4	
40	13	27	
25	12	13	
70	43	27	
14	8	6	
11	5	6	
40	17	23	
18	6	12	
36	10	26	
4	3	1	
23	10	13	
6	3	3	
35	21	14	
3	0	3	
22	16	6	
33	17	16	
25	10	15	
8	2	6	
15	9	6	
3	2	1	
10	1	9	
5	2	3	
470	219	251	

Deaths with Oxycodone Only			
Total	Cause	Present	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
1	0	1	
5	1	4	
2	2	0	
6	2	4	
2	0	2	
4	2	2	
3	0	3	
4	1	3	
4	1	3	
0	0	0	
2	0	2	
0	0	0	
3	0	3	
0	0	0	
4	3	1	
2	0	2	
3	0	3	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
1	0	1	
46	12	34	

Deaths with Oxycodone in Combination with Other Drugs					
Total	Cause	Present			
15	8	7			
4	0	4			
4	1	3			
35	12	23			
23	10	13			
64	41	23			
12	8	4			
7	3	4			
37	17	20			
14	5	9			
32	9	23			
4	3	1			
21	10	11			
6	3	3			
32	21	11			
3	0	3			
18	13	5			
31	17	14			
22	10	12			
8	2	6			
15	9	6			
3	2	1			
10	1	9			
4	2	2			
424	207	217			

Oxycodone Deaths by Age January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida			
District	Area of Florida	Total	
1	Pensacola	15	
2	Tallahassee	4	
3	Live Oak	5	
4	Jacksonville	40	
5	Leesburg	25	
6	St. Petersburg	70	
7	Daytona Beach	14	
8	Gainesville	11	
9	Orlando	40	
10	Lakeland	18	
11	Miami	36	
12	Sarasota	4	
13	Tampa	23	
14	Panama City	6	
15	West Palm Bch	35	
16	Florida Keys	3	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	22	
18	Melbourne	33	
19	Ft. Pierce	25	
20	Naples	8	
21	Ft. Myers	15	
22	Port Charlotte	3	
23	St. Augustine	10	
24	Sanford	5	
Statewide Totals 470			

	Oxycodone Caused Death					
	Age of Decedent					
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
8	0	0	0	5	3	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
13	1	1	3	5	3	
12	0	0	0	3	9	
43	0	3	6	19	15	
8	0	0	2	3	3	
5	0	0	0	2	3	
17	0	1	2	8	6	
6	0	0	0	1	5	
10	0	1	2	3	4	
3	0	0	2	1	0	
10	0	3	2	1	4	
3	0	0	0	0	3	
21	0	4	5	2	10	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
16	0	1	2	4	9	
17	0	1	3	5	8	
10	0	1	0	3	6	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
9	1	0	3	3	2	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
2	0	1	0	1	0	
219	2	17	32	73	95	

Oxycodone Present at Death					
Age of Decedent					
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
7	0	0	2	2	3
4	0	0	1	0	3
4	0	1	1	1	1
27	0	3	5	12	7
13	0	0	5	3	5
27	0	2	5	5	15
6	0	0	0	1	5
6	0	0	0	2	4
23	0	1	6	6	10
12	0	0	3	1	8
26	0	1	1	4	20
1	0	0	0	0	1
13	0	0	2	4	7
3	0	0	0	2	1
14	0	1	1	1	11
3	0	1	0	1	1
6	0	0	1	1	4
16	0	0	2	6	8
15	0	2	1	2	10
6	0	1	1	1	3
6	0	0	0	1	5
1	0	0	1	0	0
9	0	0	1	1	7
3	0	0	0	3	0
251	0	13	39	60	139

Hydrocodone DeathsJanuary – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida			
District	Area of Florida		
1	Pensacola		
2	Tallahassee		
3	Live Oak		
4	Jacksonville		
5	Leesburg		
6	St. Petersburg		
7	Daytona Beach		
8	Gainesville		
9	Orlando		
10	Lakeland		
11	Miami		
12	Sarasota		
13	Tampa		
14	Panama City		
15	West Palm Bch		
16	Florida Keys		
17	Ft. Lauderdale		
18	Melbourne		
19	Ft. Pierce		
20	Naples		
21	Ft. Myers		
22	Port Charlotte		
23	St. Augustine		
24 Sanford			
Statewide Totals			

Total Deaths with Hydrocodone			
Total	Cause	Present	
15	3	12	
7	3	4	
6	1	5	
43	18	25	
23	10	13	
48	22	26	
16	3	13	
3	0	3	
32	9	23	
13	5	8	
14	3	11	
6	3	3	
22	7	15	
10	3	7	
14	6	8	
4	1	3	
13	11	2	
10	2	8	
11	1	10	
3	2	1	
9	1	8	
3	1	2	
10	2	8	
4	2	2	
339	119	220	

Deaths with Hydrocodone Only			
Total	Cause	Present	
0	0	0	
2	1	1	
2	0	2	
8	1	7	
6	1	5	
7	1	6	
2	0	2	
0	0	0	
10	0	10	
2	0	2	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
6	0	6	
1	0	1	
1	0	1	
1	0	1	
1	1	0	
2	1	1	
5	0	5	
0	0	0	
2	0	2	
0	0	0	
1	0	1	
0	0	0	
59	6	53	

Deaths with Hydrocodone in Combination with Other Drugs				
Total	Cause	Present		
15	3	12		
5	2	3		
4	1	3		
35	17	18		
17	9	8		
41	21	20		
14	3	11		
3	0	3		
22	9	13		
11	5	6		
14	3	11		
6	3	3		
16	7	9		
9	3	6		
13	6	7		
3	1	2		
12	10	2		
8	1	7		
6	1	5		
3	2	1		
7	1	6		
3	1	2		
9	2	7		
4	2	2		
280	113	167		

Hydrocodone Deaths by AgeJanuary – June 2014

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	15
2	Tallahassee	7
3	Live Oak	6
4	Jacksonville	43
5	Leesburg	23
6	St. Petersburg	48
7	Daytona Beach	16
8	Gainesville	3
9	Orlando	32
10	Lakeland	13
11	Miami	14
12	Sarasota	6
13	Tampa	22
14	Panama City	10
15	West Palm Bch	14
16	Florida Keys	4
17	Ft. Lauderdale	13
18	Melbourne	10
19	Ft. Pierce	11
20	Naples	3
21	Ft. Myers	9
22	Port Charlotte	3
23	St. Augustine	10
24	Sanford	4
Statewide Totals 339		

	Hydrocodone Caused Death				
		Age of D	ecedent		
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
3	0	0	1	0	2
3	0	0	0	2	1
1	0	0	0	1	0
18	0	0	3	3	12
10	0	1	0	4	5
22	0	2	4	8	8
3	0	0	0	1	2
0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	6	3
5	0	0	0	1	4
3	0	0	2	0	1
3	0	0	0	1	2
7	0	0	0	2	5
3	0	0	0	3	0
6	0	1	1	1	3
1	0	0	0	0	1
11	0	0	3	4	4
2	0	0	0	2	0
1	0	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	0	0	2
2	0	0	1	1	0
119	0	4	15	41	59

Hydrocodone Present at Death					
Age of Decedent					
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
12	0	1	4	5	2
4	0	1	0	0	3
5	0	0	1	2	2
25	0	0	5	7	13
13	0	0	1	4	8
26	0	1	1	8	16
13	1	0	0	2	10
3	0	0	1	1	1
23	0	1	0	4	18
8	0	0	1	2	5
11	0	0	2	3	6
3	0	0	0	0	3
15	0	0	1	4	10
7	0	0	1	2	4
8	0	0	2	1	5
3	0	0	0	0	3
2	0	0	0	1	1
8	0	0	0	2	6
10	0	0	0	2	8
1	0	0	0	0	1
8	0	0	0	4	4
2	0	0	0	2	0
8	0	0	1	2	5
2	0	0	0	1	1
220	1	4	21	59	135

Methadone Deaths

January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	
1	Pensacola	
2	Tallahassee	
3	Live Oak	
4	Jacksonville	
5	Leesburg	
6	St. Petersburg	
7	Daytona Beach	
8	Gainesville	
9	Orlando	
10	Lakeland	
11	Miami	
12	Sarasota	
13	Tampa	
14	Panama City	
15	West Palm Bch	
16	Florida Keys	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	
18	Melbourne	
19	Ft. Pierce	
20	Naples	
21	Ft. Myers	
22	Port Charlotte	
23	St. Augustine	
24	Sanford	
Statewide Totals		

Total Deaths with Methadone			
Total	Cause	Present	
10	8	2	
4	2	2	
4	4	0	
17	13	4	
25	18	7	
42	33	9	
4	3	1	
5	4	1	
18	9	9	
5	3	2	
2	0	2	
5	3	2	
26	22	4	
6	2	4	
12	8	4	
0	0	0	
9	5	4	
17	11	6	
5	3	2	
4	3	1	
12	7	5	
1	0	1	
7	5	2	
5	4	1	
245	170	75	

Deaths with Methadone Only			
Total	Cause	Present	
1	0	1	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
1	1	0	
2	2	0	
5	5	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
2	0	2	
1	1	0	
1	0	1	
0	0	0	
7	6	1	
0	0	0	
2	1	1	
0	0	0	
4	2	2	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
1	1	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
2	2	0	
29	21	8	

Deaths with Methadone in					
Combinat	Combination with Other Drugs				
Total	Cause	Present			
9	8	1			
4	2	2			
4	4	0			
16	12	4			
23	16	7			
37	28	9			
4	3	1			
5	4	1			
16	9	7			
4	2	2			
1	0	1			
5	3	2			
19	16	3			
6	2 7	4			
10	7	3			
0	0	0			
5	3	2			
17	11	6			
5	3	2			
3	2	1			
12	7	5			
1	0	1			
7	5	2			
3	2	1			
216	149	67			

Methadone Deaths by Age January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida			
District	Area of Florida	Total	
1	Pensacola	10	
2	Tallahassee	4	
3	Live Oak	4	
4	Jacksonville	17	
5	Leesburg	25	
6	St. Petersburg	42	
7	Daytona Beach	4	
8	Gainesville	5	
9	Orlando	18	
10	Lakeland	5	
11	Miami	2	
12	Sarasota	5	
13	Tampa	26	
14	Panama City	6	
15	West Palm Bch	12	
16	Florida Keys	0	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	9	
18	Melbourne	17	
19	Ft. Pierce	5	
20	Naples	4	
21	Ft. Myers	12	
22	Port Charlotte	1	
23	St. Augustine	7	
24	Sanford	5	
State	Statewide Totals 245		

	Methadone Caused Death				
		Age of D	ecedent		
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
8	0	1	1	4	2
2	0	0	1	1	0
4	0	0	1	1	2
13	1	0	3	5	4
18	0	0	3	9	6
33	0	5	7	13	8
3	0	0	1	2	0
4	0	0	0	2	2
9	0	0	5	2	2
3	0	0	0	2	1
0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	1	2	0
22	0	2	4	10	6
2	0	0	2	0	0
8	0	0	1	3	4
0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	3	1	1
11	0	1	3	3	4
3	0	0	1	2	0
3	0	1	1	0	1
7	0	0	2	4	1
0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	1	1	3
4	0	1	0	2	1
170	1	11	41	69	48

Methadone Present at Death					
		Age of D	ecedent		
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
2	0	0	0	0	2
2	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	2	2	0
7	0	0	1	4	2
9	0	0	5	2	2
1	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0
9	0	2	1	4	2
2	0	0	0	0	2
2	1	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	1	0	1
4	0	1	0	1	2
4	0	1	1	1	1
4	0	1	1	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	1	3
6	0	0	1	1	4
2	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0
5	0	0	2	1	2
1	0	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0
75	1	7	19	19	29

Morphine Deaths

January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	
1	Pensacola	
2	Tallahassee	
3	Live Oak	
4	Jacksonville	
5	Leesburg	
6	St. Petersburg	
7	Daytona Beach	
8	Gainesville	
9	Orlando	
10	Lakeland	
11	Miami	
12	Sarasota	
13	Tampa	
14	Panama City	
15	West Palm Bch	
16	Florida Keys	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	
18	Melbourne	
19	Ft. Pierce	
20	Naples	
21	Ft. Myers	
22	Port Charlotte	
23	St. Augustine	
24	Sanford	
Statewide Totals		

Total Deaths with Morphine			
Total	Cause	Present	
15	10	5	
4	0	4	
2	2	0	
34	21	13	
20	9	11	
42	23	19	
8	3	5	
10	4	6	
87	47	40	
24	10	14	
59	20	39	
6	6	0	
28	22	6	
5	5	0	
44	35	9	
1	0	1	
39	29	10	
20	7	13	
22	15	7	
10	7	3	
21	12	9	
16	3	13	
5	4	1	
3	1	2	
525	295	230	

Deaths with Morphine Only		
Total	Cause	Present
1	0	1
1	0	1
0	0	0
3	2	1
1	1	0
4	2	2
0	0	0
0	0	0
7	2	5
1	0	1
4	0	4
1	1	0
7	5	2
1	1	0
2	1	1
0	0	0
9	4	5
1	0	1
1	1	0
0	0	0
1	0	1
3	0	3
1	0	1
0	0	0
49	20	29

Deaths with Morphine in Combination with Other Drugs			
Total	Cause	Present	
14	10	4	
3	0	3	
2	2	0	
31	19	12	
19	8	11	
38	21	17	
8	3	5	
10	4	6	
80	45	35	
23	10	13	
55	20	35	
5	5	0	
21	17	4	
4	4	0	
42	34	8	
1	0	1	
30	25	5	
19	7	12	
21	14	7	
10	7	3	
20	12	8	
13	3	10	
4	4	0	
3	1	2	
476	275	201	

Morphine Deaths by Age January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	15
2	Tallahassee	4
3	Live Oak	2
4	Jacksonville	34
5	Leesburg	20
6	St. Petersburg	42
7	Daytona Beach	8
8	Gainesville	10
9	Orlando	87
10	Lakeland	24
11	Miami	59
12	Sarasota	6
13	Tampa	28
14	Panama City	5
15	West Palm Bch	44
16	Florida Keys	1
17	Ft. Lauderdale	39
18	Melbourne	20
19	Ft. Pierce	22
20	Naples	10
21	Ft. Myers	21
22	Port Charlotte	16
23	St. Augustine	5
24	Sanford	3
Statewide Totals 525		

	Moi	rphine Ca	used Dea	ath	
	Age of Decedent				
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
10	0	0	7	1	2
0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	1	1
21	0	2	6	8	5
9	0	1	5	1	2
23	0	1	4	6	12
3	0	1	0	0	2
4	0	0	1	0	3
47	1	9	7	20	10
10	0	0	2	2	6
20	0	4	10	3	3
6	0	0	0	4	2
22	0	0	6	6	10
5	0	0	0	1	4
35	0	6	10	10	9
0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	4	7	9	9
7	0	0	1	5	1
15	0	1	2	4	8
7	0	1	1	3	2
12	0	1	5	4	2
3	0	1	0	0	2
4	0	0	2	0	2
1	0	0	1	0	0
295	1	32	77	88	97

Morphine Present at Death					
		Age of D	ecedent		
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
5	0	1	0	1	3
4	0	0	1	0	3
0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	1	3	7	2
11	0	1	3	3	4
19	0	0	4	3	12
5	0	0	0	0	5
6	0	0	0	1	5
40	1	3	7	7	22
14	0	1	3	4	6
39	0	1	5	7	26
0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	1	5
0	0	0	0	0	0
9	1	1	1	1	5
1	0	0	0	1	0
10	0	0	0	3	7
13	0	0	1	3	9
7	0	1	0	2	4
3	0	0	1	0	2
9	0	1	2	2	4
13	0	0	0	2	11
1	0	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	0	1	1
230	2	11	31	49	137

Fentanyl DeathsJanuary – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	
1	Pensacola	
2	Tallahassee	
3	Live Oak	
4	Jacksonville	
5	Leesburg	
6	St. Petersburg	
7	Daytona Beach	
8	Gainesville	
9	Orlando	
10	Lakeland	
11	Miami	
12	Sarasota	
13	Tampa	
14	Panama City	
15	West Palm Bch	
16	Florida Keys	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	
18	Melbourne	
19	Ft. Pierce	
20	Naples	
21	Ft. Myers	
22	Port Charlotte	
23	St. Augustine	
24	Sanford	
Statewide Totals		

Total Deaths with Fentanyl			
Total	Cause	Present	
3	2	1	
4	2	2	
0	0	0	
11	9	2	
7	5	2	
16	14	2	
4	2	2	
4	2	2	
35	18	17	
4	0	4	
9	7	2	
4	4	0	
7	6	1	
3	2	1	
39	37	2	
0	0	0	
21	13	8	
6	3	3	
9	3	6	
1	1	0	
3	2	1	
5	4	1	
0	0	0	
4	3	1	
199	139	60	

Deaths with Fentanyl Only			
Total	Cause	Present	
0	0	0	
1	1	0	
0	0	0	
1	1	0	
2	1	1	
3	3	0	
1	0	1	
1	0	1	
6	2	4	
1	0	1	
1	1	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
1	0	1	
7	7	0	
0	0	0	
6	3	3	
0	0	0	
2	1	1	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
0	0	0	
1	1	0	
34	21	13	

Deaths with Fentanyl in Combination with Other Drugs			
Total	Cause	Present	
3	2	1	
3	1	2	
0	0	0	
10	8	2	
5	4	1	
13	11	2	
3	2	1	
3	2	1	
29	16	13	
3	0	3	
8	6	2	
4	4	0	
7	6	1	
2	2	0	
32	30	2	
0	0	0	
15	10	5	
6	3	3	
7	2	5	
1	1	0	
3	2	1	
5	4	1	
0	0	0	
3	2	1	
165	118	47	

Fentanyl Deaths by AgeJanuary – June 2014

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida			
District	Area of Florida	Total	
1	Pensacola	3	
2	Tallahassee	4	
3	Live Oak	0	
4	Jacksonville	11	
5	Leesburg	7	
6	St. Petersburg	16	
7	Daytona Beach	4	
8	Gainesville	4	
9	Orlando	35	
10	Lakeland	4	
11	Miami	9	
12	Sarasota	4	
13	Tampa	7	
14	Panama City	3	
15	West Palm Bch	39	
16	Florida Keys	0	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	21	
18	Melbourne	6	
19	Ft. Pierce	9	
20	Naples	1	
21	Ft. Myers	3	
22	Port Charlotte	5	
23	St. Augustine	0	
24	Sanford	4	
Statewide Totals 199			

	Fer	ntanyl Ca	used Dea	th	
	Age of Decedent				
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
2	0	0	0	2	0
2	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	6	2	1
5	0	0	2	1	2
14	0	1	2	6	5
2	0	0	1	1	0
2	0	0	0	1	1
18	0	3	2	8	5
0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	2	2	3
4	0	0	0	4	0
6	0	0	1	2	3
2	0	0	0	1	1
37	0	4	16	12	5
0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	2	1	7	3
3	0	1	0	0	2
3	0	0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1	0
2	0	0	0	2	0
4	0	0	1	2	1
0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	3	0
139	0	12	36	58	33

	Fent	anyl Pres	ent at De	eath		
	Age of Decedent					
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
2	0	0	0	2	0	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
17	2	0	2	8	5	
4	0	0	0	1	3	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	2	4	2	
3	0	0	0	1	2	
6	0	0	0	2	4	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
1	0	0	1	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
60	2	0	5	20	33	

Heroin Deaths

January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	
1	Pensacola	
2	Tallahassee	
3	Live Oak	
4	Jacksonville	
5	Leesburg	
6	St. Petersburg	
7	Daytona Beach	
8	Gainesville	
9	Orlando	
10	Lakeland	
11	Miami	
12	Sarasota	
13	Tampa	
14	Panama City	
15	West Palm Bch	
16	Florida Keys	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	
18	Melbourne	
19	Ft. Pierce	
20	Naples	
21	Ft. Myers	
22	Port Charlotte	
23	St. Augustine	
24	Sanford	
Stat	ewide Totals	

Total Deaths with Heroin			
Total	Cause	Present	
6	6	0	
2	2	0	
0	0	0	
8	8	0	
8	8	0	
4	4	0	
2	2	0	
0	0	0	
37	31	6	
5	3	2	
20	16	4	
4	4	0	
9	9	0	
0	0	0	
12	12	0	
0	0	0	
11	10	1	
1	1	0	
4	4	0	
3	3	0	
12	9	3	
2	2	0	
0	0	0	
6	6	0	
156	140	16	

Deaths with Heroin Only				
Total	Cause	Present		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
1	1	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
4	4	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
0	0	0		
5 5 0				

Deaths with Heroin in Combination with Other Drugs			
Total	Cause	Present	
6	6	0	
2	2	0	
0	0	0	
7	7	0	
8	8	0	
4	4	0	
2	2	0	
0	0	0	
37	31	6	
5	3	2	
20	16	4	
4	4	0	
9	9	0	
0	0	0	
12	12	0	
0	0	0	
7	6	1	
1	1	0	
4	4	0	
3	3	0	
12	9	3	
2	2	0	
0	0	0	
6	6	0	
151	135	16	

Heroin Deaths by Age January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida			
District	Area of Florida	Total	
1	Pensacola	6	
2	Tallahassee	2	
3	Live Oak	0	
4	Jacksonville	8	
5	Leesburg	8	
6	St. Petersburg	4	
7	Daytona Beach	2	
8	Gainesville	0	
9	Orlando	37	
10	Lakeland	5	
11	Miami	20	
12	Sarasota	4	
13	Tampa	9	
14	Panama City	0	
15	West Palm Bch	12	
16	Florida Keys	0	
17	Ft. Lauderdale	11	
18	Melbourne	1	
19	Ft. Pierce	4	
20	Naples	3	
21	Ft. Myers	12	
22	Port Charlotte	2	
23	St. Augustine	0	
24	Sanford	6	
Statewide Totals 156			

	Heroin Caused Death					
Age of Decedent						
Total	< 18					
6	0	0	4	1	1	
2	0	0	1	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	3	2	3	0	
8	0	1	5	2	0	
4	0	1	1	1	1	
2	0	0	1	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
31	1	6	6	15	3	
3	0	1	2	0	0	
16	0	4	9	2	1	
4	0	0	0	3	1	
9	0	0	3	4	2	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
12	0	5	3	3	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
10	0	1	4	3	2	
1	0	0	1	0	0	
4	0	0	2	2	0	
3	0	1	0	2	0	
9	0	0	4	4	1	
2	0	1	0	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	0	0	3	3	0	
140	1	24	51	50	14	

Heroin Present at Death					
Age of Decedent					
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	2	3	1	0
2	0	0	1	1	0
4	0	0	1	1	2
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	1	1	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	3	6	5	2

Cocaine Deaths

January – June 2014

Medical Examiner District & Area of Florida				
District	Area of Florida			
1	Pensacola			
2	Tallahassee			
3	Live Oak			
4	Jacksonville			
5	Leesburg			
6	St. Petersburg			
7	Daytona Beach			
8	Gainesville			
9	Orlando			
10	Lakeland			
11	Miami			
12	Sarasota			
13	Tampa			
14	Panama City			
15 West Palm Bch				
16 Florida Keys				
17	Ft. Lauderdale			
18	Melbourne			
19	Ft. Pierce			
20	Naples			
21	Ft. Myers			
22	Port Charlotte			
23	St. Augustine			
24 Sanford				
Statewide Totals				

Total Deaths with Cocaine				
Total	Cause	Present		
30	11	19		
9	2	7		
4	1	3		
52	23	29		
27	13	14		
50	28	22		
18	6	12		
15	9	6		
83	38	45		
19	10	9		
107	47	60		
20	11	9		
37	13	24		
9	2	7		
71	40	31		
2	1	1		
51	36	15		
26	16	10		
31	12	19		
15	9	6		
33	8	25		
5	0	5		
0	0	0		
11	7	4		
725	343	382		

Deaths with Cocaine Only				
Total	Cause	Present		
2	0	2		
0	0	0		
1	0	1		
4	4	0		
4	2	2		
9	3	6		
5	3	2		
3	1	2		
19	9	10		
6	2	4		
21	10	11		
3	2	1		
12	3	9		
0	0	0		
7	5	2		
0	0	0		
10	9	1		
8	5	3		
6	2	4		
3	2	1		
2	0 2			
0	0 0			
0	0 0			
3	2 1			
128 64		64		

Deaths with Cocaine in Combination with Other Drugs						
Total	Cause	Present				
28	11	17				
9	2	7				
3	1	2				
48	19	29				
23	11	12				
41	25	16				
13	3	10				
12	8	4				
64	29	35				
13	8	5				
86	37	49				
17	9	8				
25	10	15				
9	2	7				
64	35	29				
2	1	1				
41	27	14				
18	11	7				
25	10	15				
12	7	5				
31	8	23				
5	0	5				
0	0	0				
8	5	3				
597	279	318				

Cocaine Deaths by Age

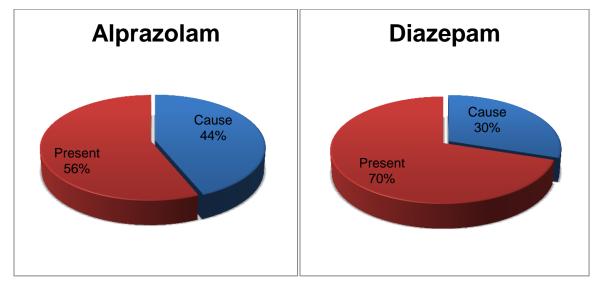
January – June 2014

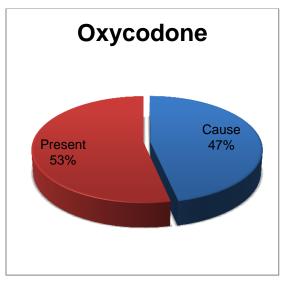
Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida				
District	Area of Florida	Total		
1	Pensacola	30		
2	Tallahassee	9		
3	Live Oak	4		
4	Jacksonville	52		
5	Leesburg	27		
6	St. Petersburg	50		
7	Daytona Beach	18		
8	Gainesville	15		
9	Orlando	83		
10	Lakeland	19		
11	Miami	107		
12	Sarasota	20		
13	Tampa	37		
14	Panama City	9		
15	West Palm Bch	71		
16	Florida Keys	2		
17	Ft. Lauderdale	51		
18	Melbourne	26		
19	Ft. Pierce	31		
20	Naples	15		
21	Ft. Myers	33		
22	Port Charlotte	5		
23	St. Augustine	0		
24 Sanford		11		
State	725			

Cocaine Caused Death					
Age of Decedent					
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
11	0	0	3	4	4
2	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0
23	0	2	5	10	6
13	0	0	4	4	5
28	0	4	4	9	11
6	0	0	3	2	1
9	0	0	1	4	4
38	0	3	9	11	15
10	0	0	2	4	4
47	0	5	12	13	17
11	0	0	2	6	3
13	0	2	3	4	4
2	0	0	0	1	1
40	0	6	8	11	15
1	0	1	0	0	0
36	0	4	10	13	9
16	0	1	2	6	7
12	0	1	1	2	8
9	0	1	1	3	4
8	0	0	3	4	1
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	2	3	2
343	0	30	76	116	121

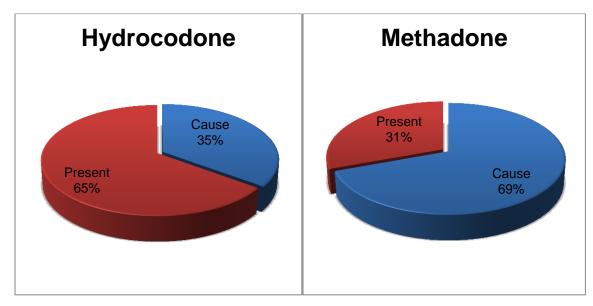
Cocaine Present at Death					
Age of Decedent					
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
19	0	4	7	5	3
7	0	2	3	1	1
3	0	0	0	2	1
29	0	1	12	10	6
14	0	1	3	5	5
22	0	6	6	5	5
12	0	1	2	4	5
6	0	1	2	2	1
45	1	4	17	16	7
9	0	3	1	2	3
60	1	4	17	22	16
9	0	2	4	1	2
24	0	4	3	8	9
7	0	1	3	1	2
31	0	4	8	14	5
1	0	0	0	0	1
15	1	2	3	6	3
10	0	1	1	3	5
19	0	3	5	4	7
6	0	1	3	1	1
25	0	1	10	12	2
5	0	1	1	2	1
0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	2	2	0	0
382	3	49	113	126	91

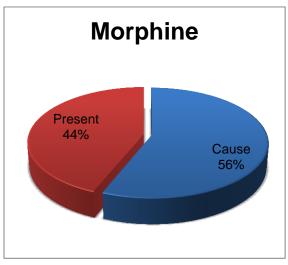
Drug Detected at Death: Cause vs. Present



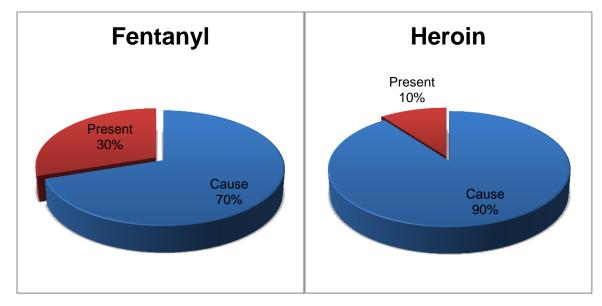


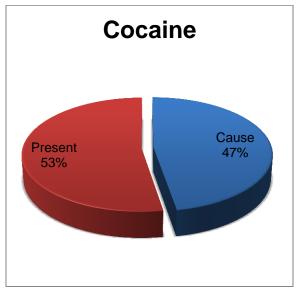
Drug Detected at Death: Cause vs. Present





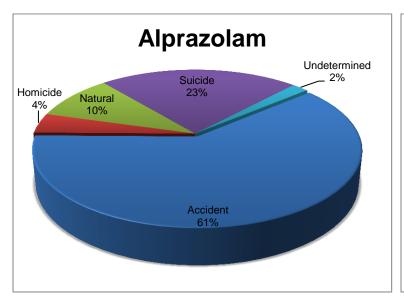
Drug Detected at Death: Cause vs. Present

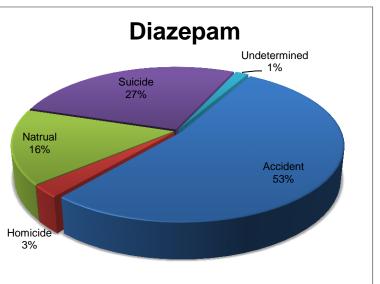


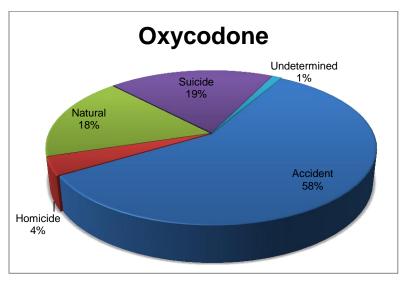


Manner of Death for Cases Reported

(Accident, Homicide, Natural, Suicide or Undetermined)

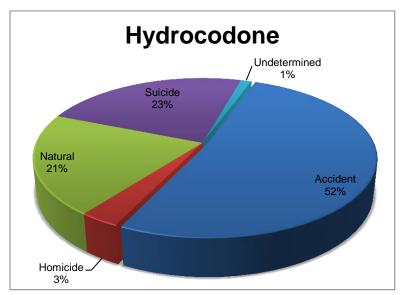


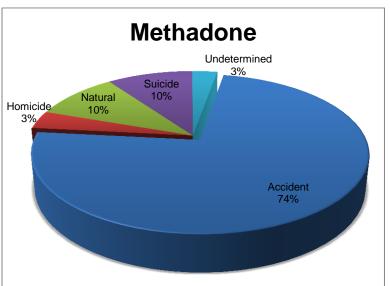


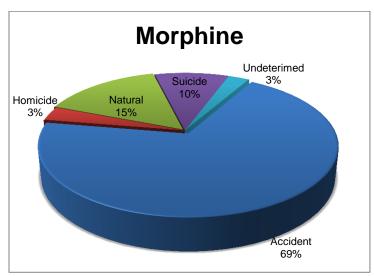


Manner of Death for Cases Reported

(Accident, Homicide, Natural, Suicide or Undetermined)

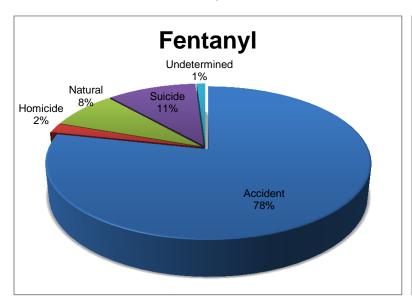


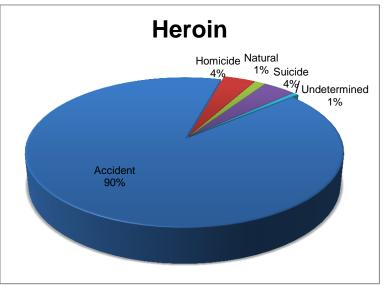


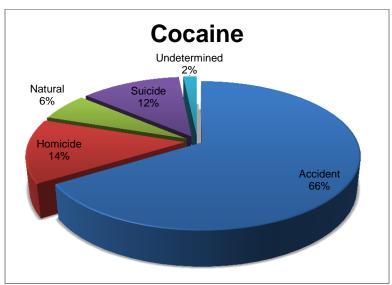


Manner of Death for Cases Reported

(Accident, Homicide, Natural, Suicide or Undetermined)







Glossary

Amphetamines – A group of synthetic psychoactive drugs called central nervous system (CNS) stimulants. The collective group of amphetamines includes amphetamine, dextroamphetamine, and methamphetamine. Methamphetamine is also known as "meth," "crank," "speed" and "tina."

Benzodiazepines – A family of sedative-hypnotic drugs indicated for the treatment of stress, anxiety, seizures and alcohol withdrawal.

Benzodiazepines are often referred to as "minor tranquilizers." Xanax (Alprazolam) and Valium (Diazepam) are the most commonly prescribed drugs in this drug class.

Buprenorphine – A semi-synthetic opioid known as Buprenex, Suboxone, and Subutex indicated for the treatment of opioid addiction and moderate to severe pain.

Cathinones - a family of drugs containing one or more synthetic chemicals related to cathinone, an amphetamine-like stimulant found naturally in the Khat plant. They are 'cousins' of the amphetamine family of drugs, which includes amphetamine, methamphetamine and MDMA (ecstasy). It often goes by the street name of "Molly."

Cannabinoids – A series of compounds found in the marijuana plant, the most psychoactive of which is THC, a strong, illicit hallucinogen. Street names for this drug are often associated with a geographic area from which it came but also include generic names like "ganja," "MJ," "ragweed," "reefer" and "grass."

Carisoprodol – Muscle relaxant indicated for the treatment of pain, muscle spasms and limited mobility. It is often abused in conjunction with analgesics for enhanced euphoric effect. It is marketed as Soma.

Cocaine – An illicit stimulant. Powdered cocaine goes by many street names including "C," "blow," "snow," and "nose candy," while freebase cocaine is mostly commonly known as "crack."

Ethanol – ethyl alcohol.

Fentanyl – Synthetic opioid analgesic (pain killer) supplied in transdermal patches and also available for oral, nasal, intravenous and spinal administration. Fentanyl is also available illicitly.

Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol) – Commonly referred to as a "date rape" drug. It is a sedative-hypnotic drug in the Benzodiazepine class. It often goes by the street name "roofies."

Glossary (Continued)

Gamma-Hydroxybutyric Acid (GHB) – A depressant, also known as a "date rape" drug. GHB often goes by the street name "easy lay," "scoop," "liquid X," "Georgia home boy" and "grievous bodily harm."

Hallucinogenic Phenethylamines/Piperazines – Includes such drugs as MDMA (Ecstasy, a hallucinogen), MDA (a psychedelic), MDEA (a psychedelic hallucinogenic) and Piperazine derivatives. Ecstasy has multiple street names including "E," "XTC," "love drug," and "clarity." MDMA is often also known by a large variety of embossed logos on the pills such as "Mitsubishis" and "Killer Bees."

Hallucinogenic Tryptamines – Natural tryptamines are commonly available in preparations of dried or brewed mushrooms, while tryptamine derivatives are sold in capsule, tablet, powder, or liquid forms. Street names include "Foxy-Methoxy", "alpha-O", and "5-MEO."

Halogenated Inhalants – Includes, but are not limited to, halogenated hydrocarbons, such as Freon, and similar halogenated substances typically used illicitly as inhalants.

Heroin – An illicit narcotic derivative. It is a semi-synthetic product of opium. Heroin also has multiple street names including "H," "hombre" and "smack."

Hydrocarbon Inhalants – Includes toluene, benzene, components of gasoline and other similar hydrocarbons typically used illicitly as inhalants.

Hydrocodone - A narcotic analgesic (pain killer). Vicodin and Lortab are two common drugs containing hydrocodone.

Hydromorphone – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer) used to treat moderate to severe pain. Marketed under the trade name Dilaudid, it is two to eight times more potent than morphine. Commonly used by abusers as a substitute for heroin.

Ketamine – An animal tranquilizer and a chemical relative of PCP. Street names for this drug include "special K," "vitamin K" and "cat valium."

Meperidine – A synthetic narcotic analgesic (pain killer) sold under the trade name Demerol, it is used for pre-anesthesia and the relief of moderate to severe pain.

Methadone – A synthetic narcotic analgesic (pain killer) commonly associated with Heroin detoxification and maintenance programs but it is also prescribed to treat severe pain. It has been increasingly prescribed in place of oxycodone for pain management. Dolophine is one form of methadone.

Glossary (Continued)

Morphine – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer) used to treat moderate to severe pain. MS (Morphine Sulfate), Kadian, and MS-Contin are the tablet forms; Roxanol is the liquid form.

Nitrous Oxide (N2O) – Also known as "laughing gas," this is an inhalant (gas) that produces light anesthesia and analgesia. "Whippets" are a common form of nitrous oxide.

Oxycodone – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer). OxyContin is one form of this drug and goes by the street name "OC." Percocet, Percodan, Roxicet, Tylox, and Roxicodone also contain Oxycodone.

Oxymorphone – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer), that is often prescribed as Opana, Numorphan and Numorphone.

Phencyclidine (PCP) – An illicit dissociative anesthetic/hallucinogen. Common street names for this drug include "angel dust," "ace," "DOA" and "wack."

Synthetic Cannabinoids – Synthetic cannabinoids are man-made chemicals that are applied (often sprayed) onto plant material to mimic the effect of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), the psychoactive ingredient in the naturally grown marijuana plant (cannabis sativa). Synthetic cannabinoids, commonly known as "synthetic marijuana", "Spice" or "K2", are often sold in retail outlets as "herbal incense" or "potpourri", and are labeled "not for human consumption."

Sympathomimetic Amines – A group of stimulants including phentermine (an appetite suppressant) and other sympathomimetic amines not tracked elsewhere in this report.

Tramadol – A synthetic narcotic analgesic sold under the trade name Ultram and Ultracet. Indications include the treatment of moderate to severe pain. It is a chemical analogue to Codeine. Not currently a scheduled drug.

Zolpidem – A prescription medication used for the short-term treatment of insomnia; it is commonly known as Ambien.